

November 17, 2015

Honorable Tim Burgess, President Seattle City Council 600 4th Avenue, Floor 2 Seattle, WA 98104

Dear Council President Burgess:

I am pleased to transmit the attached proposed ordinance, which will help ensure that the City of Seattle's labor standards are enforced with effective procedures. This proposed ordinance will ensure that workers quickly receive compensation owed by their employers when violations occur, and incentivize employers to follow the law and deter them from repeat violations.

The proposed ordinance was originally initiated as a response to City Council's 2015-2016 Statement of Legislative Intent requesting legislation to address wage theft by increasing penalties. Staff in the Mayor's Office and the Office of Labor Standards (OLS) subsequently took the opportunity to make further improvements to our labor standard laws. The goal was to harmonize the City's four labor standards (Paid Sick and Safe Time, Job Assistance Ordinance, Minimum Wage, and Wage Theft) to the extent possible, and reconceptualize how enforcement of these vital laws is conducted by OLS. The resulting proposal before you creates a cutting-edge set of tools and procedures that will ensure that the spirit and letter of these laws are upheld.

This proposal seeks to prevent wage theft from Seattle workers, quickly recover wages owed, allow for investigations that protect identifying information, and facilitate compliance with Seattle's labor standards by: (1) strengthening penalties and enforcement procedures; (2) harmonizing ordinance provisions; (3) adding new definitions and requirements; and (4) creating incentives for employers to resolve investigations quickly to ensure workers receive their owed compensation as soon as administratively possible.

The overall guiding philosophy behind this ordinance was to develop a system that ensures workers receive compensation due to them quickly, and also deter and penalize bad actors while maintaining flexibility of enforcement procedures so that genuine mistakes by employers are not unduly punished. After developing the ordinance – with the initial assistance of U.S. Department of Labor staff – city staff spent dozens of hours meeting with stakeholders representing workers, community groups, and businesses to refine the proposal now before you to ensure that these goals were met.

As an example of this approach, the private right of action which allows employees to seek redress through the courts is structured so that employees at larger companies with greater than 50 employees will have their right to legal action triggered in April 2016. Meanwhile, employees at companies with less than 50 employees will have their right triggered in April 2017. I am proposing this structure to allow the OLS Business Outreach and Education grants to be distributed to business associations and community groups in order to educate these small companies, which typically lack a formal HR or Legal department, so that they are fully aware of their legal obligations before they face the liability created by a private right of action.

In order to ensure that workers in the City of Seattle receive the compensation and benefits our ordinances entitle them to have, I ask you and other members of the Seattle City Council to adopt this ordinance as soon as possible. Thank you for your consideration of this proposal. Should you have questions, please contact David B. Mendoza at (206) 386-1256.

Sincerely,

Edward B. Murray Mayor, City of Seattle

Cc: Seattle City Council

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1	CITY OF SEATTLE
2	ORDINANCE
3	COUNCIL BILL
4 5 6 7 8 9 10	title AN ORDINANCE relating to employment in Seattle; amending Chapters 14.16, 14.17, 14.19, and 14.20 of the Seattle Municipal Code to prescribe additional remedies and enforcement procedures, harmonize ordinance language, and add provisions to facilitate compliance; amending Section 3.14.931 of the Seattle Municipal Code to update duties of the Seattle Human Rights Commission; and amending Section 5.55.230 of the Seattle Municipal Code to require labor standards compliance for business license tax
11 12 13	certificates. body WHEREAS, the Seattle City Council issued a statement of legislative intent to prepare
14	legislation to increase remedies for violations of Seattle's labor standards ordinances and
15	strengthen enforcement procedures; and
16	WHEREAS, the Office of the City Auditor performed an enforcement audit of Chapter 14.16,
17	the Paid Sick and Safe Time Ordinance, for the period of September 1, 2012 through
18	December 31, 2013, issued its report on October 17, 2014, and made 13
19	recommendations to address its findings, strengthen enforcement, and enhance
20	implementation; and
21	WHEREAS, clear and comprehensive remedies for labor standards ordinance violations,
22	including retaliation, are critical to protecting workers from theft of wages, tips, and
23	benefits, and other compensation due by reason of employment, and substandard working
24	conditions, as well as protecting employers from unfair competition from employers who
25	do not comply; and
26	WHEREAS, data-driven directed investigations are more effective than complaint-based
27	investigations at creating and maintaining employer compliance with labor standards
28	laws; and

1	WHEREAS, the state of New York recently moved to end wage theft and retaliation in the nail
2	salon industry through a comprehensive package of targeted culturally competent
3	outreach, directed investigations, strengthened remedies, and monitored future
4	compliance; and
5	WHEREAS, the City of Seattle Office of Labor Standards strives to advance workplace equity
6	for all Seattle workers, including but not limited to vulnerable or historically
7	disadvantaged communities who are disproportionately represented among low income
8	workers or who may not otherwise have access to the minimum requirements and
9	protections of Seattle's labor standards ordinances; and
10	WHEREAS, the City of Seattle Office of Labor Standards, like the United States Department of
11	Labor's Wage and Hour Division and the Washington State Department of Labor and
12	Industries, must rely on the cooperation of willing workers to report and testify about
13	substandard working conditions; and
14	WHEREAS, cooperating victim-witnesses of qualifying criminal activities who have suffered
15	substantial physical or mental abuse may apply for a "U" Visa from the U.S. Citizenship
16	and Immigration Service, if an agency that investigates and detects such criminal activity
17	certifies their applications; and
18	WHEREAS, retaliation against one person can induce an entire workforce to accept substandard
19	working conditions, and preventing retaliation is of the highest importance; and
20	WHEREAS, misclassification of bona fide employees as independent contractors may deprive
21	those employees of the protections of Seattle's labor standards ordinances; and

1	WHEREAS, liability may extend to "joint employers" even when there is no formal employment
2	relationship if employment by one employer is not completely disassociated from
3	employment by the other employer;
4	WHEREAS, damages as a multiple of unpaid wages and compensation due, and penalties
5	payable to aggrieved parties, serve to compensate workers for labor standards ordinance
6	violations; and
7	WHEREAS, civil penalties and fines serve to deter employer labor standards ordinance
8	violations; and
9	WHEREAS, equitable remedies, such as orders directing managers to attend training, submit
10	payroll documents on an ongoing basis, and provide notices to workers in their own
11	languages about their rights, serve to sustain employer compliance following an
12	investigation as well as empower workers; and
13	WHEREAS, RCW 49.48.086 allows the Washington State Department of Labor and Industries
14	to file warrants to collect unpaid wages in courts of competent jurisdiction; and
15	WHEREAS, liberally construing the protections afforded in Chapters 14.16, 14.17, 14.19, and
16	14.20 in favor of the employee shall accomplish the purposes of Seattle's labor standards
17	ordinances; and
18	WHEREAS, the City of Seattle finds it necessary and appropriate to create a stronger incentive
19	for employees to report labor standards violations and for employers to comply with
20	labor standards requirements; NOW, THEREFORE,
21	BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY OF SEATTLE AS FOLLOWS:
22	Section 1. A new Section 14.16.005 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:
23	14.16.005 Short title

1 This Chapter 14.16 shall constitute the "Paid Sick and Safe Time Ordinance" and may be cited as 2 such. Section 2. Section 14.16.010 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 3 124644, is amended as follows: 4 14.16.010((-)) **Definitions** 5 6 For purposes of this ((chapter)) Chapter 14.16: "Adverse action" means ((the discharge, suspension, discipline, transfer, demotion, or 7 denial of promotion by an employer of an employee)) denying a job or promotion, demoting, 8 9 terminating, failing to rehire after a seasonal interruption of work, threatening, penalizing, retaliating, engaging in unfair immigration-related practices, filing a false report with a 10 government agency, changing an employee's status to nonemployee, or otherwise discriminating 11 12 against any person for any reason prohibited by ((14.16.040)) Section 14.16.055. "Adverse action" for an employee may involve any aspect of employment, including pay, work hours, 13 responsibilities, or other material change in the terms and condition of employment. 14 "Agency" ((shall mean)) means the Office for Civil Rights and any division therein. 15 "Aggrieved party" means an employee or other person who suffers tangible or intangible 16 harm due to an employer or other person's violation of this Chapter 14.16. 17 "Benefit year" means any fixed, consecutive 12-month period of time that is normally 18 used by an employer for calculating wages and benefits, including: January 1 through December 19 20 31; a tax year, fiscal year, or contract year; or the year running from an employee's one-year anniversary date of employment. An employer must provide written notice of the employer's 21 choice of benefit year in the employer's policy and procedure for meeting the paid sick and paid 22 23 safe time requirements of this Chapter 14.16, pursuant to subsection 14.16.045.C. If an employer

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1	transitions from one type of benefit year to another, the employer must ensure that the transition
2	process maintains the accrual, use and carry-over of paid sick and paid safe time hours that are
3	required by this Chapter 14.16.
4	"Business" and "engaging in business" has the same meanings as in Chapter 5.30.
5	"City" ((shall mean)) means the City of Seattle.
6	"City department" means any agency, office, board, or commission of the City, or any
7	Department employee acting on its behalf, but ((shall)) <u>"City department" does</u> not mean a
8	public corporation chartered under Ordinance 103387 as amended, or its successor ordinances, or
9	any contractor, consultant, concessionaire, or lessee.
10	(("Charging party" means the person aggrieved by an alleged violation of this chapter or
11	the person making a charge on another person's behalf, or the Director when the Director files a
12	<del>charge.</del>
13	"Commission" means the Seattle Human Rights Commission.))
14	"Director" means the Division Director of the Office of Labor Standards within the
15	Office for Civil Rights or the Division Director's designee.
16	"Eating and/or drinking establishment" means a place where food and/or beverages are
17	prepared and sold at retail for immediate consumption either on- or off-premise, but excludes
18	food and beverage service sites, such as cafeterias, that are accessory to other activities and
19	primarily serve students, patients, and/or on-site employees.
20	"Employ" means to suffer or permit to work.
21	"Employee" ((shall mean)) means any individual employed by an employer, ((and shall
22	include traditional)) including but not limited to full-time employees, ((temporary workers, and))
23	part-time employees, and temporary workers. ((Individuals performing services under a work

1	study agreement are not covered by this chapter. Employees are covered by this chapter if they
2	perform their work in Seattle. An employee who performs work in Seattle on an occasional basis
3	is covered by this chapter only if he performs more than 240 hours of work in Seattle within a
4	calendar year. An employee who is not covered by this Chapter is still included in any
5	determination of the size of the employer. In the event that a temporary employee is supplied by
6	a staffing agency or similar entity, absent a contractual agreement stating otherwise, that
7	individual shall be deemed to be an employee of the staffing agency for all purposes of this
8	chapter, except as provided in subsection 14.16.010.T.4.b.))
9	1. An employer bears the burden of proof that the individual is in business
10	for oneself rather than dependent upon the alleged employer.
11	2. For purposes of this Chapter 14.16, "employee" does not include an
12	individual performing services under a work study agreement.
13	"Employer" ((shall mean, as defined in subsection 14.04.030.K, any person who has one
14	or more employees, or the employer's designee or any person acting in the interest of such
15	employer. Employer size shall be determined as provided in subsection 14.16.010.T.)) means
16	any individual, partnership, association, corporation, business trust, or any entity, person or
17	group of persons, or a successor thereof, that employs another person and includes any such
18	entity or person acting directly or indirectly in the interest of an employer in relation to an
19	employee.
20	1. More than one entity may be the "employer" if employment by one
21	employer is not completely disassociated from employment by the other employer.
22	2For purposes of this ((act,)) Chapter 14.16, "employer" does not include
23	any of the following:

1	((1.)) <u>a.</u> The United States government;
2	((2.)) <u>b.</u> The State of Washington, including any office, department,
3	agency, authority, institution, association, society, or other body of the state, including the
4	legislature and the judiciary;
5	((3.)) <u>c.</u> Any county or local government other than the City.
6	"Employment agency" or "staffing agency" means any person undertaking with or
7	without compensation to procure opportunities to work or to procure, recruit, refer, or place
8	individuals with an employer or in employment.
9	"Front pay" means the compensation the employee would earn or would have earned if
10	reinstated to the employee's former position.
11	"Full-time equivalent" ((shall mean)) means the number of hours worked for
12	compensation that add up to one full-time employee, based either on an eight-hour day and a
13	five-day week or as full-time is defined, in writing or in practice, by the employer.
14	"Health care professional" ((shall mean)) means any person authorized by the City, any
15	state government, and/or the federal government to diagnose and treat physical or mental health
16	conditions, including a doctor, nurse, emergency medical care provider, and/or a public health
17	clinic worker, so long as that person is performing within the scope of their practice as defined
18	by the relevant law.
19	"Paid sick time" and/or "paid sick days" ((shall mean)) means accrued hours of paid leave
20	provided by an employer for use by an employee for an absence from work for any of the
21	reasons specified in subsection 14.16.030.A.1 of this ((chapter)) Chapter 14.16, for which time
22	an employee shall be compensated at the same hourly rate and with the same benefits, including

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1	Employees are not entitled to compensation for lost tips or commissions and compensation shall
2	only be required for hours that an employee is scheduled to have worked.
3	1. For purposes of determining eligibility for "paid sick time," "family
4	member" ((shall mean)) means, as defined in the Washington Family Care Act, RCW 49.12.265
5	and 49.12.903, as follows:
6	a. "Child" means a biological, adopted, or foster child, a stepchild, a
7	legal ward, or a child of a person standing in loco parentis who is: (a) Under ((eighteen)) 18
8	years of age; or (b) ((eighteen)) 18 years of age or older and incapable of self-care because of a
9	mental or physical disability.
10	b. "Grandparent" means a parent of a parent of an employee.
11	c. "Parent" means a biological or adoptive parent of an employee or
12	an individual who stood in loco parentis to an employee when the employee was a child.
13	d. "Parent-in-law" means a parent of the spouse of an employee.
14	e. "Spouse" means husband, wife, or domestic partner. For purposes
15	of this ((chapter)) Chapter 14.16, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, and family
16	shall be interpreted as applying equally to city or state registered domestic partnerships or
17	individuals in city or state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and
18	married persons to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where
19	necessary to implement this ((chapter)) Chapter 14.16, gender-specific terms such as husband
20	and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender-neutral $((,))$ and
21	applicable to individuals in city or state registered domestic partnerships.
22	"Paid safe time" ((and/or "paid safe days" shall)) means accrued hours of paid leave
23	provided by an employer for use by an employee for an absence from work for any of the

1 reasons specified in subsection 14.16.030.A.2, for which time an employee shall be compensated 2 at the same hourly rate and with the same benefits, including health care benefits, as the employee would have earned during the time the paid leave is taken. 3 1. For ((the)) purposes of determining eligibility for "paid safe time": 4 5 "Family or household members" shall mean, as defined in RCW a. 49.76.020, spouses, domestic partners, former spouses, former domestic partners, persons who 6 7 have a child in common regardless of whether they have been married or have lived together at 8 any time, adult persons related by blood or marriage, adult persons who are presently residing together or who have resided together in the past, persons ((sixteen)) 16 years of age or older 9 10 who are presently residing together or who have resided together in the past and who have or 11 have had a dating relationship, persons ((sixteen)) 16 years of age or older with whom a person 12 ((sixteen)) 16 years of age or older has or has had a dating relationship, and persons who have a 13 biological or legal parent-child relationship, including stepparents and stepchildren and grandparents and grandchildren. 14 b. "Domestic violence" ((shall mean)) means: 15 1) Physical harm, bodily injury, assault, or the infliction of 16 17 fear of imminent physical harm, bodily injury or assault, between family or household members; 18 2) ((sexual)) Sexual assault of one family or household member by another; or 19 20 3) ((stalking)) Stalking, as defined ((below)) in subsection 14.16.010.P.1.c, of one family or household member by another family or household member. 21 "Stalking" ((shall be)) means stalking as defined as in RCW 22 c. 23 9A.46.110 ((<del>,</del>)).

1	d. "Dating relationship" ((shall mean)) means, as defined in RCW
2	49.76.020, a social relationship of a romantic nature.
3	e. "Sexual assault" ((shall be)) means sexual assault as defined ((as))
4	in RCW 49.76.020.
5	(("Party" includes the person charging or making a complaint or upon whose behalf a
6	complaint is made alleging a violation of this chapter, the person alleged or found to have
7	committed a violation of this chapter and the Office for Civil Rights.))
8	(("Person," as used in this ((chapter)) Chapter 14.16, includes one or more individuals,
9	partnerships, associations, organizations, trade or professional associations, corporations, public
10	corporations, cooperatives, legal representatives, trustees, trustees in bankruptcy and receivers,
11	firm, institution, entities, or any group of persons; it includes any owner, lessee, proprietor,
12	manager, agent, or employee, whether one or more natural persons, and further includes any
13	department, office, agency or instrumentality of the City.))
14	"Rate of inflation" means 100 percent of the annual average growth rate of the bi-
15	monthly Seattle-Tacoma-Bremerton Area Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and
16	Clerical Workers, termed CPI-W, for the 12 month period ending in August, provided that the
17	percentage increase shall not be less than zero.
18	"Respondent" means an employer or any person who is alleged or found to have
19	committed a violation of this ((chapter)) Chapter 14.16.
20	"Successor" means any person to whom an employer quitting, selling out, exchanging, or
21	disposing of a business sells or otherwise conveys in bulk and not in the ordinary course of the
22	employer's business, a major part of the property, whether real or personal, tangible or
23	intangible, of the employer's business. For purposes of this definition, "person" means an

1	individual, receiver, administrator, executor, assignee, trustee in bankruptcy, trust, estate, firm,
2	corporation, business trust, partnership, limited liability partnership, company, joint stock
3	company, limited liability company, association, joint venture, or any other legal or commercial
4	entity.
5	"Tier ((One)) 1," "Tier ((Two)) 2," and "Tier ((Three)) 3" employers are defined as
6	follows:
7	1. "Tier (( <del>One</del> )) <u>1</u> employer" (( <del>shall mean</del> )) <u>means</u> an employer that employs
8	more than ((4)) four and fewer than 50 full-time equivalents, regardless of where those
9	employees are employed, on average per calendar week.
10	2. "Tier ((Two)) <u>2</u> employer" ((shall mean)) <u>means</u> an employer that employs
11	at least 50 and fewer than 250 full-time equivalents, regardless of where those employees are
12	employed, on average per calendar week.
13	3. "Tier ((Three)) <u>3</u> employer" ((shall mean)) means an employer that
14	employs 250 or more full-time equivalents, regardless of where those employees are employed,
15	on average per calendar week.
16	((4. The determination of employer tier for the current calendar year will be
17	calculated based upon the average number of full-time equivalents paid for per calendar week
18	during the preceding calendar year for any and all weeks during which at least one employee
19	worked for compensation. To determine the number of full-time equivalents, all compensated
20	hours of all employees shall be counted, including:
21	a. work performed outside of the City; and

1	b. compensated hours made available by part-time employment,
2	temporary employment, or through the services of a temporary services or staffing agency or
3	similar entity.
4	5. For employers that did not have any employees during the previous
5	calendar year, the employer tier will be calculated based upon the average number of full-time
6	equivalents paid for per calendar week during the first 90 calendar days of the current year in
7	which the employer engaged in business.))
8	"Wage" means compensation due to an employee by reason of employment, payable in
9	legal tender of the United States or checks on banks convertible into cash on demand at full face
10	value, subject to such deductions, charges, or allowances as may be permitted by rules of the
11	Director.
12	Section 3. A new Section 14.16.015 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:
13	14.16.015 Employment in Seattle
14	A. Subject to subsection 14.15.015.B, an employee is covered by this Chapter 14.16
15	if the employee performs work within the geographic boundaries of the City.
16	B. An employee who is typically based outside of the City and performs work in the
17	City on an occasional basis is covered by this Chapter 14.16 only if the employee performs more
18	than 240 hours of work in the City within a benefit year.
19	1. Once an employee who works in the City on an occasional basis performs
20	more than 240 hours of work in the City within a benefit year, all previous hours worked in the
21	City during that benefit year count toward the accrual of paid sick and paid safe time and the
22	employee shall remain covered by this Chapter 14.16 for the duration of employment with the

1	employer in all future benefit years, provided, however, that separations in employment shall be
2	governed by subsection 14.16.025.L.
3	2. Time spent in the City solely for the purpose of travelling through the City
4	from a point of origin outside the City to a destination outside the City with no employment-
5	related or commercial stops in the City except for refueling or the employee's personal meals or
6	errands, is not covered by this Chapter 14.16.
7	Section 4. Section 14.16.020 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance
8	123698, is amended as follows:
9	14.16.020((. Accrual of Paid Sick Time and Paid Safe Time)) Employer tier determination
10	((A. All employees of Tier 1, Tier 2 and Tier 3 employers have the right to paid sick
11	time and paid safe time as provided in this section.
12	B. Employees shall accrue paid time, to be used as either paid sick or safe time, as
13	follows:
14	1. Employees of a Tier One or Tier Two employer shall accrue at least one
15	hour of paid time for every 40 hours worked.
16	2. Employees of a Tier Three employer shall accrue at least one hour of paid
17	time for every 30 hours worked.
18	C. No Tier One employer shall be required to allow an employee to use a combined
19	total of paid sick time and paid safe time exceeding 40 hours in a calendar year. No Tier Two
20	employer shall be required to allow an employee to use a combined total of paid sick time and
21	paid safe time exceeding 56 hours in a calendar year. No Tier Three employer shall be required
22	to allow an employee to use a combined total of paid sick time and paid safe time exceeding 72
23	hours in a calendar year.

1	D. In the case of employees who are exempt from overtime payment under section
2	213(a)(1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, approved June 25, 1938 (52 Stat. 1060; 29
3	U.S.C. § 201 et seq.) (hereinafter referred to as "FLSA" exempt employees), no employer shall
4	be required to accrue leave for such employees for hours worked beyond a 40-hour work week.
5	If their normal work in a work week is less than 40 hours, paid sick time and paid safe time
6	accrues based upon that employee's normal work week.
7	E. Paid sick time and paid safe time as provided in this section shall begin to accrue
8	at the commencement of employment. For individuals who are employed on the date this
9	ordinance takes effect, accrual shall begin on the date this ordinance takes effect. Accrual rates
10	shall not apply to hours worked before this ordinance takes effect.
11	F. Except as provided in Section 14.16.090, employees shall be entitled to use
12	accrued paid sick time or safe time beginning on the 180th calendar day after the commencement
13	of their employment. When an employee is separated from employment and rehired within seven
14	months of separation by the same employer, the previous period of employment shall be counted
15	for purposes of determining the employee's eligibility to use accrued sick time or safe time under
16	this subsection, provided that if separation does occur, the total time of employment used to
17	determine eligibility must occur within two calendar years.
18	G. Unused paid sick time and paid safe time shall be carried over to the following
19	calendar year; however, no Tier One employer shall be required to allow an employee to carry
20	over a combined total of paid sick time and paid safe time in excess of 40 hours, no Tier Two
21	employer shall be required to allow an employee to carry over a combined total of paid sick time
22	and paid safe time in excess of 56 hours and no Tier Three employer shall be required to allow

1	an employee to carry over a combined total of paid sick time and paid safe time in excess of 72
2	hours.
3	H. A Tier One or Tier Two employer with a combined or universal paid leave policy,
4	such as a paid time off (PTO) policy, is not required to provide additional paid sick and safe
5	leave, provided that:
6	1. Available paid leave may be used for the same purposes and under the
7	same conditions as paid sick and safe time as set forth in Section 14.16.030; and
8	2. Paid leave is accrued at the rate consistent with subsection 14.16.020.B.1;
9	and
10	3. Use of paid leave within any calendar year is limited to no less than the
11	amounts specified respectively for Tier One and Tier Two employers in subsection 14.16.020.C;
12	and
13	4. Any accrued but unused paid leave may be carried over to the following
14	calendar year consistent with subsection 14.16.020.G.
15	I. A Tier Three employer with a combined or universal paid leave policy, such as a
16	paid time off (PTO) policy, is not required to provide additional paid sick and safe leave,
17	provided that:
18	1. Available paid leave may be used for the same purposes and under the
19	same conditions as paid sick and safe time as set forth in Section 14.16.030; and
20	2. Paid leave is accrued at a rate consistent with subsection 14.16.020.B.2;
21	and
22	3. Use of paid leave within any calendar year is limited to no less than 108
23	hours; and

4. Any accrued but unused paid leave may be carried over to the following
 calendar year; however no Tier Three employer with a combined or universal leave policy shall
 be required to carry over unused leave in excess of 108 hours.

J. Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring financial or other
reimbursement to an employee from an employer upon the employee's termination, resignation,
retirement, or other separation from employment for accrued paid sick and safe time that has not
been used.

K. If an employee is transferred to a separate division, entity, or location within the
City, or transferred out of the City and then transferred back to a division, entity, or location
within the City, but remains employed by the same employer, the employee is entitled to all paid
sick and safe time accrued at the prior division, entity, or location and is entitled to use all paid
sick and safe time as provided in this section.

When there is a separation from employment and the employee is rehired within 7 13 <u>L.</u> months of separation by the same employer, previously accrued paid sick and safe time that had 14 15 not been used shall be reinstated. Further, the employee shall be entitled to use accrued paid sick and safe time and accrue additional sick and safe time immediately upon the re-commencement 16 17 of employment, provided that the employee had previously been eligible to use paid sick and 18 safe time. If there is a separation of more than 7 months, an employer shall not be required to 19 reinstate accrued paid sick and safe time and for the purposes of this chapter the rehired 20 employee shall be considered to have newly commenced employment.

M. Subject to terms and conditions established by the employer, the employer may,
 but is not required to, loan paid sick time and paid safe time to the employee in advance of
 accrual by such employee.))

1	A. An employee who is not covered by this Chapter 14.16 shall be included in any
2	determination of employer tier.
3	B. The determination of employer tier for the current calendar year will be calculated
4	based upon the average number per calendar week of full-time equivalents who worked for
5	compensation during the preceding calendar year for any and all weeks during which at least one
6	employee worked for compensation. For employers that did not have any employees during the
7	previous calendar year, the employer tier will be calculated based upon the average number per
8	calendar week of full-time equivalents who worked for compensation during the first 90 calendar
9	days of the current year in which the employer engaged in business.
10	C. To determine the number of full-time equivalents, all hours worked for
11	compensation by all employees shall be counted, including but not limited to:
12	1. Work performed inside the City;
13	2. Work performed outside the City; and
14	3. Work performed in full-time employment, part-time employment, joint
15	employment, temporary employment, or through the services of a temporary services or staffing
16	agency or similar entity.
17	D. Separate entities that form an integrated enterprise shall be considered a single
18	employer under this Chapter 14.16. Separate entities will be considered an integrated enterprise
19	and a single employer under this Chapter 14.16 where a separate entity controls the operation of
20	another entity. The factors to consider in making this assessment include, but are not limited to:
21	1. Degree of interrelation between the operations of multiple entities;
22	2. Degree to which the entities share common management;
23	3. Centralized control of labor relations; and

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4. Degree of common ownership or financial control over the entities.

Section 5. A new Section 14.16.025 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:

## 14.16.025 Accrual of paid sick and paid safe time

A. All employees of Tier 1, Tier 2, and Tier 3 employers have the right to paid sicktime and paid safe time as provided in this Section 14.16.025.

B. Employees shall accrue paid time, to be used as either paid sick or paid safe time, as follows:

Employees of a Tier 1 or Tier 2 employer shall accrue at least one hour of
 paid time for every 40 hours worked.

2. Employees of a Tier 3 employer shall accrue at least one hour of paid time
for every 30 hours worked.

C. No Tier 1 employer shall be required to allow an employee to use a combined total of paid sick time and paid safe time exceeding 40 hours in a benefit year. No Tier 2 employer shall be required to allow an employee to use a combined total of paid sick time and paid safe time exceeding 56 hours in a benefit year. No Tier 3 employer shall be required to allow an employee to use a combined total of paid safe time exceeding 72 hours in a benefit year.

D. In the case of employees who are exempt from overtime payment under section
213(a)(1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, approved June 25, 1938 (52 Stat. 1060; 29
U.S.C. § 201 et seq.) and RCW 49.46.130(2) (hereinafter referred to as "overtime exempt"
employees), no employer shall be required to accrue leave for such employees for hours worked
beyond a 40-hour work week. If their normal work in a work week is less than 40 hours, paid
sick time and paid safe time accrues based upon that employee's normal work week.

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E. Paid sick time and paid safe time as provided in this Section 14.16.025 shall begin to accrue at the commencement of employment. For individuals employed on September 1, 2012, accrual shall begin on September 1, 2012. Accrual rates shall not apply to hours worked before September 1, 2012.

F. Except as provided in Section 14.16.040, employees shall be entitled to use accrued paid sick time or paid safe time beginning on the 180th calendar day after the 6 commencement of their employment. When an employee is separated from employment and rehired within seven months of separation by the same employer, the previous period of employment shall be counted for purposes of determining the employee's eligibility to use 10 accrued sick time or safe time under this subsection, provided that if separation does occur, the total time of employment used to determine eligibility must occur within three calendar years.

12 G. Unused paid sick time and paid safe time shall be carried over to the following benefit year; however, no Tier 1 employer shall be required to allow an employee to carry over a 13 combined total of paid sick time and paid safe time in excess of 40 hours, no Tier 2 employer 14 15 shall be required to allow an employee to carry over a combined total of paid sick time and paid safe time in excess of 56 hours and no Tier 3 employer shall be required to allow an employee to 16 17 carry over a combined total of paid sick time and paid safe time in excess of 72 hours.

18 H. A Tier 1 or Tier 2 employer with a combined or universal paid leave policy, such as a paid time off (PTO) policy, is not required to provide additional paid sick and paid safe 19 20 leave, provided that:

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1. Available paid leave may be used for the same purposes and under the same conditions as paid sick and paid safe time as set forth in Section 14.16.030; and

1		2.	Paid leave is accrued at the rate consistent with subsection 14.16.025.B.1
2	and		
3		3.	Use of paid leave within any benefit year is limited to no less than the
4	amounts spec	ified res	pectively for Tier 1 and Tier 2 employers in subsection 14.16.025.C; and
5		4.	Any accrued but unused paid leave may be carried over to the following
6	benefit year c	onsisten	t with subsection 14.16.025.G.
7	I.	A Tier	3 employer with a combined or universal paid leave policy, such as a PT
8	policy, is not	required	to provide additional paid sick and paid safe leave, provided that:
9		1.	Available paid leave may be used for the same purposes and under the
10	same condition	ons as pa	id sick and paid safe time as set forth in Section 14.16.030; and
11		2.	Paid leave is accrued at a rate consistent with subsection 14.16.025.B.2;
12	and		
13		3.	Use of paid leave within any benefit year is limited to no less than 108
14	hours; and		
15		4.	Any accrued but unused paid leave may be carried over to the following
16	benefit year; l	however	no Tier 3 employer with a combined or universal leave policy shall be
17	required to ca	rry over	unused leave in excess of 108 hours.
18	J.	Nothin	ng in this Section 14.16.025 shall be construed as requiring financial or
19	other reimbur	sement	to an employee from an employer upon the employee's termination,
20	resignation, re	etiremen	t, or other separation from employment for accrued paid sick and paid sat
21	time that has	not been	used.

Paid leave is accrued at the rate consistent with subsection 14.16.025.B.1;

When an employee is transferred to a separate division, entity, or location within 22 Κ. 23 the geographic limits of the City, or transferred out of the geographic limits of the City and then

1 transferred back to a division, entity, or location within the geographic limits of the City, but remains employed by the same employer, the employee is entitled to all paid sick and paid safe 2 time accrued at the prior division, entity, or location and is entitled to use all paid sick and paid 3 safe time as provided in this Chapter 14.16. 4

L. 5 When there is a separation from employment and the employee is rehired within seven months of separation by the same employer, previously accrued paid sick and paid safe 6 7 time that had not been used shall be reinstated. Further, the employee shall be entitled to use accrued paid sick and paid safe time and accrue additional sick and safe time immediately upon 8 9 the re-commencement of employment, provided that the employee had previously been eligible 10 to use paid sick and paid safe time. If there is a separation of more than seven months, an employer shall not be required to reinstate accrued paid sick and safe time and for the purposes 11 12 of this Chapter 14.16 the rehired employee shall be considered to have newly commenced employment. 13

M. When an employer quits, sells out, exchanges, or disposes the employer's 14 business, or the employer's business is otherwise acquired by a successor, an employee shall 15 16 retain all accrued paid sick and paid safe time and is entitled to use all paid sick and paid safe time as provided in this Chapter 14.16 for for work scheduled within the geographic boundaries of the City for the successor employer.

N. Subject to terms and conditions established by the employer, the employer may, but is not required to, loan paid sick time and paid safe time to the employee in advance of accrual by such employee.

Section 6. Section 14.16.030 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance 123698, is amended as follows:

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14.16.030((. Use of Paid Sick Time and Paid Safe Time)) Use of paid sick time and paid safe 1 2 time 3 A. 1. Paid sick time shall be provided to an employee by an employer for the 4 5 following reasons: 6 An absence resulting from an employee's mental or physical a. 7 illness, injury, or health condition; to accommodate the employee's need for medical diagnosis 8 care, or treatment of a mental or physical illness, injury, or health condition; or an employee's 9 need for preventive medical care; or 10 b. To allow the employee to provide care of a family member with a mental or physical illness, injury or health condition; care of a family member who needs 11 12 medical diagnosis, care, or treatment of a mental or physical illness, injury, or health condition; or care of a family member who needs preventive medical care. 13 2. Paid safe time shall be provided to an employee by an employer for the 14 following reasons: 15 When the employee's place of business has been closed by order of 16 a. 17 a public official to limit exposure to an infectious agent, biological toxin or hazardous 18 material((,));b. To accommodate the employee's need to care for a child whose 19 20 school or place of care has been closed by order of a public official for such a reason ((-)); or 21 For any of the following reasons related to domestic violence, c. sexual assault, or stalking, as set out in RCW 49.76.030: 22

1	1) To enable the employee to seek legal or law enforcement
2	assistance or remedies to ensure the health and safety of the employee or the employee's family
3	members including, but not limited to, preparing for, or participating in, any civil or criminal
4	legal proceeding related to or derived from domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking;
5	2) To enable the employee to seek treatment by a health care
6	provider for physical or mental injuries caused by domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking,
7	or to attend to health care treatment for a victim who is the employee's family member;
8	3) To enable the employee to obtain, or assist a family
9	member in obtaining, services from a domestic violence shelter, rape crisis center, or other social
10	services program for relief from domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking;
11	4) To enable the employee to obtain, or assist a family
12	member in obtaining, mental health counseling related to an incident of domestic violence,
13	sexual assault, or stalking, in which the employee or the employee's family member was a victim
14	of domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking; or
15	5) To enable the employee to participate in safety planning,
16	temporarily or permanently relocate, or take other actions to increase the safety of the employee
17	or employee's family members from future domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking.
18	B. Paid sick time and paid safe time shall be provided upon the request of an
19	employee. When possible, the request shall include the expected duration of the absence. An
20	employer may require an employee to comply with the employer's usual and customary notice
21	and procedural requirements for absences and/or requesting leave, provided that such
22	requirements do not interfere with the purposes for which the leave is needed.

1 1. If the paid leave is foreseeable, a written request shall be provided at least ((10)) ten days, or as early as possible, in advance of the paid leave, unless the employer's 2 3 normal notice policy requires less advance notice; 2. If the paid leave is unforeseeable, the employee must provide notice as 4 5 soon as is practicable and must generally comply with an employer's reasonable normal notification policies and/or call-in procedures, provided that such requirements do not interfere 6 7 with the purposes for which the leave is needed. C. For employees covered by the overtime requirements of ((the FLSA,)) state and 8 9 federal laws, accrued paid sick time and paid safe time ((may be used in hourly increments or 10 smaller increments if an employer so designates.)) shall be used in the smaller of hourly 11 increments or, if feasible by the employer's payroll system, increments that round to the nearest 12 quarter of an hour. When using quarter-hour increments, employers shall use an employee's available paid sick and paid safe time to round up or down to the nearest quarter hour if 13 necessary to prevent an employer's absence control policy from counting paid sick or paid safe 14 15 time covered under this Chapter 14.16 as an absence that may lead to or result in any adverse 16 action taken against the employee. For ((FLSA)) overtime exempt employees, an employer may make deductions of paid sick time and paid safe time in accordance with ((the FLSA)) state and 17 federal laws. For ((FLSA)) overtime exempt public employees, paid sick time and paid safe time 18 must be used in accordance with a pay system established by statute, ordinance or regulation or 19 20 by a policy or practice established pursuant to the principles of public accountability. 21 D. When the use of accrued time is foreseeable, the employee shall make a

reasonable effort to schedule the use of sick or safe time in a manner that does not unduly disruptthe operations of the employer.

E. For use of paid sick time of more than three consecutive days for a reason set out
in subsection 14.16.030.A.1, an employer may require reasonable documentation that the sick
time is covered by subsection 14.16.030.A.1. Documentation signed by a health care provider
indicating that sick time is necessary shall be considered reasonable documentation. An
employer may not require that the documentation explain the nature of the illness. For any
employee who is not offered health insurance by the employer, the employer and the employee
shall each pay half the cost of any out-of-pocket expense incurred by the employee in obtaining
the employer-requested documentation. These expenses are limited to the cost of services
provided by health care professionals, the services of health care facilities, testing prescribed by
health care professionals and transportation to the location where such services are provided. An
employee who has declined to participate in the health insurance program offered by ((his or
her)) the employer shall not be entitled to reimbursement for out-of-pocket expenses.

F. For use of "paid safe time" of more than three consecutive days for a reason set out in subsection 14.16.030.A.2,

1. an employer may require that requests under subsections 14.16.030.A.2.a and 14.16.030.A.2.b be supported by verification of a closure order by a public official of the employee's child's school or childcare establishment, and the employee may satisfy this verification request by providing notice of the closure order in whatever format the employee received the notice;

20 2. an employer may require that requests under subsection 14.16.030.A.2.c
 21 be supported by verification that the employee or employee's family member is a victim of
 22 domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and that the leave taken was for one of the

1 purposes covered by subsection 14.16.030.A.2.c. As set out in RCW 49.76.040(4), an employee 2 may satisfy this verification requirement by one or more of the following methods: a police report indicating that the employee or employee's family 3 a. member was a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking; 4 5 b. a court order protecting or separating the employee or employee's family member from the perpetrator of the act of domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking, 6 7 or other evidence from the court or the prosecuting attorney that the employee or employee's 8 family member appeared, or is scheduled to appear, in court in connection with an incident of 9 domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking; or 10 documentation that the employee or the employee's family member c. is a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking, from any of the following persons 11 12 from whom the employee or employee's family member sought assistance in addressing the domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking: ((An)) an advocate for victims of domestic 13 violence, sexual assault, or stalking; an attorney; a member of the clergy; or a medical or other 14 15 professional. The provision of documentation under this ((section)) Section 14.16.030 does not 16 waive or diminish the confidential or privileged nature of communications between a victim of 17 domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking with one or more of the individuals named in this 18 subsection 14.16.030.F.2.c; or d. 19 an employee's written statement that the employee or the 20 employee's family member is a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking and that 21 the leave taken was for one of the purposes of subsection 14.16.030.A.2.c.

G. Upon mutual consent by the employee and the employer, an employee may work
additional hours or shifts during the same or next pay period without using available paid sick or

paid safe time for the original missed hours or shifts. However, the employer may not require the
 employee to work such additional hours or shifts. Should the employee work additional shifts,
 the employer shall comply with any applicable federal, state, or local laws concerning overtime
 pay.

H. Nothing in this ((chapter)) <u>Chapter 14.16</u> shall be construed to prohibit an
employer from establishing a policy whereby employees may voluntarily exchange assigned
hours or "trade shifts."((-))

I. When paid sick or paid safe time is requested by an employee who works in an 8 9 eating and/or drinking establishment, the employer may offer the employee substitute hours or 10 shifts. If the employee accepts the offer and works these substitute hours or shifts, the amount of 11 time worked during the substitute period or the amount of time requested for sick and safe time, 12 whichever is smaller, may be deducted from the employee's accrued sick and safe time. Should the employee work the substitute hours or shifts, the employer shall comply with any applicable 13 federal, state or local laws concerning overtime pay. However, no employer is required to offer 14 15 such substitute hours or shifts, and no employee is required to accept such hours or shifts if they are offered. 16

J. Nothing in this ((chapter)) <u>Chapter 14.16</u> shall be construed to prohibit an
employer from establishing a policy whereby employees may donate unused accrued paid sick
leave to another employee.

K. Each time wages are paid, employers shall provide, in writing, information stating
an updated amount of paid time available to each employee for use as either sick time or safe
time. Employers may choose a reasonable system for providing this notification, including, but

1 not limited to, listing remaining available paid time on each pay stub or developing an online 2 system where employees can access their own paid leave information. Section 7. A new Section 14.16.035 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows: 3 14.16.035 Confidentiality and nondisclosure 4 5 A. Except as provided in subsection 14.16.035.B, an employer shall maintain the 6 confidentiality of information provided by the employee or others in support of an employee's 7 request for sick or safe days under this Section 14.16.035, including health information and the 8 fact that the employee or employee's family member is a victim of domestic violence, sexual 9 assault, or stalking, that the employee has requested or obtained leave under this Chapter 14.16, 10 and any written or oral statement, documentation, record, or corroborating evidence provided by 11 the employee. B. Information given by an employee may be disclosed by an employer only if it is: 12 1. Requested or consented to by the employee; 13 2. Ordered by a court or administrative agency; or 14 3. 15 Otherwise required by applicable federal or state law. 16 Section 8. Section 14.16.040 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance 17 123698, is amended as follows: 18 14.16.040((. Exercise of Rights Protected; Retaliation Prohibited)) New employers ((A. It shall be a violation for an employer or any other person to interfere with, 19 20 restrain, or deny the exercise of, or the attempt to exercise, any right protected under this chapter. 21 It shall be a violation for an employer to take adverse action or to discriminate <del>B.</del> against an employee because the employee has exercised in good faith the rights protected under 22 23 this chapter. Such rights include but are not limited to the right to use paid sick time and/or paid

1	safe time pursuant to this chapter; the right to file a complaint with the Agency about any
2	employer's alleged violation of this chapter; the right to inform his or her employer, union or
3	similar organization, and/or legal counsel about an employer's alleged violation of this section;
4	the right to cooperate with the Agency in its investigations of alleged violations of this chapter;
5	the right to oppose any policy, practice, or act that is unlawful under this section; and the right to
6	inform other employees of his or her potential rights under this section.
7	C. It shall be a violation for an employer's absence control policy to count paid sick
8	or safe time covered under this chapter as an absence that may lead to or result in any adverse
9	action taken against the employee.
10	D. The protections afforded under subsection 14.16.040.B shall apply to any person
11	who mistakenly but in good faith alleges violations of this Section 14.16.040.))
12	The provisions of this Chapter 14.16 shall not apply to Tier 1 and Tier 2 employers until
13	24 months after the hire date of their first employee. For purposes of this Section 14.16.040,
14	employer tier shall be calculated based upon the average number of full-time equivalents who
15	worked for compensation per calendar week during the first 90 calendar days following the hire
16	date of their first employee.
17	Section 9. A new Section 14.16.045 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:
18	14.16.045 Notice and posting
19	A. The Agency shall create and distribute a poster giving notice of the rights
20	afforded by this Chapter 14.16. The Agency shall create and distribute the poster in English,
21	Spanish, and any other languages that are necessary for employers to comply with subsection
22	14.16.045.B. The poster shall give notice of:
23	1. The right to paid sick and paid safe time guaranteed by this Chapter 14.16;

2. The amount of paid sick and paid safe time and the terms of its use guaranteed under this Chapter 14.16;

3. The right to be protected from retaliation for exercising in good faith the rights protected by this Chapter 14.16; and

4. The right to file a complaint with the Agency or bring a civil action for violation of the requirements of this Chapter 14.16, including an employer's denial of paid sick time and paid safe time as required by this Chapter 14.16, and an employer or other person's retaliation against an employee or other person for requesting or taking paid sick and paid safe time or otherwise engaging in an activity protected by this Chapter 14.16.

B. Employers shall display the poster in a conspicuous and accessible location where
any of their employees work. Employers shall display the poster in English and in the primary
language(s) of the employee(s) at the particular workplace. If display of the poster is not feasible,
including situations when the employee works remotely or does not have a regular workplace,
employers may provide the poster on an individual basis in an employee's primary language in
physical or electronic format that is reasonably conspicuous and accessible.

C. Effective April 1, 2016, employers shall give employees written notice of the
employer's policy and procedure for meeting the requirements of this Chapter 14.16, including
but not limited to the employer's choice of benefit year; tier size; rate of accrual, use and carryover of paid sick and paid safe time hours; manner of providing employees with an updated
amount of available paid sick and safe time hours each time wages are paid; and notification
requirements for absences and requesting leave. The Agency shall create and distribute a model
policy that employers may use for complying with this subsection 14.16.045.C.

1	Section 10. Section 14.16.050 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance 123698,
2	is amended as follows:
3	14.16.050(( <del>. Notice and Posting</del> )) <u>Employer records</u>
4	((A. Employers shall give notice that employees are entitled to paid sick time and paid
5	safe time; the amount of paid sick and safe time and the terms of its use guaranteed under this
6	chapter; that retaliation against employees who request or use paid sick and safe time is
7	prohibited; and that each employee has the right to file a complaint or bring a civil action if paid
8	sick time or paid safe time as required by this section is denied by the employer or the employee
9	is retaliated against for requesting or taking paid sick time or paid safe time.
10	B. The Agency shall create and make available to employers a poster and a model
11	notice, hereinafter referred to as the "Notice," which contains the information required under
12	subsection A of this Section for their use in complying with this subsection. The poster shall be
13	printed in English and Spanish and any other languages that the Agency determines are needed
14	to notify employees of their rights under this chapter.
15	C. Employers may comply with this section by displaying the Agency's poster in a
16	conspicuous and accessible place in each establishment where such employees are employed.
17	D. Employers may also comply with this section by including the Notice in
18	employee handbooks or other written guidance to employees concerning employee benefits or
19	leave rights, if such written materials exist, or by distributing a copy of the Notice to each new
20	employee upon hiring. In either case, distribution may be accomplished electronically.
21	E. To meet the requirements of paragraph D of this section, employers may duplicate
22	the text of the Notice or may use another format so long as the information provided includes, at
23	a minimum, all of the information contained in that Notice.

1	F. An employer who willfully violates the notice and posting requirements of this
2	section shall be subject to a civil fine in an amount not to exceed \$125 for the first violation and
3	\$250 for subsequent violations.))
4	A. Each employer shall retain records documenting hours worked by employees and
5	paid sick and paid safe time used by covered employees. Such records shall be retained for a
6	period of three years from the date such hours were worked or such paid sick and paid safe time
7	was used. Employers shall not be required to modify their recordkeeping policies to comply
8	with this Section 14.16.050, as long as records reasonably indicate employee hours worked in
9	Seattle, accrued paid sick and paid safe time, and used paid sick and paid safe time.
10	B. If an employer fails to retain adequate records required under subsection
11	14.16.050.A, there shall be a presumption, rebuttable by clear and convincing evidence, that the
12	employer violated this Chapter 14.16 for the periods and for each employee for whom records
13	were not retained.
13 14	were not retained.         C.       Respondents in any case closed by the Agency shall allow the Office of City
14	C. Respondents in any case closed by the Agency shall allow the Office of City
14 15	C. Respondents in any case closed by the Agency shall allow the Office of City Auditor access to such records to permit the Office of City Auditor to evaluate the Agency's
14 15 16	C. Respondents in any case closed by the Agency shall allow the Office of City Auditor access to such records to permit the Office of City Auditor to evaluate the Agency's enforcement efforts. Before requesting records from such a respondent, the Office of City
14 15 16 17	C. Respondents in any case closed by the Agency shall allow the Office of City Auditor access to such records to permit the Office of City Auditor to evaluate the Agency's enforcement efforts. Before requesting records from such a respondent, the Office of City Auditor shall first consult the Agency's respondent records on file and determine if additional
14 15 16 17 18	C. Respondents in any case closed by the Agency shall allow the Office of City Auditor access to such records to permit the Office of City Auditor to evaluate the Agency's enforcement efforts. Before requesting records from such a respondent, the Office of City Auditor shall first consult the Agency's respondent records on file and determine if additional records are necessary. The City Auditor may apply by affidavit or declaration in the form
14 15 16 17 18 19	C. Respondents in any case closed by the Agency shall allow the Office of City Auditor access to such records to permit the Office of City Auditor to evaluate the Agency's enforcement efforts. Before requesting records from such a respondent, the Office of City Auditor shall first consult the Agency's respondent records on file and determine if additional records are necessary. The City Auditor may apply by affidavit or declaration in the form allowed under RCW 9A.72.085 to the Hearing Examiner for the issuance of subpoenas under
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	C. Respondents in any case closed by the Agency shall allow the Office of City Auditor access to such records to permit the Office of City Auditor to evaluate the Agency's enforcement efforts. Before requesting records from such a respondent, the Office of City Auditor shall first consult the Agency's respondent records on file and determine if additional records are necessary. The City Auditor may apply by affidavit or declaration in the form allowed under RCW 9A.72.085 to the Hearing Examiner for the issuance of subpoenas under this subsection 14.16.050.C. The Hearing Examiner shall issue such subpoenas upon a showing
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	C. Respondents in any case closed by the Agency shall allow the Office of City Auditor access to such records to permit the Office of City Auditor to evaluate the Agency's enforcement efforts. Before requesting records from such a respondent, the Office of City Auditor shall first consult the Agency's respondent records on file and determine if additional records are necessary. The City Auditor may apply by affidavit or declaration in the form allowed under RCW 9A.72.085 to the Hearing Examiner for the issuance of subpoenas under this subsection 14.16.050.C. The Hearing Examiner shall issue such subpoenas upon a showing that the records are required to fulfill the purpose of this subsection 14.16.050.C.

- 1 Chapter 14.16, are required to be maintained as confidential medical records in separate files/records from the employer's usual personnel files. If the Americans with Disabilities Act 2 (ADA) or the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) applies, then these 3 records must comply with such confidentiality requirements. 4 5 Section 11. A new Section 14.16.055 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows: 6 14.16.055 Retaliation prohibited No employer or any other person shall interfere with, restrain, or deny the 7 A. exercise of, or the attempt to exercise, any right protected under this Chapter 14.16. 8 9 В. No employer or any other person shall take any adverse action against any person 10 because the person has exercised in good faith the rights protected under this Chapter 14.16. 11 Such rights include but are not limited to the right to use paid sick time and/or paid safe time 12 pursuant to this Chapter 14.16; the right to make inquiries about the rights protected under this Chapter 14.16; the right to inform others about their rights under this Chapter 14.16; the right to 13 inform the person's employer, union, or similar organization, and/or the person's legal counsel or 14 15 any other person about an alleged violation of this Chapter 14.16; the right to file an oral or 16 written complaint with the Agency or bring a civil action for an alleged violation of this Chapter 17 14.16; the right to cooperate with the Agency in its investigations of this Chapter 14.16; the right 18 to testify in a proceeding under or related to this Chapter 14.16; the right to refuse to participate in an activity that would result in a violation of city, state or federal law; and the right to oppose 19 20 any policy, practice, or act that is unlawful under this Chapter 14.16.
- C. No employer or any other person shall communicate to a person exercising rights protected in this Section 14.16.055, directly or indirectly, the willingness to inform a government employee that the person is not lawfully in the United States, or to report, or to make an implied

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1 or express assertion of a willingness to report, suspected citizenship or immigration status of an 2 employee or family member of the employee to a federal, state, or local agency because the employee has exercised a right under this Chapter 14.16. 3

D. It shall be a rebuttable presumption of retaliation if an employer or any other 4 5 person takes an adverse action against a person within 90 days of the person's exercise of rights 6 protected in this Section 14.16.055. However, in the case of seasonal work that ended before the close of the 90 day period, the presumption also applies if the employer fails to rehire a former employee at the next opportunity for work in the same position. The employer may rebut the presumption with clear and convincing evidence that the adverse action was taken for a 10 permissible purpose.

E. Standard of proof. Proof of retaliation under this Section 14.16.055 shall be 11 12 sufficient upon a showing that an employer or any other person has taken an adverse action against a person and the person's exercise of rights protected in this Section 14.16.055 was a 13 motivating factor in the adverse action, unless the employer can prove that the action would have 14 15 been taken in the absence of such protected activity.

F. The protections afforded under this Section 14.16.055 shall apply to any person 16 17 who mistakenly but in good faith alleges violations of this Chapter 14.16.

18 G. A complaint or other communication by any person triggers the protections of this 19 Section 14.16.055 regardless of whether the complaint or communication is in writing or makes 20 explicit reference to this Chapter 14.16.

Section 12. Section 14.16.060 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 21 124809, is amended as follows: 22

14.16.060((. Employer Records)) Enforcement power and duties 23
1	((A. Employers shall retain records documenting hours worked by employees and paid
2	sick time taken by employees, for a period of two years.
3	B. Employers shall allow the Agency access to such records, with appropriate notice
4	and at a mutually agreeable time, to investigate potential violations and to monitor compliance
5	with the requirements of this Chapter 14.16.
6	C. Respondents in any case closed by the Agency shall allow the Office of City
7	Auditor access to such records to permit the Office of City Auditor to evaluate the Agency's
8	enforcement efforts. Before requesting records from such a respondent, the Office of City
9	Auditor shall first consult the Agency's respondent records on file and determine if additional
10	records are necessary.
11	D. Employers shall not be required to modify their recordkeeping policies to comply
12	with this section, as long as records reasonably indicate employee hours worked in Seattle,
13	accrued paid sick and safe time, and paid sick and safe time taken. When an issue arises as to the
14	amount of accrued paid sick time and/or paid safe time available to an employee under this
15	Chapter 14.16, if the employer does not maintain or retain adequate records documenting hours
16	worked by the employee and paid sick and safe time taken by the employee, or does not allow
17	the Agency reasonable access to such records, it shall be presumed that the employer has
18	violated this Chapter 14.16.
19	E. Records and documents relating to medical certifications, re-certifications, or
20	medical histories of employees or employees' family members, created for purposes of this
21	chapter, are required to be maintained as confidential medical records in separate files/records
22	from the usual personnel files. If the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) applies, then these
23	records must comply with the ADA confidentiality requirements.))

1	A. The Agency shall have the power to investigate violations of this Chapter 14.16,
2	as defined herein, and shall have such powers and duties in the performance of these functions as
3	are defined in this Chapter 14.16 and otherwise necessary and proper in the performance of the
4	same and provided for by law.
5	B. The Agency shall be authorized to coordinate implementation and enforcement of
6	this Chapter 14.16 and shall promulgate appropriate guidelines or rules for such purposes.
7	C. The Director of the Agency is authorized and directed to promulgate rules
8	consistent with this Chapter 14.16 and the Administrative Code. Any guidelines or rules
9	promulgated by the Director shall have the force and effect of law and may be relied on by
10	employers, employees, and other parties to determine their rights and responsibilities under this
11	<u>Chapter 14.16.</u>
12	Section 13. A new Section 14.16.065 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:
13	14.16.065 Violation
14	The failure of any respondent to comply with any requirement imposed on the respondent
15	under this Chapter 14.16 is a violation.
16	Section 14. Section 14.16.070 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance
17	123698, is amended as follows:
18	14.16.070((. Regulations)) Investigation
19	((The Agency shall be authorized to coordinate implementation and enforcement of this
20	chapter and shall promulgate appropriate guidelines or regulations for such purposes.))
21	A. The Agency shall have the power to investigate any violations of this Chapter
22	14.16 by any respondent. The Agency may initiate an investigation pursuant to rules issued by
23	the Director including, but not limited to, situations when the Director has reason to believe that

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1	a violation has occurred or will occur, or when circumstances show that violations are likely to
2	occur within a class of businesses because the workforce contains significant numbers of
3	workers who are vulnerable to violations of this Chapter 14.16 or the workforce is unlikely to
4	volunteer information regarding such violations. An investigation may also be initiated through
5	the receipt by the Agency of a report or complaint filed by an employee or other person.
6	B. An employee or other person may report to the Agency any suspected violation of
7	this Chapter 14.16. The Agency shall encourage reporting pursuant to this Section 14.16.070 by
8	taking the following measures:
9	1. The Agency shall keep confidential, to the maximum extent permitted by
10	applicable laws, the name and other identifying information of the employee or person reporting
11	the violation. However, with the authorization of such person, the Agency may disclose the
12	employee's or person's name and identifying information as necessary to enforce this Chapter
13	14.16 or for other appropriate purposes.
14	2. An employer must post or otherwise notify its employees that the Agency
15	is conducting an investigation, using a form provided by the Agency and displaying it on-site, in
16	a conspicuous and accessible location, and in English and the primary language of the
17	employee(s) at the particular workplace. If display of the form is not feasible, including
18	situations when the employee works remotely or does not have a regular workplace, employers
19	may provide the form on an individual basis in the employee's primary language in physical or
20	electronic format that is reasonably conspicuous and accessible.
21	3. The Agency may certify the eligibility of eligible persons for "U" Visas
22	under the provisions of 8 U.S.C. § 1184.p and 8 U.S.C. § 1101.a.15.U. This certification is
23	subject to applicable federal law and regulations, and rules issued by the Director.

1	C. The Agency's investigation must commence within three years of the alleged
2	violation. To the extent permitted by law, the applicable statute of limitations for civil actions is
3	tolled during any investigation under this Chapter 14.16 and any administrative enforcement
4	proceeding under this Chapter 14.16 based upon the same facts. For purposes of this Chapter
5	<u>14.16:</u>
6	1. The Agency's investigation begins on the earlier date of when the Agency
7	receives a complaint from a person under this Chapter 14.16, or the Agency opens an
8	investigation under this Chapter 14.16.
9	2. The Agency's investigation ends when the Agency issues a final order
10	concluding the matter and any appeals have been exhausted; the time to file any appeal has
11	expired; or the Agency notifies the respondent in writing that the investigation has been
12	otherwise resolved.
13	D. The Agency's investigation shall be conducted in an objective and impartial
14	manner.
15	E. The Director may apply by affidavit or declaration in the form allowed under
16	RCW 9A.72.085 to the Hearing Examiner for the issuance of subpoenas requiring an employer
17	to produce the records identified in subsection 14.16.050.A, or for the attendance and testimony
18	of witnesses, or for the production of documents required to be retained under subsection
19	14.16.050.A, or any other document relevant to the issue of whether any employee or group of
20	employees has been or is afforded proper amounts of paid sick and paid safe time under this
21	Chapter 14.16 and/or to whether an employer has violated any provision of this Chapter 14.16.
22	The Hearing Examiner shall conduct the review without hearing as soon as practicable and shall
23	issue subpoenas upon a showing that there is reason to believe that a violation has occurred if a

1	complaint has been filed with the Agency, or that circumstances show that violations are likely to
2	occur within a class of businesses because the workforce contains significant numbers of
3	workers who are vulnerable to violations of this Chapter 14.16 or the workforce is unlikely to
4	volunteer information regarding such violations.
5	F. An employer that fails to comply with the terms of any subpoena issued under
6	subsection 14.16.070. E. in an investigation by the Agency under this Chapter 14.16 prior to the
7	issuance of a Director's Order issued pursuant to subsection 14.16.075.C may not use such
8	records in any appeal to challenge the correctness of any determination by the Agency of
9	damages owed or penalties assessed.
10	G. In addition to other remedies, the Director may refer any subpoena issued under
11	subsection 14.16.070.E to the City Attorney to seek a court order to enforce any subpoena.
12	H. Where the Director has reason to believe that a violation has occurred, the
13	Director may order any appropriate temporary or interim relief to mitigate the violation or
14	maintain the status quo pending completion of a full investigation or hearing, including but not
15	limited to a deposit of funds or bond sufficient to satisfy a good-faith estimate of wages, interest,
16	damages, and penalties due. A respondent may appeal any such order in accordance with Section
17	<u>14.16.085.</u>
18	Section 15. A new Section 14.16.075 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:
19	14.16.075 Findings of fact and determination
20	A. Except when there is an agreed upon settlement, the Director shall issue a written
21	determination with findings of fact resulting from the investigation and statement of whether a
22	violation of this Chapter 14.16 has or has not occurred based on a preponderance of the evidence
23	before the Director.

B. If the Director determines that there is no violation of this Chapter 14.16, the Director shall issue a "Determination of No Violation" with notice of an employee or other person's right to appeal the decision, subject to the rules of the Director.

C. If the Director determines that a violation of this Chapter 14.16 has occurred, the 4 5 Director shall issue a "Director's Order" that shall include a notice of violation identifying the 6 violation or violations. The Director's Order shall state with specificity the amounts due under 7 this Chapter 14.16 for each violation, including payment of unpaid wages, liquidated damages, 8 civil penalties, penalties payable to aggrieved parties, fines, and interest pursuant to Section 9 14.16.080. The Director's Order may specify that civil penalties and fines due to the Agency can 10 be mitigated for respondent's timely payment of remedy due to an aggrieved party under 11 subsection 14.16.080.A.2. The Director's Order may direct the respondent to take such 12 corrective action as is necessary to comply with the requirements of this Chapter 14.16, including, but not limited to, monitored compliance for a reasonable time period. The Director's 13 Order shall include notice of the respondent's right to appeal the decision pursuant to Section 14 15 14.16.085.

Section 16. Section 14.16.080 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
123899, is amended as follows:

### 18 **14.16.080((. Enforcement**)) <u>Remedies</u>

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1. of Agency

((A. Powers and duties

a. The Agency shall receive, investigate, and pass upon charges
 alleging violations of this chapter as defined herein, conciliate and settle the same by agreement,
 and monitor and enforce any agreements or orders resulting therefrom or from a subsequent

1	hearing thereon under and pursuant to the terms of this chapter; and shall have such powers and
2	duties in the performance of these functions as are defined in this chapter and otherwise
3	necessary and proper in the performance of the same and provided for by law. The Agency shall
4	further assist other City agencies and departments upon request in effectuating and promoting the
5	purposes of this chapter.
6	b. The Director of the Agency is authorized and directed to
7	promulgate rules consistent with this chapter and the Administrative Code.
8	2. of Commission
9	The Seattle Human Rights Commission shall study, advise, and make
10	recommendations for legislation on policies, procedures, and practices which would further the
11	purposes of this chapter. The Commission shall hear appeals from the Director's determinations
12	of no reasonable cause and, in cases involving respondents who are City departments, hear
13	appeals from determinations of reasonable cause and the orders relating to the remedy thereof. It
14	shall, where appropriate and necessary, in its judgment, hear and determine complaints jointly
15	with the Hearing Examiner as provided in subsections 14.16.080.H and 14.16.080.I. The
16	Commission shall have such powers and authority in carrying out these functions as are provided
17	for by this chapter or otherwise established by law.
18	B. Charge filing, timing, amendments, notice and investigation.
19	1. A charge alleging a violation of this chapter shall be in writing on a form
20	or in a format determined by the Agency, and signed by or on behalf of a charging party, and
21	shall describe the violation complained of and should include a statement of the dates, places and
22	circumstances and the persons responsible for such acts and practices.

1	2. Whenever charges are made by or on behalf of a person claiming to be	
2	aggrieved, the person making the charge must provide the Director with the name, address and	
3	telephone number of the individual on whose behalf the charge is made. Thereafter, the Director	
4	shall verify the authorization of such charge by the person on whose behalf the charge is made.	
5	3. A charge shall not be rejected as insufficient because of failure to include	
6	all required information so long as it substantially satisfies the informational requirements	
7	necessary for processing.	
8	4. A charge alleging a violation of this chapter or pattern of such violations	
9	may also be filed by the Director whenever the Director has reason to believe that any person has	
10	been engaged or is engaging in a violation of this chapter.	
11	5. Charges filed under this chapter must be filed within 180 days after the	
12	occurrence of the alleged violation of this chapter with the Agency.	
13	6. In addition to any relief authorized by this chapter, liability may accrue	
14	and an aggrieved person may obtain relief as provided in this chapter, including recovery of back	
15	pay for up to two years preceding the filing of the charge, where the unlawful practices that have	
16	occurred during the charge filing period are similar or related to unlawful practices with regard	
17	to sick time or safe time that occurred outside the time for filing a charge.	
18	7. The charging party or the Agency may amend a charge to cure technical	
19	defects or omissions; or to clarify and amplify allegations made therein; or to add allegations	
20	related to or arising out of the subject matter set forth, or attempted to be set forth, in the original	
21	charge. For jurisdictional purposes, such amendments shall relate back to the date the original	
22	charge was first filed. The amendment must be filed within 180 days after the occurrence of the	
23	additional violation and/or retaliation and prior to the Agency's issuance of findings of fact and a	

1	determination with respect to the original charge. Such amendments may be made at any time
2	during the investigation of the original charge so long as the Agency will have adequate time to
3	investigate such additional allegations and the parties will have adequate time to present the
4	Agency with evidence concerning such allegations before the issuance of findings of fact and a
5	determination.
6	8. The Director shall cause to be served or mailed by certified mail, return
7	receipt requested, a copy of the charge on the respondent within twenty (20) days after the filing
8	of the charge and shall promptly make an investigation thereof.
9	9. The investigation shall be directed to ascertain the facts concerning the
10	violation of this Chapter alleged in the charge, and shall be conducted in an objective and
11	impartial manner.
12	10. During the investigation the Director shall consider any statement of
13	position or evidence with respect to the allegations of the charge which the charging party or the
14	respondent wishes to submit. The Director shall have authority to sign and issue subpoenas
15	requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses, the production of evidence including but not
16	limited to books, records, correspondence or documents in the possession or under the control of
17	the person subpoenaed, and access to evidence for the purpose of examination and copying, and
18	conduct discovery procedures which may include the taking of interrogatories and oral
19	depositions.
20	11. The Director may require a fact finding conference or participation in
21	another process with the respondent and any of respondent's agents and witnesses and charging
22	party during the investigation in order to define the issues, determine which elements are

1	undisputed, resolve those issues which can be resolved, and afford an opportunity to discuss or
2	negotiate settlement. Parties may have their legal counsel present if desired.
3	C. Findings of fact and determination of reasonable cause or no reasonable cause.
4	1. The results of the investigation shall be reduced to written findings of fact
5	and a determination shall be made by the Director that there is or is not reasonable cause for
6	believing that a violation of this chapter has been or is being committed, which determination
7	shall also be in writing and issued with the written findings of fact. Where a City department is a
8	respondent the Director shall issue such findings and determination only after having submitted
9	proposed findings and determinations to the respondent and charging party for review and
10	comment. With respect to the findings and determination, "issued" shall be defined as signed and
11	dated by the Director.
12	2. The findings of fact and determination shall be furnished promptly to the
13	respondent and charging party.
14	3. Once issued to the parties, the Director's findings of fact, determination
15	and order may not be amended or withdrawn except upon the agreement of the parties or in
16	response to an order by the Seattle Human Rights Commission after an appeal taken pursuant to
17	Section 14.16.080.D or 14.16.080.G provided, that the Director may correct clerical mistakes or
18	errors arising from oversight or omission upon a motion from a party or upon the Director's own
19	motion.
20	D. Determination of no reasonable cause Appeal from and dismissal. If a
21	determination is made that there is no reasonable cause for believing a violation of this chapter
22	has been committed, the charging party shall have the right to appeal such determination to the
23	Commission within 30 days of the date the determination is signed by the Director by filing a

1	written statement of appeal with the Commission. Such statement shall state specifically the	
2	grounds on which it is based and the reasons the determination or order or both is in error. The	
3	Commission shall promptly deliver a copy of the statement to the Agency and respondent and	
4	shall promptly consider and act upon such appeal by either affirming the Director's determination	
5	or remanding it to the Director with appropriate instructions. In considering such appeals the	
6	Commission shall only review whether the investigation was adequate and the Director's	
7	findings are supported by a preponderance of the evidence. The burden shall be on the charging	
8	party to demonstrate that the matter should be remanded to the Director. In the event no appeal is	
9	taken or such appeal results in affirmance, the determination of the Director shall be final and the	
10	charge deemed dismissed and the same shall be entered on the records of the Agency.	
11	E. Determination of reasonable cause — Conciliation and settlement of cases	
12	involving all respondents except City departments.	
13	1. In all cases except a case in which a City department is the respondent, if a	
14	reasonable cause determination is made, the Director shall endeavor to eliminate the unlawful	
15	practice by conference, conciliation and persuasion. Conditions of settlement may include (but	
16	are not limited to) the elimination of the unlawful practice, hiring, reinstatement or upgrading	
17	with or without back pay, lost benefits, attorney's fees, admittance or restoration to membership	
18	in a labor organization, or such other action which will effectuate the purposes of this chapter,	
19	including action which could be ordered by a court, except that damages for humiliation and	
20	mental suffering shall not exceed \$10,000. Any settlement agreement shall be reduced to writing	
21	and signed by the Director, the charging party and the respondent. An order shall then be entered	
22	by the Director setting forth the terms of the agreement. Copies of such order shall be delivered	
23	to all affected parties.	
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1	2. In case of failure to reach an agreement and of conciliation and upon a
2	written finding to that effect furnished to the charging party and respondent, except a case in
3	which a City department is a respondent, the Director shall promptly cause to be delivered the
4	entire investigatory file, including the charge and any and all findings made, to the City Attorney
5	for further proceedings and hearing under this chapter pursuant to Section 14.16.080.H.
6	F. Determinations of reasonable cause — Conciliation, settlement and conclusion of
7	cases involving City departments as respondents. In all cases in which a City department is a
8	respondent:
9	1. A determination of reasonable cause by the Director shall be deemed a
10	finding that an unlawful practice has been committed by respondent and is dispositive of this
11	issue for all future proceedings under this chapter, unless appealed, reversed and remanded as
12	provided in this chapter.
13	2. Within sixty days of a determination of reasonable cause, the Director
14	shall confer with the parties and determine an appropriate remedy, which remedy may include
15	(but is not limited to) hiring, reinstatement or upgrading with or without back pay, lost benefits,
16	attorney's fees, or such other action as will effectuate the purposes of this chapter, including
17	action which could be ordered by a court, except that damages for humiliation and mental
18	suffering shall not exceed \$10,000. Such remedy shall be reduced to writing in an order of the
19	<del>Director.</del>
20	3. The charging party must sign a release in the form and manner requested
21	by the Department, releasing the City from further liability for acts giving rise to the charge in
22	order to obtain the benefits of the remedy provided under this section and before payment can be
23	made. Without such release, the Director's order with respect to the charging party's individual

1 relief shall have no force and effect. In such event the Director shall notify the parties involved in 2 writing. In all cases where the remedy determined by the Director before or after 3 4. any appeal includes a monetary payment which exceeds the sum of \$5,000, the charge or claim, 4 5 the Director's determination, order, the charging party's signed release and such further 6 documentation as may be required shall be presented to the City Council for passage by separate 7 ordinance. If the City Council fails or refuses to appropriate the amount ordered by the Director 8 within 90 days, the Director shall certify the case to the Hearing Examiner for a hearing to 9 determine the appropriate monetary relief in the case which determination shall be final and 10 binding upon the City. Where the Director's order includes a monetary payment of \$5,000 or less, 11 5. 12 such payment shall be made under the authority and in the form and manner otherwise provided for by law for payment of such claims. 13 G. Appeals to the Commission from determinations of reasonable cause and orders 14 of excess involving City departments as respondents. In all cases in which a City department is a 15 respondent: 16 17 1. The charging party or respondent may appeal the Director's order and 18 determination of reasonable cause to the Commission within 30 days of the Director's order by 19 filing a written statement of appeal with the Commission. Such statement shall state specifically 20 the grounds on which it is based and the reasons the determination or order or both is in error. 21 The Commission shall promptly mail a copy of the statement to the 2.Department and to the other party and shall promptly consider and act upon such appeal by either 22

1 affirming the Director's determination or order or remanding it to the Director with appropriate 2 instructions. The filing of an appeal shall stay the enforcement of any remedy provided 3 3. for in the Director's determination or order during the pendency of the appeal. 4 5 4. In such appeal, the Commission shall consider only the record submitted 6 to it by the Department and written statements of positions by the parties involved and, in its 7 discretion, oral presentation. The Commission shall reverse the Director's determination or order 8 only upon a finding that it is clearly erroneous. 9 <del>H.</del> Complaint and hearing of cases with all respondents except City departments. 10 1. Following submission of the investigatory file from the Director in cases 11 involving all respondents under 14.16.080.E, the City Attorney shall prepare a complaint against 12 such respondent relating to the charge and facts discovered during the investigation thereof and prosecute the same in the name and on behalf of the Department and the City at a hearing before 13 the Hearing Examiner sitting alone or with representatives of the Commission as provided in this 14 15 chapter and to appear for and represent the interests of the Department and the City at all 16 subsequent proceedings; provided, if the City Attorney determines that there is no legal basis for 17 a complaint to be filed or for proceedings to continue, a statement of the reasons therefore shall 18 be filed with the Department, charging party and the respondent. 2. The complaint shall be served on respondent in the usual manner provided 19 20 by law for service of complaints and filed with the Seattle Hearing Examiner. A copy of such 21 complaint shall be furnished to the charging party.

1	3. Within 20 days of the service of such complaint upon it, the respondent
2	shall file its answer with the Hearing Examiner and serve a copy of the same on the City
3	Attorney.
4	4. Upon the filing of the complaint, the Hearing Examiner shall promptly
5	establish a date for the hearing of such complaint and give notice thereof to the Commission, the
6	City Attorney and respondent, and shall thereafter hold a public hearing on the complaint, which
7	hearing shall commence no earlier than 90 days nor later than 120 days from the filing of the
8	complaint, unless otherwise ordered by the Hearing Examiner.
9	5. After the filing of a complaint with the Hearing Examiner, it may be
10	amended only with the permission of the Hearing Examiner, which permission shall be granted
11	when justice will be served thereby and all parties are allowed time to prepare their case with
12	respect to additional or expanded charges which they did not and could not have reasonably
13	foreseen would be in issue at the hearing.
14	6. The hearing shall be conducted by a Hearing Examiner from the Office of
15	Hearing Examiner, or a hearing examiner pro tempore appointed by the Hearing Examiner from
16	a list approved by the Commission, sitting alone or with representatives of the Commission if
17	any are designated. Such hearings shall be conducted in accordance with SMC Chapter 3.02 and
18	the Hearing Examiner rules applicable to cases brought under this Title 14.
19	7. The Commission, within 30 days after notice of the date of hearing from
20	the Hearing Examiner, at its discretion, may appoint two of its members who have not otherwise
21	been involved in the charge, investigation, fact finding, or other resolution and proceeding on the
22	merits of the case, who have not formed an opinion on the merits of the case, and who otherwise
23	have no pecuniary, private or personal interest or bias in the matter, to hear the case with the

1	Hearing Examiner. If the Commission has designated representatives they shall each have an
2	equal vote with the Hearing Examiner, except the Hearing Examiner shall be the chairperson of
3	the panel and make all evidentiary rulings. Should a question arise as to previous involvement,
4	interest or bias of an appointed Commissioner, the Hearing Examiner shall resolve the issue in
5	conformance with the law on the subject.
6	8. The review of all matters properly brought under this subsection
7	14.16.080.H shall be de novo. Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to limit or prevent de
8	novo review of matters brought before the Hearing Examiner (or the Hearing Examiner and
9	members of the Commission as the case may be) under Sections 14.04.170, 14.06.110,
10	<del>14.08.170, or 14.10.130.</del>
11	I. Decision and order.
12	1. Within 30 days after conclusion of the hearing, the Hearing Examiner (or
13	the Examiner and Commissioners as the case may be) shall prepare a written decision and order,
14	file it as a public record with the City Clerk, and provide a copy to each party of record and to
15	the Agency.
16	2. Such decision shall contain a brief summary of the evidence considered
17	and shall contain findings of fact, conclusions of law upon which the decision is based, and an
18	order detailing the relief deemed appropriate, together with a brief statement of the reasons
19	therefore.
20	3. In the event the Hearing Examiner (or a majority of the panel composed of
21	the Examiner and Commissioners), determines that a respondent has committed a violation of
22	this chapter, the Hearing Examiner (or panel majority) may order the respondent to take such
23	affirmative action or provide for such relief as is deemed necessary to correct the practice,

1	effectuate the purpose of this Chapter 14.16, and secure compliance therewith, including but not
2	limited to hiring, reinstatement, or upgrading with or without back pay, lost benefits, attorney's
3	fees, admittance or restoration to membership in a labor organization, or such other action which
4	will effectuate the purposes of this chapter, including action which could be ordered by a court,
5	except that damages for humiliation and mental suffering shall not exceed \$10,000. Back pay
6	liability shall not accrue from a date more than 2 years prior to the initial filing of the charge.
7	4. Respondent shall comply with the provisions of any order affording relief
8	and shall furnish proof of compliance to the Agency as specified in the order. In the event
9	respondent refuses or fails to comply with the order, the Director shall notify the City Attorney
10	of the same and the City Attorney shall invoke the aid of the appropriate court to secure
11	enforcement or compliance with the order.
12	K. Violation — Penalty. It is unlawful for any person to willfully engage in an unfair
13	practice under this chapter or willfully resist, prevent, impede or interfere with the Director or
14	Hearing Examiner in the performance of their duties under this chapter, or to fail, refuse, or
15	neglect to comply with any lawful order of the Director or Hearing Examiner. Conduct made
16	unlawful by this section constitutes a violation subject to the provisions of Chapter 12A.02 of the
17	Seattle Criminal Code (Ordinance 102843, as amended), and any person convicted thereof may
18	be punished by a civil fine or forfeiture not to exceed \$500.))
19	A. The payment of unpaid wages, liquidated damages, civil penalties, penalties
20	payable to aggrieved parties, fines, and interest provided under this Chapter 14.16 are cumulative
21	and are not intended to be exclusive of any other available remedies, penalties, fines, and
22	procedures.

1	1. Effective January 1, 2017, the amounts of all civil penalties, penalties
2	payable to aggrieved parties, and fines contained in this Section 14.16.080 shall be increased
3	annually to reflect the rate of inflation and calculated to the nearest cent on January 1 of each
4	year thereafter. The Agency shall determine the amounts and file a schedule of such amounts
5	with the City Clerk.
6	2. If there is a remedy due to an aggrieved party, the Director may waive the
7	total amount of civil penalties and fines due to the Agency if the Director determines that the
8	respondent paid the full remedy due to the aggrieved party within ten days of service of the
9	Director's Order. The Director may waive half the amount of civil penalties and fines due to the
10	Agency if the Director determines that the respondent paid the full remedy due to the aggrieved
11	party within 15 days of service of the Director's Order. The Director shall not waive any amount
12	of civil penalties and fines due to the Agency if the Director determines that the respondent has
13	not paid the full remedy due to the aggrieved party after 15 days of service of the Director's
14	Order.
15	3. When determining the amount of liquidated damages, civil penalties,
16	penalties payable to aggrieved parties, and fines due under this Section 14.16.080, including but
17	not limited to the mitigation of civil penalties and fines due to the Agency for timely payment of
18	remedy due to an aggrieved party under subsection 14.16.080.A.2, the Director shall consider the
19	total amount of unpaid wages, liquidated damages, penalties, fines, and interest due; the nature
20	and persistence of the violations; the extent of the respondent's culpability; the substantive or
21	technical nature of the violations; the size, revenue, and human resources capacity of the
22	respondent; the circumstances of each situation; the amount of penalties in similar situations; and
23	other factors pursuant to rules issued by the Director.

1	B. A respondent found to be in violation of this Chapter 14.16 shall be liable for full
2	payment of unpaid wages due, provided that the employee is not entitled to payment for lost tips
3	or commissions for paid sick and paid safe time as defined in Section 14.16.010, plus interest in
4	favor of the aggrieved party under the terms of this Chapter 14.16 and other equitable relief. For
5	a first violation of this Chapter 14.16, the Director may assess liquidated damages in an
6	additional amount of up to twice the unpaid wages. For subsequent violations of this Chapter
7	14.16, the Director shall assess liquidated damages in an additional amount of twice the unpaid
8	wages. If the violation is ongoing when the Agency receives a complaint or opens an
9	investigation, the Director may order payment of amounts that accrue after receipt of the
10	complaint or after the investigation opens and before the date of the Director's Order. Interest
11	shall accrue from the date the unpaid wages were first due at 12 percent per annum, or the
12	maximum rate permitted under RCW 19.52.020. For purposes of this Section 14.16.080, a
13	violation is a subsequent violation if at least one Director's Order has issued against the
14	respondent in the ten years preceding the date of the violation; otherwise, it is a first violation.
15	C. A respondent found to be in violation of Section 14.16.055 for retaliation shall be
16	subject to any appropriate relief at law or equity including, but not limited to reinstatement of the
17	aggrieved party, front pay in lieu of reinstatement with full payment of unpaid wages plus
18	interest in favor of the aggrieved party under the terms of this Chapter 14.16, and liquidated
19	damages in an additional amount of up to twice the unpaid wages. The Director also shall order
20	the imposition of a penalty payable to the aggrieved party of up to \$5,000.
21	D. A respondent who willfully violates the notice and posting requirements of
22	Section 14.16.045 shall be subject to a civil penalty of \$750 for the first violation and \$1,000 for
23	subsequent violations.

1	E. A respondent who willfully hinders, prevents, impedes, or interferes with the
2	Director or Hearing Examiner in the performance of their duties under this Chapter 14.16 shall
3	be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$1,000 and not more than \$5,000.
4	F. For a first violation of this Chapter 14.16, the Director may assess a civil penalty
5	of up to \$500 per aggrieved party. For a second violation of this Chapter 14.16, the Director shall
6	assess a civil penalty of up to \$1,000 per aggrieved party, or an amount equal to ten percent of
7	the total amount of unpaid wages, whichever is greater. For a third or any subsequent violation of
8	this Chapter 14.16, the Director shall assess a civil penalty of up to \$5,000 per aggrieved party,
9	or an amount equal to ten percent of the total amount of unpaid wages, whichever is greater. The
10	maximum civil penalty for a violation of this Chapter 14.16 shall be \$20,000 per aggrieved party,
11	or an amount equal to ten percent of the total amount of unpaid wages, whichever is greater. For
12	purposes of this Section 14.16.080, a violation is a second, third, or subsequent violation if one,
13	two, or more than two Director's Orders, respectively, have issued against the respondent in the
14	ten years preceding the date of the violation; otherwise, it is a first violation.
15	G. For the following violations, the Director may assess a fine in the amounts set
16	forth below:
	Violation Fine

Violation	Fine
Failure to provide notification each time wages	<u>\$500</u>
are paid, an updated amount of paid time	
available for use as paid sick and paid safe	
time under subsection 14.16.030.K	
Failure to provide employees with written	<u>\$500</u>
notice of rights under subsection 14.16.045.B	

Failure to provide employees with employer's	<u>\$500</u>
written policy and procedure for meeting paid	
sick and paid safe time requirements under	
Section 14.16.045.C	
Failure to maintain employer records for three	\$500 per missing record
years under subsection 14.16.050.A	
Failure to comply with prohibitions against	\$1,000 per aggrieved party
retaliation for exercising rights protected under	
Section 14.16.055	
Failure to provide notice of investigation to	<u>\$500</u>
employees under subsection 14.16.070.B.2	
Failure to provide notice of failure to comply	<u>\$500</u>
with final order to public under subsection	
<u>14.16.100.A.1</u>	

The fine amounts shall be increased cumulatively by 50 percent of the fine for each 2 preceding violation for each subsequent violation of the same provision by the same respondent 3 4 within a ten-year period. The maximum amount that may be imposed in fines in any one year 5 period for each type of violation listed above is \$5,000 unless a fine for retaliation is issued, in 6 which case the maximum amount is \$20,000. 7 H. In addition to the unpaid wages, penalties, fines, liquidated damages, and interest, the Agency may assess against the respondent in favor of the City the reasonable costs incurred 8 9 in enforcing this Chapter 14.16, including but not limited to reasonable attorneys' fees.

1	I. An employer that is the subject of a final order for which all appeal rights have
2	been exhausted shall not be permitted to bid, or have a bid considered, on any City contract until
3	such amounts due under the final order have been paid in full to the Director. If an employer is
4	the subject of a final order two times or more within a five-year period, the contractor or
5	subcontractor shall not be allowed to bid on any City contract for two years. This subsection
6	14.16.080.I shall be construed to provide grounds for debarment separate from, and in addition
7	to, those contained in Chapter 20.70 and shall not be governed by that chapter provided that
8	nothing in this subsection 14.16.080.I shall be construed to limit the application of Chapter
9	20.70. The Director shall notify the Director of Finance and Administrative Services of all
10	employers subject to debarment under this subsection 14.16.080.I.
11	Section 17. A new Section 14.16.085 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:
12	14.16.085 Appeal period and failure to respond
13	A. An employee or other person who claims an injury as a result of an alleged
14	violation of this Chapter 14.16 may appeal the Determination of No Violation Shown, pursuant
15	to the rules of the Director.
16	B. A respondent may appeal the Director's Order, including all remedies issued
17	pursuant to Section 14.16.080, by requesting a contested hearing before the Hearing Examiner in
18	writing within 15 days of service of the Director's Order. If a respondent fails to appeal the
19	Director's Order within 15 days of service, the Director's Order shall be final. If the last day of
20	the appeal period so computed is a Saturday, Sunday, or federal or City holiday, the appeal
21	period shall run until 5 p.m. on the next business day.
22	Section 18. Section 14.16.090 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance
23	123698, is amended as follows:

1	14.16.090((. New Employers)) Appeal procedure and failure to appear
2	((The provisions of this Chapter shall not apply to Tier One and Tier Two employers
3	until 24 months after the hire date of their first employee. For the purposes of this section,
4	employer tier shall be calculated based upon the average number of full-time equivalents
5	employed per calendar week during the first 90 calendar days following the hire date of their first
6	employee.))
7	A. Contested hearings shall be conducted pursuant to the procedures for hearing
8	contested cases contained in Section 3.02.090 and the rules adopted by the Hearing Examiner for
9	hearing contested cases. The hearing shall be conducted de novo and the Director shall have the
10	burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that the violation or violations occurred.
11	Upon establishing such proof, the remedies and penalties imposed by the Director shall be
12	upheld unless it is shown that the Director abused discretion. Failure to appear for a contested
13	hearing shall result in an order being entered finding that the respondent committed the violation
14	stated in the Director's Order. For good cause shown and upon terms the Hearing Examiner
15	deems just, the Hearing Examiner may set aside an order entered upon a failure to appear.
16	B. In all contested cases, the Hearing Examiner shall enter an order affirming,
17	modifying or reversing the Director's Order.
18	Section 19. A new Section 14.16.095 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:
19	14.16.095 <u>Appeal from Hearing Examiner order</u>
20	A. The respondent may obtain judicial review of the decision of the Hearing
21	Examiner by applying for a Writ of Review in the King County Superior Court within 30 days
22	from the date of the decision in accordance with the procedure set forth in chapter 7.16 RCW,
23	other applicable law, and court rules.

1 B. The decision of the Hearing Examiner shall be final and conclusive unless review is sought in compliance with this Section 14.16.095. 2 3 Section 20. Section 14.16.100 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance 123698, is amended as follows: 4 14.16.100((. Confidentiality and Nondisclosure)) Failure to comply with final order 5 6 ((A. Except as provided in subsection B of this section, an employer shall maintain the 7 confidentiality of information provided by the employee or others in support of an employee's 8 request for sick or safe days under this section, including health information and the fact that the 9 employee or employee's family member is a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, or 10 stalking, that the employee has requested or obtained leave under this act, and any written or oral 11 statement, documentation, record, or corroborating evidence provided by the employee. 12 <u>B.</u>\_\_\_\_ - Information given by an employee may be disclosed by an employer only if it is requested or consented to by the employee; 13 1.\_\_\_\_ 2. ordered by a court or administrative agency; or 14 3. otherwise required by applicable federal or state law.)) 15 16 If a respondent fails to comply within 30 days of service of any settlement A. agreement with the Agency, or with any final order issued by the Director or the Hearing 17 18 Examiner for which all appeal rights have been exhausted, the Agency may pursue, but is not limited to, the following measures to secure compliance: 19 20 The Director may require the respondent to post public notice of the 1. respondent's failure to comply in a form and manner determined by the Agency. 21

1	2. The Director may refer the matter to a collection agency. The cost to the
2	City for the collection services will be assessed as costs, at the rate agreed to between the City
3	and the collection agency, and added to the amounts due.
4	3. The Director may refer the matter to the City Attorney for the filing of a
5	civil action in King County Superior Court, the Seattle Municipal Court, or any other court of
6	competent jurisdiction to enforce such order or to collect amounts due. In the alternative, the
7	Director may seek to enforce a Director's Order or a final order of the Hearing Examiner under
8	<u>Section 14.16.105.</u>
9	4. The Director may request that the City's Department of Finance and
10	Administrative Services deny, suspend, refuse to renew, or revoke any business license held or
11	requested by the employer or person until such time as the employer complies with the remedy
12	as defined in the settlement agreement or final order. The City's Department of Finance and
13	Administrative Services shall have the authority to deny, refuse to renew, or revoke any business
14	license in accordance with this subsection 14.16.100.A.4.
15	B. No respondent that is the subject of a final order issued under this Chapter 14.16
16	shall quit business, sell out, exchange, convey, or otherwise dispose of the respondent's business
17	or stock of goods without first notifying the Agency and without first notifying the respondent's
18	successor of the amounts owed under the final order at least three business days prior to such
19	transaction. At the time the respondent quits business, or sells out, exchanges, or otherwise
20	disposes of the respondent's business or stock of goods, the full amount of the remedy, as
21	defined in a final order issued by the Director or the Hearing Examiner, shall become
22	immediately due and payable. If the amount due under the final order is not paid by respondent
23	within ten days from the date of such sale, exchange, conveyance, or disposal, the successor shall

the City to the aggrieved party.

1 become liable for the payment of the amount due, provided that the successor has actual knowledge of the order and the amounts due or has prompt, reasonable, and effective means of 2 accessing and verifying the fact and amount of the order and the amounts due. The successor 3 shall withhold from the purchase price a sum sufficient to pay the amount of the full remedy. 4 5 When the successor makes such payment, that payment shall be deemed a payment upon the purchase price in the amount paid, and if such payment is greater in amount than the purchase 6 7 price the amount of the difference shall become a debt due such successor from the employer. Section 21. A new Section 14.16.105 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows: 8 9 14.16.105 Debt owed The City of Seattle All monetary amounts due under the Director's Order shall be a debt owed to the 10 A. 11 City and may be collected in the same manner as any other debt in like amount, which remedy 12 shall be in addition to all other existing remedies, provided that amounts collected by the City for unpaid wages, liquidated damages, penalties payable to aggrieved parties, or front pay shall be 13 held in trust by the City for the aggrieved party and, once collected by the City, shall be paid by 14

Β. 16 If a respondent fails to appeal a Director's Order to the Hearing Examiner within the time period set forth in subsection 14.16.085.B, the Director's Order shall be final, and the 17 Director may petition the Seattle Municipal Court to enforce the Director's Order by entering 18 judgment in favor of the City finding that the respondent has failed to exhaust its administrative 19 20 remedies and that all amounts and relief contained in the order are due. The Director's Order 21 shall constitute prima facie evidence that a violation occurred and shall be admissible without further evidentiary foundation. Any certifications or declarations authorized under RCW 22 23 9A.72.085 containing evidence that the respondent has failed to comply with the order or any

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parts thereof, and is therefore in default, or that the respondent has failed to appeal the Director's
 Order to the Hearing Examiner within the time period set forth in subsection 14.16.085.B, and
 therefore has failed to exhaust the respondent's administrative remedies, shall also be admissible
 without further evidentiary foundation.

C. 5 If a respondent fails to obtain judicial review of an order of the Hearing Examiner within the time period set forth in subsection 14.16.095.A, the order of the Hearing Examiner 6 7 shall be final, and the Director may petition the Seattle Municipal Court to enforce the Director's 8 Order by entering judgment in favor of the City for all amounts and relief due under the order of 9 the Hearing Examiner. The order of the Hearing Examiner shall constitute conclusive evidence 10 that the violations contained therein occurred and shall be admissible without further evidentiary foundation. Any certifications or declarations authorized under RCW 9A.72.085 containing 11 12 evidence that the respondent has failed to comply with the order or any parts thereof, and is 13 therefore in default, or that the respondent has failed to avail itself of judicial review in accordance with subsection 14.16.095.A, shall also be admissible without further evidentiary 14 15 foundation.

D. In considering matters brought under subsections 14.16.105.B and 14.16.105.C,
the Municipal Court may include within its judgment all terms, conditions, and remedies
contained in the Director's Order or the order of the Hearing Examiner, whichever is applicable,
that are consistent with the provisions of this Chapter 14.16.

20 Section 22. Section 14.16.110 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance
21 123698, is amended as follows:

14.16.110((. Encouragement of more generous sick time policies; no effect on more
 generous policies)) Private right of action

((A. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to discourage or prohibit an employer
 from the adoption or retention of a paid sick and safe time policy more generous than the one
 required herein.

B. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as diminishing the obligation of an
employer to comply with any contract, collective bargaining agreement, employment benefit
plan or other agreement providing more generous sick and safe time to an employee than
required herein.

8 C. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as diminishing the rights of public
9 employees regarding paid sick or safe time or use of sick or safe time as provided under federal
10 or Washington state law, or the Seattle Municipal Code.))

Effective April 1, 2016, for claims against employers that employ 50 or more 11 A. 12 employees and effective April 1, 2017 for claims against employers that employ fewer than 50 employees, any person or class of persons that suffers financial injury as a result of a violation 13 14 of this Chapter 14.16 or is the subject of prohibited retaliation under Section 14.16.080, may 15 bring a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction against the employer or other person violating this Chapter 14.16 and, upon prevailing, may be awarded reasonable attorney fees 16 and costs and such legal or equitable relief as may be appropriate to remedy the violation 17 including, without limitation: the payment of any unpaid wages plus interest due to the person 18 19 and liquidated damages in an additional amount of up to twice the unpaid wages; and a penalty 20 payable to any aggrieved party of up to \$5000 if the aggrieved party was subject to prohibited retaliation. Interest shall accrue from the date the unpaid wages were first due at 12 percent per 21 annum, or the maximum rate permitted under RCW 19.52.020. 22

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B. For purposes of determining employer size for this Section 14.16.110,

1	1. An employee who is not covered by this Chapter 14.16 shall be included
2	in any determination of employer size.
3	2. Employer size for the current calendar year will be calculated based upon
4	the average number per calendar week of employees who worked for compensation during the
5	preceding calendar year for any and all weeks during which at least one employee worked for
6	compensation. For employers that did not have any employees during the previous calendar year,
7	the employer size will be calculated based upon the average number per calendar week of
8	employees who worked for compensation during the first 90 calendar days of the current year in
9	which the employer engaged in business.
10	3. All employees who worked for compensation shall be counted, including
11	but not limited to:
12	a. Employees who worked inside the City;
13	b. Employees who worked outside the City; and
14	c. Employees who worked in full-time employment, part-time
15	employment, joint employment, temporary employment, or through the services of a temporary
16	services or staffing agency or similar entity.
17	4. Separate entities that form an integrated enterprise shall be considered a
18	single employer under this Chapter 14.16. Separate entities will be considered an integrated
19	enterprise and a single employer under this Chapter 14.16 where a separate entity controls the
20	operation of another entity. The factors to consider in making this assessment include, but are not
21	limited to:
22	a. Degree of interrelation between the operations of multiple entities;
23	b. Degree to which the entities share common management;

1	c. Centralized control of labor relations; and
2	d. Degree of common ownership or financial control over the entities.
3	C. For purposes of this Section 14.16.110, "person" includes any entity a member of
4	which has suffered financial injury or retaliation, or any other individual or entity acting on
5	behalf of an aggrieved party that has suffered financial injury or retaliation.
6	D. For purposes of determining membership within a class of persons entitled to
7	bring an action under this Section 14.16.110, two or more employees are similarly situated if
8	they:
9	1. Are or were employed by the same employer or employers, whether
10	concurrently or otherwise, at some point during the applicable statute of limitations period,
11	2. Allege one or more violations that raise similar questions as to liability,
12	and
13	3. Seek similar forms of relief.
14	E. For purposes of subsection 14.16.110.D, employees shall not be considered
15	dissimilar solely because their
16	1. Claims seek damages that differ in amount, or
17	2. Job titles or other means of classifying employees differ in ways that are
18	unrelated to their claims.
19	Section 23. A new Section 14.16.115 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:
20	14.16.115 Encouragement of more generous policies
21	A. Nothing in this Chapter 14.16 shall be construed to discourage or prohibit an
22	employer from the adoption or retention of a paid sick and paid safe time policy more generous
23	than the one required herein.

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B. Nothing in this Chapter 14.16 shall be construed as diminishing the obligation of an employer to comply with any contract, collective bargaining agreement, employment benefit plan, or other agreement providing more generous sick and paid safe time to an employee than required herein.

C. Nothing in this Chapter 14.16 shall be construed as diminishing the rights of
public employees regarding paid sick or paid safe time or use of sick or paid safe time as
provided under federal or Washington state law or the Seattle Municipal Code.

8 Section 24. Section 14.16.120 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance
9 123698, is amended as follows:

# 10 **14.16.120**((<del>. Waiver of the Provisions of the Chapter</del>)) <u>Waiver; Effect on collective</u> 11 bargaining rights

The provisions of this ((chapter)) <u>Chapter 14.16</u> shall not apply to any employees covered by a
bona fide collective bargaining agreement to the extent that such requirements are expressly
waived in the collective bargaining agreement in clear and unambiguous terms.

Any waiver by an individual of any provisions of this ((chapter)) <u>Chapter 14.16</u> shall be deemed
contrary to public policy and shall be void and unenforceable.

Section 25. A new Section 14.16.125 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:

## 14.16.125 Other legal requirements

A. This Chapter 14.16 provides minimum requirements pertaining to paid sick and paid safe time and shall not be construed to preempt, limit, or otherwise affect the applicability of any other law, regulation, requirement, policy, or standard that provides for greater accrual or use by employees of sick or safe time, whether paid or unpaid, or that extends other protections to employees; and nothing in this Chapter 14.16 shall be interpreted or applied so as to create any

1	power or duty in conflict with federal or state law. Nor shall this Chapter 14.16 be construed to
1	power or duty in conflict with federal or state law. Nor shall this Chapter 14.16 be construed to
2	preclude any person aggrieved from seeking judicial review of any final administrative decision
3	or order made under this Chapter 14.16 affecting such person.
4	B. The paid sick and paid safe time required by this Chapter 14.16 is in addition to a
5	contractor's obligations under 41 U.S.C. chapter 67 (Service Contract Act) and 40 U.S.C.
6	chapter 31, subchapter IV (Davis-Bacon Act), or under chapter 39.12 RCW and contractors may
7	not receive credit toward their prevailing wage or fringe benefit obligations under those Acts and
8	Washington state law for any paid sick and paid safe time provided in satisfaction of the
9	requirements of this Chapter 14.16. A contractor's existing paid leave policy provided in
10	addition to the fulfillment of those Acts and Washington state law obligations, if applicable, and
11	made available to all employees covered by this Chapter 14.16, will satisfy the requirements of
12	this Chapter 14.16 provided that:
13	1. Available paid leave may be used for the same purposes and under the
14	same conditions as paid sick and paid safe time as set forth in Section 14.16.030; and
15	2. Paid leave is accrued at the rate consistent with subsection 14.16.025.B.1;
16	and
17	3. Use of paid leave within any benefit year is limited to no less than the
18	amounts specified respectively for Tier 1 and Tier 2 employers in subsection 14.16.025.C; and
19	4. Any accrued but unused paid leave may be carried over to the following
20	benefit year consistent with subsection 14.16.025.G.
21	Section 26. Section 14.16.130 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance
22	123698, is amended as follows:
23	14.16.130(( <del>. Other Legal Requirements</del> )) <u>Severability</u>

1	((This chapter provides minimum requirements pertaining to paid sick and safe time and shall
2	not be construed to preempt, limit, or otherwise affect the applicability of any other law,
3	regulation, requirement, policy, or standard that provides for greater accrual or use by employees
4	of sick or safe time, whether paid or unpaid, or that extends other protections to employees; and
5	nothing in this chapter shall be interpreted or applied so as to create any power or duty in conflict
6	with federal or state law. Nor shall this chapter be construed to preclude any person aggrieved
7	from seeking judicial review of any final administrative decision or order made under this
8	chapter affecting such person.))
9	The provisions of this Chapter 14.16 are declared to be separate and severable. If any clause,
10	sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section, subsection, or portion of this Chapter 14.16, or the
11	application thereof to any employer, employee, person, or circumstance, is held to be invalid, it
12	shall not affect the validity of the remainder of this Chapter 14.16, or the validity of its
13	application to other persons or circumstances.
14	Section 27. A new Section 14.17.005 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:
15	14.17.005 Short Title
16	This Chapter 14.17 shall constitute the "Fair Chance Employment Ordinance" and may be cited
17	as such.
18	Section 28. Section 14.17.010 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
19	124644, is amended as follows:
20	14.17.010 Definitions
21	For ((the)) purposes of this ((chapter)) Chapter 14.17:
22	"Adverse action" means denying a job or promotion, demoting, terminating, failing to
23	rehire after a seasonal interruption of work, threatening, penalizing, retaliating, engaging in

1	unfair immigration-related practices, filing a false report with a government agency, changing an
2	employee's status to a nonemployee, or otherwise discriminating against any person for any
3	reason prohibited by Section 14.17.030. "Adverse action" for an employee may involve any
4	aspect of employment, including pay, work hours, responsibilities, or other material change in
5	the terms and condition of employment.
6	"Agency" ((shall mean)) means the Office for Civil Rights and any division therein.
7	"Aggrieved party" means an employee or other person who suffers tangible or intangible
8	harm due to an employer or other person's violation of this Chapter 14.17.
9	"Arrest record" ((shall mean)) means information indicating that a person has been
10	apprehended, detained, taken into custody, held for investigation, or restrained by a law
11	enforcement agency or military authority due to an accusation or suspicion that the person
12	committed a crime.
13	"City" ((shall mean)) means the City of Seattle.
14	(("Charging party" means a person who files an Agency charge claiming he was
15	aggrieved by an alleged violation of this chapter.
16	"Commission" means the Seattle Human Rights Commission.))
17	"Conviction Record" and "Criminal History Record Information" ((is)) are meant to be
18	consistent with <u>chapter 10.97</u> RCW (( $10.97$ )) and means information regarding a final criminal
19	adjudication or other criminal disposition adverse to the subject, including a verdict of guilty, a
20	finding of guilty, or a plea of guilty or nolo contendere. A criminal conviction record does not
21	include any prior conviction that has been the subject of an expungement, vacation of conviction,
22	sealing of the court file, pardon, annulment, certificate of rehabilitation, or other equivalent
23	procedure based on a finding of the rehabilitation of the person convicted, or a prior conviction

1	that has been the subject of a pardon, annulment, or other equivalent procedure based on a
2	finding of innocence. It does include convictions for offenses for which the defendant received a
3	deferred or suspended sentence, unless the adverse disposition has been vacated or expunged.
4	"Criminal background check" ((shall mean)) means requesting or attempting to obtain,
5	directly or through an agent, an individual's Conviction Record or Criminal History Record
6	Information from the Washington State Patrol or any other source that compiles and maintains
7	such records or information.
8	"Director" means the Division Director of the Office of Labor Standards within the
9	Office for Civil Rights or the Division Director's designee.
10	"Employ" means to suffer or permit to work.
11	"Employee" ((shall mean)) means any individual employed by an employer, ((who
12	performs any services for an employer, when the physical location of such services is in whole or
13	in substantial part (at least 50 % of the time) within the City.)) including but not limited to full-
14	time employees, part-time employees, and temporary workers.
15	1. An employer bears the burden of proof that the individual is in business
16	for oneself rather than dependent upon the alleged employer.
17	<u>2.</u> For purposes of this (( <del>chapter</del> )) <u>Chapter 14.17</u> , "employee" does not
18	include an individual whose job duties or prospective job duties include law enforcement,
19	policing, crime prevention, security, criminal justice, or private investigation services. In
20	addition, "employee" does not include an individual who will or may have unsupervised access
21	to children under ((sixteen)) 16 years of age, developmentally disabled persons, or vulnerable
22	adults during the course of ((his or her)) the individual's employment.

1	"Employer" ((shall mean any person who has one or more employees, or the employer's
2	designee or any person acting in the interest of such employer. For purposes of this chapter,
3	"employer" includes job placement, referral, and employment agencies.)) means any individual,
4	partnership, association, corporation, business trust, or any entity, person or group of persons, or
5	a successor thereof, that employs another person and includes any such entity or person acting
6	directly or indirectly in the interest of an employer in relation to an employee.
7	1. More than one entity may be the "employer" if employment by one
8	employer is not completely disassociated from employment by the other employer.
9	2. For purposes of this Chapter 14.17, "employer" (("Employer")) does not
10	include any of the following:
11	((1.))a. The United States government;
12	((2.))b. The State of Washington, including any office, department,
13	agency, authority, institution, association, society, or other body of the state, including the
14	legislature and the judiciary;
15	((3.))c. Any county or local government other than the City.
16	"Front pay" means the compensation the employee would earn or would have earned if
17	reinstated to the employee's former position.
18	"Job applicant" ((shall mean)) means any individual who applies or is otherwise a
19	candidate to become an employee, as defined in this Chapter <u>14.17</u> .
20	A "legitimate business reason" shall exist where, based on information known to the
21	employer at the time the employment decision is made, the employer believes in good faith that
22	the nature of the criminal conduct underlying the conviction or the pending criminal charge
23	either:
1	1. Will have a negative impact on the employee's or applicant's fitness or
----	--
2	ability to perform the position sought or held, or
3	2. Will harm or cause injury to people, property, business reputation, or
4	business assets, and the employer has considered the following factors:
5	a. the seriousness of the underlying criminal conviction or pending
6	criminal charge $((,))$ ; and $((;))$
7	b. the number and types of convictions or pending criminal charges
8	((,)); and $((,))$
9	c. the time that has elapsed since the conviction or pending criminal
10	charge, excluding periods of incarceration $((,))$ ; and $((;))$
11	d. any verifiable information related to the individual's rehabilitation
12	or good conduct, provided by the individual $((,))$ and $((,))$
13	e. the specific duties and responsibilities of the position sought or
14	held $((,))$ ; and $((;))$
15	f. the place and manner in which the position will be performed.
16	"Pending criminal charge" means an existing accusation that an individual has committed
17	a crime, lodged by a law enforcement agency or military authority through an indictment,
18	information, complaint, or other formal charge, where the accusation has not yet resulted in a
19	final judgment, acquittal, conviction, plea, dismissal, or withdrawal.
20	"Rate of inflation" means 100 percent of the annual average growth rate of the bi-
21	monthly Seattle-Tacoma-Bremerton Area Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and
22	Clerical Workers, termed CPI-W, for the 12 month period ending in August, provided that the
23	percentage increase shall not be less than zero.

1	"Respondent" means an employer or any ((employer)) person who is alleged or found to
2	have committed a violation of this ((chapter)) Chapter 14.17.
3	"Successor" means any person to whom an employer quitting, selling out, exchanging, or
4	disposing of a business sells or otherwise conveys in bulk and not in the ordinary course of the
5	employer's business, a major part of the property, whether real or personal, tangible or
6	intangible, of the employer's business. For purposes of this definition, "person" means an
7	individual, receiver, administrator, executor, assignee, trustee in bankruptcy, trust, estate, firm,
8	corporation, business trust, partnership, limited liability partnership, company, joint stock
9	company, limited liability company, association, joint venture, or any other legal or commercial
10	entity.
11	"Tangible adverse employment action" means a decision by an employer to reject an
12	otherwise qualified job applicant, or to terminate, suspend, discipline, demote, or deny a
13	promotion to an employee.
14	"Wage" means compensation due to an employee by reason of employment, payable in
15	legal tender of the United States or checks on banks convertible into cash on demand at full face
16	value, subject to such deductions, charges, or allowances as may be permitted by rules of the
17	Director.
18	Section 29. A new Section 14.17.015 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:
19	14.17.015 Employment in Seattle
20	An employee is covered by this Chapter 14.17 when the physical location of such services is in
21	whole or in substantial part (at least 50 percent of the time) within the geographic boundaries of
22	the City.
23	Section 30. A new Section 14.17.025 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:

1	14.17.025 Notice and posting	I
2	A. The Agency shall create and distribute a poster giving notice of the rights	I
3	afforded by this Chapter 14.17. The Agency shall create and distribute the poster in English,	I
4	Spanish, and any other languages that are necessary for employers to comply with subsection	I
5	14.17.025.B. The poster shall give notice of:	I
6	1. the right to fair chance employment and regulation of an employer's use of	I
7	arrest and conviction records by this Chapter 14.17;	I
8	2. the right to be protected from retaliation for exercising in good faith the	I
9	rights protected by this Chapter 14.17; and	I
10	3. the right to file a complaint with the Agency for violation of the	I
11	requirements of this Chapter 14.17, including an employer's improper use of arrest and	I
12	conviction records in an employment decision, and an employer or other person's retaliation	I
13	against an employee or other person for engaging in an activity protected by this Chapter 14.17.	I
14	B. Effective April 1, 2016, employers shall display the poster in a conspicuous and	I
15	accessible location where any of their employees work. Employers shall display the poster in	I
16	English and in the primary language of the employee(s) at the particular workplace. If display of	I
17	the poster is not feasible, including situations when the employee works remotely or does not	I
18	have a regular workplace, employers may provide the poster on an individual basis in an	I
19	employee's primary language in physical or electronic format that is reasonably conspicuous and	I
20	accessible.	I
21	Section 31. Section 14.17.030 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance	
22	124201, is amended as follows:	1

# 1 14.17.030 ((Effect on Collective Bargaining Rights And Other Laws)) <u>Retaliation</u>

2 prohibited

3 ((A. This chapter shall not be construed to interfere with, impede, or in any way
4 diminish any provision in a collective bargaining agreement or the right of employees to bargain
5 collectively with their employers through representatives of their own choosing concerning
6 wages or standards or conditions of employment.

7 This chapter shall not be interpreted or applied to diminish or conflict with any <u>B.</u> 8 requirements of state or federal law, including Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the 9 federal Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. 1681, as amended, the Washington State Fair Credit 10 Reporting Act, RCW 19.182, as amended, the Washington State Criminal Records Privacy Act, 11 RCW 10.97, as amended, and state laws regarding criminal background checks, including those 12 related to individuals with access to children or vulnerable persons, RCW 43.43.830, et seq., as 13 amended. In the event of any conflict, state and federal requirements shall supersede the 14 requirements of this chapter.

C. This chapter shall not be interpreted or applied as imposing an obligation on the
 part of an employer to provide accommodations or job modifications in order to facilitate the
 employment or continued employment of an applicant or employee with a conviction record or
 who is facing pending criminal charges.

D. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to discourage or prohibit an employer
 from adopting employment policies that are more generous to employees and job applicants than
 the requirements of this chapter.

E. This chapter shall not be construed to create a private civil right of action to seek
 damages or remedies of any kind.))

1	A. No employer or any other person shall interfere with, restrain, or deny the
2	exercise of, or the attempt to exercise, any right protected under this Chapter 14.17.
3	B. No employer or any other person shall take any adverse action against any person
4	because the person has exercised in good faith the rights protected under this Chapter 14.17.
5	Such rights include but are not limited to the right to right to fair chance employment and
6	regulation of an employer's use of arrest and conviction records by this Chapter 14.17; the right
7	to make inquiries about the rights protected under this Chapter 14.17; the right to inform others
8	about their rights under this Chapter 14.17; the right to inform the person's employer, union, or
9	similar organization, and/or the person's legal counsel or any other person about an alleged
10	violation of this Chapter 14.17; the right to file an oral or written complaint with the Agency for
11	an alleged violation of this Chapter 14.17; the right to cooperate with the Agency in its
12	investigations of this Chapter 14.17; the right to testify in a proceeding under or related to this
13	Chapter 14.17; the right to refuse to participate in an activity that would result in a violation of
14	city, state or federal law; and the right to oppose any policy, practice, or act that is unlawful
15	under this Chapter 14.17.
16	C. No employer or any other person shall communicate to a person exercising rights
17	protected in this Section 14.17.030, directly or indirectly, the willingness to inform a government
18	employee that the person is not lawfully in the United States; or to report, or to make an implied
19	or express assertion of a willingness to report, suspected citizenship or immigration status of an
20	employee or family member of the employee to a federal, state, or local agency because the
21	employee has exercised a right under this Chapter 14.17.
22	D. It shall be a rebuttable presumption of retaliation if an employer or any other
23	person takes an adverse action against a person within 90 days of the person's exercise of rights

1	protected in this Section 14.17.030. However, in the case of seasonal work that ended before the
2	close of the 90 day period, the presumption also applies if the employer fails to rehire a former
3	employee at the next opportunity for work in the same position. The employer may rebut the
4	presumption with clear and convincing evidence that the adverse action was taken for a
5	permissible purpose.
6	E. Standard of proof. Proof of retaliation under this Section 14.17.030 shall be
7	sufficient upon a showing that an employer or any other person has taken an adverse action
8	against a person and the person's exercise of rights protected in this Section 14.17.030 was a
9	motivating factor in the adverse action, unless the employer can prove that the action would have
10	been taken in the absence of such protected activity.
11	F. The protections afforded under this Section 14.17.030 shall apply to any person
12	who mistakenly but in good faith alleges violations of this Chapter 14.17.
13	G. A complaint or other communication by any person triggers the protections of this
14	Section 14.17.030 regardless of whether the complaint or communication is in writing or makes
15	explicit reference to this Chapter 14.17.
16	Section 32. A new Section 14.17.035 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:
17	14.17.035 Enforcement power and duties
18	A. The Agency shall have the power to investigate violations of this Chapter 14.17,
19	as defined herein, and shall have such powers and duties in the performance of these functions as
20	are defined in this Chapter 14.17 and otherwise necessary and proper in the performance of the
21	same and provided for by law.
22	B. The Agency shall be authorized to coordinate implementation and enforcement of
23	this Chapter 14.17 and shall promulgate appropriate guidelines or rules for such purposes.

1 C. The Director is authorized and directed to promulgate rules consistent with this Chapter 14.17 and the Administrative Code. Any guidelines or rules promulgated by the Director 2 shall have the force and effect of law and may be relied on by employers, employees, and other 3 parties to determine their rights and responsibilities under this Chapter 14.17. 4 5 D. The Director shall convene a panel of stakeholders with a balance of perspectives, including members of the employer, social service, legal community and the Seattle Human 6 Rights Commission to help develop the appropriate guidelines and rules to implement this 7 8 ordinance, and to oversee and provide input and feedback to the Director on the implementation 9 of this ordinance for at least the first six months after the effective date of Ordinance 124201. E. 10 The Director shall maintain data on the number of complaints filed pursuant to 11 this Chapter 14.17, demographic information on the complainants, the number of investigations 12 it conducts and the disposition of every complaint and investigation. The Director shall submit this data to the City Council every six months for the two years following the effective date of 13 Ordinance 124201. 14 15 F. Upon the written request of an employer, the Director has the authority to extend the implementation date for that employer, for a reasonable amount of time, to provide the 16 17 employer time to make the necessary changes to their employment systems or forms.

Section 33. Section 14.17.040 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance 124201, is amended as follows:

## 20 **14.17.040** ((**Regulations**)) **Violation**

21 ((A. The Agency shall be authorized to coordinate implementation and enforcement of
 22 this chapter and shall promulgate appropriate guidelines or regulations for such purposes. The
 23 Agency shall convene a panel of stakeholders with a balance of perspectives, including members

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1 of the employer, social service, legal community and the Seattle Human Rights Commission to 2 help develop the appropriate guidelines and regulations to implement this ordinance, and to oversee and provide input and feedback to the Director on the implementation of this ordinance 3 for at least the first six months after the ordinance's effective date. Upon the written request of an 4 5 employer, the Director has the authority to extend the implementation date for that employer, for 6 a reasonable amount of time, to provide the employer time to make the necessary changes to 7 their employment systems or forms. 8 The Agency will maintain data on the number of complaints filed pursuant to this <del>B.</del> 9 chapter, demographic information on the complainants, the number of investigations it conducts 10 and the disposition of every complaint and investigation. This data shall be submitted to the City 11 Council every six months for the two years following the date this ordinance takes effect.)) 12 The failure of any respondent to comply with any requirement imposed on the respondent under this Chapter 14.17 is a violation. 13 Section 34. A new Section 14.17.045 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows: 14 14.17.045 Investigation 15 A. The Agency shall have the power to investigate any violations of this Chapter 16 17 14.17 by any respondent. The Agency may initiate an investigation pursuant to rules issued by 18 the Director including, but not limited to, situations when the Director has reason to believe that 19 a violation has occurred or will occur, when circumstances show that violations are likely to 20 occur within a class of businesses because the workforce contains significant numbers of 21 workers who are vulnerable to violations of this Chapter 14.16 or the workforce is unlikely to volunteer information regarding such violations. An investigation may also be initiated through 22 23 the receipt by the Agency of a report or complaint filed by an employee or other person.

B. An employee or other person may report to the Agency any suspected violation of
this Chapter 14.17. The Agency shall encourage reporting pursuant to this Section 14.17.045 by
taking the following measures:

The Agency shall keep confidential, to the maximum extent permitted by
 applicable laws, the name and other identifying information of the employee or person reporting
 the violation. However, with the authorization of such person, the Agency may disclose the
 employee's or person's name and identifying information as necessary to enforce this Chapter
 14.17 or for other appropriate purposes.

9 2. An employer must post or otherwise notify its employees that the Agency
is conducting an investigation, using a form provided by the Agency and displaying it on-site, in
a conspicuous and accessible location, and in English and the primary language of the
employee(s) at the particular workplace. If display of the form is not feasible, including
situations when the employee works remotely or does not have a regular workplace, employers
may provide the form on an individual basis in the employee's primary language in physical or
electronic format that is reasonably conspicuous and accessible.

3. The Agency may certify the eligibility of eligible persons for "U" Visas
under the provisions of 8 U.S.C. § 1184.p and 8 U.S.C. § 1101.a.15.U. This certification is
subject to applicable federal law and regulations, and rules issued by the Director.

C. The Agency's investigation must commence within three years of the alleged
violation. To the extent permitted by law, the applicable statute of limitations for civil actions is
tolled during any investigation under this Chapter 14.17 and any administrative enforcement
proceeding under this Chapter 14.17 based upon the same facts. For purposes of this Chapter
14.17:

1 1. The Agency's investigation begins on the earlier date of when the Agency 2 receives a complaint from a person under this Chapter 14.17, or the Agency opens an investigation under this Chapter 14.17. 3 2. The Agency's investigation ends when the Agency issues a final order 4 5 concluding the matter and any appeals have been exhausted; the time to file any appeal has 6 expired; or the Agency notifies the respondent in writing that the investigation has been 7 otherwise resolved. D. The Agency's investigation shall be conducted in an objective and impartial 8 9 manner. E. 10 The Director may apply by affidavit or declaration in the form allowed under RCW 9A.72.085 to the Hearing Examiner for the issuance of subpoenas for the attendance and 11 12 testimony of witnesses, or for the production of documents relevant to the issue of whether an 13 employer has violated any provision of this Chapter 14.17. The Hearing Examiner shall conduct the review without hearing as soon as practicable and shall issue subpoenas upon a showing that 14 15 there is reason to believe that a violation has occurred if a complaint has been filed with the 16 Agency, or that circumstances show that violations are likely to occur within a class of 17 businesses because the workforce contains significant numbers of workers who are vulnerable to 18 violations of this Chapter 14.17 or the workforce is unlikely to volunteer information regarding such violations. 19 20

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F. An employer that fails to comply with the terms of any subpoena issued under subsection 14.17.045.E. in an investigation by the Agency under this Chapter 14.17 prior to the issuance of a Director's Order issued pursuant to subsection 14.17.050.C may not use such

records in any appeal to challenge the correctness of any determination by the Agency of
 damages owed or penalties assessed.

G. In addition to other remedies, the Director may refer any subpoena issued under 3 subsection 14.17.045.E to the City Attorney to seek a court order to enforce any subpoena. 4 5 H. Where the Director has reason to believe that a violation has occurred, the 6 Director may order any appropriate temporary or interim relief to mitigate the violation or 7 maintain the status quo pending completion of a full investigation or hearing, including but not 8 limited to a deposit of funds or bond sufficient to satisfy a good-faith estimate of wages, interest, 9 damages and penalties due. A respondent may appeal any such order in accordance with subsection 14.17.060.B. 10 Section 35. Section 14.17.050 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance 11 12 124201, is amended as follows: 14.17.050 ((Exercise of Rights Protected; Retaliation Prohibited)) Findings of fact and 13 determination 14 15 ((A. It shall be a violation for an employer or any other person to interfere with, 16 restrain, or deny the exercise of, or the attempt to exercise, any right protected under this chapter. 17 B. It shall be a violation for an employer or any other person to retaliate against an 18 employee or job applicant because the employee or applicant has exercised in good faith the 19 right to file a complaint with the Agency about any employer's alleged violation of this chapter, 20 the right to cooperate in the Agency's investigation, or the right to oppose any policy, practice, or 21 act that is unlawful under this chapter. The protections afforded under subsection 14.17.050.B shall apply to any person 22 C\_\_\_

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who mistakenly but in good faith alleges violations of this chapter.))

1	A. Except when there is an agreed upon settlement, the Director shall issue a written
2	determination with findings of fact resulting from the investigation and statement of whether a
3	violation of this Chapter 14.17 has or has not occurred based on a preponderance of the evidence
4	before the Director.
5	B. If the Director determines that there is no violation of this Chapter 14.17, the
6	Director shall issue a "Determination of No Violation" with notice of an employee or other
7	person's right to appeal the decision, subject to the rules of the Director.
8	C. If the Director determines that a violation of this Chapter 14.17 has occurred, the
9	Director shall issue a "Director's Order" that shall include a notice of violation identifying the
10	violation or violations. The Director's Order shall state with specificity the amounts due under
11	this Chapter 14.17 for each violation, including payment of unpaid wages, liquidated damages,
12	civil penalties, penalties payable to aggrieved parties, fines, and interest pursuant to Section
13	14.17.055. The Director's Order may specify that civil penalties and fines due to the Agency can
14	be mitigated for respondent's timely payment of remedy due to an aggrieved party under
15	subsection 14.17.055.A.2. The Director's Order may direct the respondent to take such
16	corrective action as is necessary to comply with the requirements of this Chapter 14.17,
17	including, but not limited to, monitored compliance for a reasonable time period. The Director's
18	Order shall include notice of the respondent's right to appeal the decision, pursuant to Section
19	<u>14.17.060.</u>
20	Section 36. A new Section 14.17.055 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:
21	14.17.055 Remedies
22	A. The payment of unpaid wages, liquidated damages, civil penalties, penalties
23	payable to aggrieved parties, fines, and interest provided under this Chapter 14.17 are cumulative

and are not intended to be exclusive of any other available remedies, penalties, fines, and
 procedures.

1. Effective January 1, 2017, the amounts of all civil penalties, penalties 3 payable to aggrieved parties, and fines contained in this Section 14.17.055 shall be increased 4 5 annually to reflect the rate of inflation and calculated to the nearest cent on January 1 of each 6 year thereafter. The Agency shall determine the amounts and file a schedule of such amounts 7 with the City Clerk.2. If there is a remedy due to an aggrieved party, the Director may waive the total amount of civil penalties and fines due to the Agency if the Director determines that the 8 9 respondent paid the full remedy due to the aggrieved party within ten days of service of the 10 Director's Order. The Director may waive half the amount of civil penalties and fines due to the Agency if the Director determines that the respondent paid the full remedy due to the aggrieved 11 12 party within 15 days of service of the Director's Order. The Director shall not waive any amount of civil penalties and fines due to the Agency if the Director determines that the respondent has 13 not paid the full remedy due to the aggrieved party after 15 days of service of the Director's 14 15 Order.

3. When determining the amount of liquidated damages, civil penalties, penalties payable to aggrieved parties, and fines due under this Section 14.17.055, including but not limited to the mitigation of civil penalties and fines due to the Agency for timely payment of remedy due to an aggrieved party under subsection 14.17.055.A.2, the Director shall consider the total amount of unpaid wages, liquidated damages, penalties, fines, and interest due; the nature and persistence of the violations; the extent of the respondent's culpability; the substantive or technical nature of the violations; the size, revenue, and human resources capacity of the

respondent; the circumstances of each situation; the amount of penalties in similar situations; and other factors as established by rules issued by the Director.

B. If a violation is ongoing when the Agency receives a complaint or opens an investigation, the Director may order payment of amounts that accrue after receipt of the complaint or after the investigation opens and before the date of the Director's Order. Interest shall accrue from the date the unpaid wages were first due at 12 percent per annum, or the maximum rate permitted under RCW 19.52.020.

C. A respondent found to be in violation of this Chapter 14.17 for retaliation under
Section 14.17.040 shall be subject to any appropriate relief at law or equity including, but not
limited to reinstatement of the aggrieved party, front pay in lieu of reinstatement with full
payment of unpaid wages plus interest in favor of the aggrieved party under the terms of this
Chapter 14.17, and liquidated damages in an additional amount of up to twice the unpaid wages.
The Director also shall order a penalty payable to the aggrieved party of up to \$5,000.

D. A respondent who willfully violates the notice and posting requirements of
Section 14.17.025 shall be subject to a civil penalty of \$750 for the first violation and \$1,000 for
subsequent violations.

E. A respondent who willfully hinders, prevents, impedes, or interferes with the
Director or Hearing Examiner in the performance of their duties under this Chapter 14.17 shall
be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$1,000 and not more than \$5,000.

F. For a first violation of this Chapter 14.17, the Director shall issue an order
requiring the respondent to pay a penalty of up to \$500 per aggrieved party, payable to the
aggrieved job applicant, employee or other aggrieved person. For a second violation of this
Chapter 14.17, the Director shall issue an order requiring the respondent to pay a penalty of up to

1 \$1,000 per aggrieved party, payable to the aggrieved job applicant, employee, or other aggrieved 2 person. For a third or any subsequent violation of this Chapter 14.17, the Director shall issue an 3 order requiring the respondent to pay a penalty of up to \$5,000 per aggrieved party, payable to 4 the aggrieved job applicant, employee, or other aggrieved person. If there is no identified job applicant, employee, or aggrieved person, the penalty required by this subsection 14.17.055.F 5 shall be paid to the Agency as a civil penalty. For purposes of this Section 14.17.055, a violation 6 7 is a second, third, or subsequent violation of one, two, or more than two Director's Orders, 8 respectively, have issued against the respondent in the ten years preceding the date of the 9 violation; otherwise, it is a first violation.

For the following violations, the Director may assess a fine in the amounts set

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11 forth below:

G.

Violation	Fine
Failure to provide employees with written	\$500
notice of rights under Section 14.17.025.B	
Failure to comply with prohibitions against	\$1,000 per aggrieved party
retaliation for exercising rights protected under	
Section 14.17.030	
Failure to provide notice of investigation to	\$500
employees under subsection 14.17.045.B.2	
Failure to provide notice of failure to comply	\$500
with final order to public under subsection	
14.17.075.A.1	

The fine amounts shall be increased cumulatively by 50 percent of the fine for each preceding violation\_for each subsequent violation of the same provision by the same employer or person within a ten year period. The maximum amount that may be imposed in fines in any one year period for each type of violation listed above is \$5,000 unless a fine for retaliation is issued, in which case the maximum amount is \$20,000.

H. In addition to the unpaid wages, penalties, fines, liquidated damages, and interest,
the Agency may assess against the respondent in favor of the City the reasonable costs incurred
in enforcing this Chapter 14.17, including but not limited to reasonable attorneys' fees.

I. An employer that is the subject of a final order for which all appeal rights have been exhausted shall not be permitted to bid, or have a bid considered, on any City contract until such amounts due under the final order have been paid in full to the Director. If an employer is the subject of a final order two times or more within a five-year period, the contractor or subcontractor shall not be allowed to bid on any City contract for two years. This subsection 14.17.055.I shall be construed to provide grounds for debarment separate from, and in addition to, those contained in Chapter 20.70 and shall not be governed by that chapter provided that nothing in this subsection 14.16.080.I shall be construed to limit the application of Chapter 20.70. The Director shall notify the Director of Finance and Administrative Services of all employers subject to debarment under this subsection 14.17.055.I.

Section 37. Section 14.17.060 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance 124201, is amended as follows:

#### 14.17.060 ((Enforcement)) Appeal period and failure to respond

((A. The same complaint, investigation, and enforcement procedures set forth in SMC
 14.16.080 apply under this chapter, except that when there is a determination that a respondent

1	has violated this chapter, the exclusive remedy available under this chapter is a notice of
2	infraction and offer of Agency assistance for the first violation; an order requiring the respondent
3	to pay a monetary penalty of up to \$750, payable to the charging party, for the second violation;
4	and a monetary penalty of up to \$1000, payable to the charging party, for each subsequent
5	violation. In the event the Hearing Examiner or panel majority determines that a respondent has
6	committed a violation of this chapter, the Hearing Examiner or panel majority may order the
7	respondent to pay the Agency's attorney's fees in addition to a monetary penalty. No other
8	remedies, damages, or affirmative action may be ordered by the Agency, Commission, or
9	Hearing Examiner.
10	B. The Agency has the authority to initiate investigation procedures on its own,
11	without a complaint from a Charging Party, and enforcement procedures after a complaint has
12	been received either from an applicant who feels unjustly treated, or from the applicant's
13	representative, or when the Agency has reasonable cause based on substantial and verifiable
14	information to believe that an employer has violated subsection SMC 14.17.020.A of this
15	chapter.))
16	A. An employee or other person who claims an injury as a result of an alleged
17	violation of this Chapter 14.17 may appeal the Determination of No Violation Shown, pursuant
18	to the rules of the Director.
19	B. A respondent may appeal the Director's Order, including all remedies issued
20	pursuant to Section 14.17.055, by requesting a contested hearing before the Hearing Examiner in
21	writing within 15 days of service of the Director's Order. If a respondent fails to appeal the
22	Director's Order within 15 days of service, the Director's Order shall be final. If the last day of

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the appeal period so computed is a Saturday, Sunday, or federal or City holiday, the appeal
 period shall run until 5 p.m. on the next business day.

Section 38. A new Section 14.17.065 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:

#### 14.17.065 Appeal procedure and failure to appear

5 A. Contested hearings shall be conducted pursuant to the procedures for hearing 6 contested cases contained in Section 3.02.090 and the rules adopted by the Hearing Examiner for 7 hearing contested cases. The review shall be conducted de novo and the Director shall have the 8 burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that the violation or violations occurred. 9 Upon establishing such proof, the remedies and penalties imposed by the Director shall be 10 upheld unless it is shown that the Director abused discretion. Failure to appear for a contested 11 hearing shall result in an order being entered finding that the respondent committed the violation 12 stated in the Director's Order. For good cause shown and upon terms the Hearing Examiner deems just, the Hearing Examiner may set aside an order entered upon a failure to appear. 13

B. In all contested cases, the Hearing Examiner shall enter an order affirming, modifying or reversing the Director's Order.

Section 39. A new Section 14.17.070 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:

14.17.070 Appeal from Hearing Examiner order

A. The respondent may obtain judicial review of the decision of the Hearing
Examiner by applying for a Writ of Review in the King County Superior Court within 30 days
from the date of the decision in accordance with the procedure set forth in chapter 7.16 RCW,
other applicable law, and court rules.

B. The decision of the Hearing Examiner shall be final and conclusive unless review
is sought in compliance with this Section 14.17.070.

1	Section 40. A new Section 14.17.075 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:
2	14.17.075 Failure to comply with final order
3	A. If a respondent fails to comply within 30 days of service of any settlement
4	agreement with the Agency, or with any final order issued by the Director or the Hearing
5	Examiner for which all appeal rights have been exhausted, the Agency may pursue, but is not
6	limited to, the following measures to secure compliance:
7	1. The Director may require the respondent to post public notice of the
8	respondent's failure to comply in a form and manner determined by the Agency.
9	2. The Director may refer the matter to a collection agency. The cost to the
10	City for the collection services will be assessed as costs, at the rate agreed to between the City
11	and the collection agency, and added to the amounts due.
12	3. The Director may refer the matter to the City Attorney for the filing of a
13	civil action in King County Superior Court, the Seattle Municipal Court, or any other court of
14	competent jurisdiction to enforce such order or to collect amounts due. In the alternative, the
15	Director may seek to enforce a Director's Order or a final order of the Hearing Examiner under
16	Section 14.17.080.
17	4. The Director may request that the City's Department of Finance and
18	Administrative Services deny, suspend, refuse to renew, or revoke any business license held or
19	requested by the employer or person until such time as the employer complies with the remedy
20	as defined in the settlement agreement or final order. The City's Department of Finance and
21	Administrative Services shall have the authority to deny, refuse to renew, or revoke any business
22	license in accordance with this subsection 14.17.075.A.4.

1 B. No respondent that is the subject of a final order issued under this Chapter 14.17 shall quit business, sell out, exchange, convey, or otherwise dispose of the respondent's business 2 or stock of goods without first notifying the Agency and without first notifying the respondent's 3 successor of the amounts owed under the final order at least three business days prior to such 4 5 transaction. At the time the respondent quits business, or sells out, exchanges, or otherwise disposes of the respondent's business or stock of goods, the full amount of the remedy, as 6 7 defined in a final order issued by the Director or the Hearing Examiner, shall become 8 immediately due and payable. If the amount due under the final order is not paid by respondent within ten days from the date of such sale, exchange, conveyance, or disposal, the successor shall 9 10 become liable for the payment of the amount due, provided that the successor has actual 11 knowledge of the order and the amounts due or has prompt, reasonable, and effective means of 12 accessing and verifying the fact and amount of the order and the amounts due. The successor shall withhold from the purchase price a sum sufficient to pay the amount of the full remedy. 13 When the successor makes such payment, that payment shall be deemed a payment upon the 14 15 purchase price in the amount paid, and if such payment is greater in amount than the purchase 16 price the amount of the difference shall become a debt due such successor from the employer. Section 41. A new Section 14.17.080 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:

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## 14.17.080 Debt owed The City of Seattle

A. All monetary amounts due under the Director's Order shall be a debt owed to the City and may be collected in the same manner as any other debt in like amount, which remedy shall be in addition to all other existing remedies, provided that amounts collected by the City for unpaid wages, liquidated damages, penalties payable to aggrieved parties, or front pay shall be

held in trust by the City for the aggrieved party and, once collected by the City, shall be paid by the City to the aggrieved party.

B. If a respondent fails to appeal a Director's Order to the Hearing Examiner within the time period set forth in subsection 14.17.060.B, the Director's Order shall be final, and the Director may petition the Seattle Municipal Court to enforce the Director's Order by entering judgment in favor of the City finding that the respondent has failed to exhaust its administrative remedies and that all amounts and relief contained in the order are due. The Director's Order shall constitute prima facie evidence that a violation occurred and shall be admissible without further evidentiary foundation. Any certifications or declarations authorized under RCW 9A.72.085 containing evidence that the respondent has failed to comply with the order or any parts thereof, and is therefore in default, or that the respondent has failed to appeal the Director's Order to the Hearing Examiner within the time period set forth in subsection 14.17.060.B, and therefore has failed to exhaust the respondent's administrative remedies, shall also be admissible without further evidentiary foundation.

C. If a respondent fails to obtain judicial review of an order of the Hearing Examiner within the time period set forth in subsection 14.17.070.A, the order of the Hearing Examiner shall be final, and the Director may petition the Seattle Municipal Court to enforce the Director's Order by entering judgment in favor of the City for all amounts and relief due under the order of the Hearing Examiner. The order of the Hearing Examiner shall constitute conclusive evidence that the violations contained therein occurred and shall be admissible without further evidentiary foundation. Any certifications or declarations authorized under RCW 9A.72.085 containing evidence that the respondent has failed to comply with the order or any parts thereof, and is therefore in default, or that the respondent has failed to avail itself of judicial review in

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accordance with subsection 14.17.070.A, shall also be admissible without further evidentiary
 foundation.

D. In considering matters brought under subsections 14.17.080.B and 14.17.080.C,
the Municipal Court may include within its judgment all terms, conditions, and remedies
contained in the Director's Order or the order of the Hearing Examiner, whichever is applicable,
that are consistent with the provisions of this Chapter 14.17.

Section 42. A new Section 14.17.085 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:

#### 14.17.085 Effect on collective bargaining rights

9 This Chapter 14.17 shall not be construed to interfere with, impede, or in any way
10 diminish any provision in a collective bargaining agreement or the right of employees to bargain
11 collectively with their employers through representatives of their own choosing concerning
12 wages or standards or conditions of employment.

Section 43. A new Section 14.17.090 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:

## 14 **14.17.090 Other legal requirements**

15 A. This Chapter 14.17 shall not be interpreted or applied to diminish or conflict with any requirements of state or federal law, including Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the 16 17 federal Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. 1681 et. seq., as amended, the Washington State 18 Fair Credit Reporting Act, chapter 19.182 RCW, as amended, the Washington State Criminal Records Privacy Act, chapter 10.97 RCW, as amended, and state laws regarding criminal 19 20 background checks, including those related to individuals with access to children or vulnerable 21 persons, RCW 43.43.830 et seq., as amended. In the event of any conflict, state and federal requirements shall supersede the requirements of this Chapter 14.17. 22

1	B. This Chapter 14.17 shall not be interpreted or applied as imposing an obligation
2	on the part of an employer to provide accommodations or job modifications in order to facilitate
3	the employment or continued employment of an applicant or employee with a conviction record
4	or who is facing pending criminal charges.
5	C. Nothing in this Chapter 14.17 shall be construed to discourage or prohibit an
6	employer from adopting employment policies that are more generous to employees and job
7	applicants than the requirements of this Chapter 14.17.
8	D. This Chapter 14.17 shall not be construed to create a private civil right of action.
9	Section 44. A new Section 14.17.095 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:
10	14.17.095 Severability
11	The provisions of this Chapter 14.17 are declared to be separate and severable. If any clause,
12	sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section, subsection, or portion of this Chapter 14.17, or the
13	application thereof to any employer, employee, person, or circumstance, is held to be invalid, it
14	shall not affect the validity of the remainder of this Chapter 14.17, or the validity of its
15	application to other persons or circumstances.
16	Section 45. A new Section 14.19.005 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:
17	14.19.005 Short title
18	This Chapter 14.19 shall constitute the "Minimum Wage Ordinance" and may be cited as such.
19	Section 46. Section 14.19.010 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
20	124644, is amended as follows:
21	14.19.010 Definitions
22	For ((the)) purposes of this Chapter <u>14.19</u> :

1	"Actuarial value" means the percentage of total average costs for covered benefits that a
2	health benefits package will cover;
3	"Adverse action" means denying a job or promotion, demoting, terminating, failing to
4	rehire after a seasonal interruption of work, threatening, penalizing, retaliating, engaging in
5	unfair immigration-related practices, filing a false report with a government agency, changing an
6	employee's status to a nonemployee, or otherwise discriminating against any person for any
7	reason prohibited by Section 14.19.055. "Adverse action" for an employee may involve any
8	aspect of employment, including pay, work hours, responsibilities, or other material change in
9	the terms and condition of employment;
10	"Agency" means the Office for Civil Rights and any division therein;
11	"Aggrieved party" means an employee or other person who suffers tangible or intangible
12	harm due to an employer or other person's violation of this Chapter 14.19;
13	"Bonuses" means non-discretionary payments in addition to hourly, salary, commission,
14	or piece-rate payments paid under an agreement between the employer and employee;
15	"Business" and "engaging in business" have the same meanings as in Chapter 5.30;
16	"City" means the City of Seattle;
17	"Commissions" means a sum of money paid to an employee upon completion of a task,
18	usually selling a certain amount of goods or services;
19	"Director" means the Division Director of the Office of Labor Standards within the
20	Office for Civil Rights or the Division Director's designee;
21	"Employ" means to suffer or permit to work;
22	"Employee" means "employee," as defined under Section 12A.28.200,((. Employee does
23	not include individuals performing services under a work study agreement)) including but not

1	limited to full-time employees, part-time employees, and temporary workers. An employer bears
2	the burden of proof that the individual is, as a matter of economic reality, in business for oneself
3	rather than dependent upon the alleged employer.
4	"Employer" ((means any individual, partnership, association, corporation, business trust,
5	or any person or group of persons acting directly or indirectly in the interest of an employer in
6	relation to an employee;)) means any individual, partnership, association, corporation, business
7	trust, or any entity, person or group of persons, or a successor thereof, that employs another
8	person and includes any such entity or person acting directly or indirectly in the interest of an
9	employer in relation to an employee. More than one entity may be the "employer" if employment
10	by one employer is not completely disassociated from employment by the other employer;
11	"Franchise" means a written agreement by which:
12	1. A person is granted the right to engage in the business of offering, selling,
13	or distributing goods or services under a marketing plan prescribed or suggested in substantial
14	part by the grantor or its affiliate;
15	2. The operation of the business is substantially associated with a trademark,
16	service mark, trade name, advertising, or other commercial symbol; designating, owned by, or
17	licensed by the grantor or its affiliate; and
18	3. The person pays, agrees to pay, or is required to pay, directly or indirectly,
19	a franchise fee;
20	"Franchisee" means a person to whom a franchise is offered or granted;
21	"Franchisor" means a person who grants a franchise to another person;
22	"Front pay" means the compensation the employee would earn or would have earned if
23	reinstated to the employee's former position;

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"Hearing Examiner" means the official appointed by the Council and designated as the
 Hearing Examiner, or that person's designee (Deputy Hearing Examiner, Hearing Examiner Pro
 Tem, etc.);

4 "Hourly minimum compensation" means the minimum compensation due to an employee
5 for each hour worked during a pay period;

6 "Hourly minimum wage" means the minimum wage due to an employee for each hour
7 worked during a pay period;

"Medical benefits plan" means a silver or higher level essential health benefits package, as defined in 42 U.S.C. section 18022, or an equivalent plan that is designed to provide benefits that are actuarially equivalent to 70 percent of the full actuarial value of the benefits provided under the plan, whichever is greater;

"Minimum compensation" means the minimum wage in addition to tips actually received
by the employee and reported to the Internal Revenue Service, and money paid by the employer
towards an individual employee's medical benefits plan;

"Minimum wage" means all wages, commissions, piece-rate, and bonuses actually
received by the employee and reported to the Internal Revenue Service;

"Piece-rate" means a price paid per unit of work;

"Rate of inflation" means ((the Consumer Price Index annual percent change for urban
wage earners and clerical workers, termed CPI-W, or a successor index, for the twelve months
prior to each September 1st as calculated by the United States Department of Labor;)) 100
percent of the annual average growth rate of the bi-monthly Seattle-Tacoma-Bremerton Area
Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers, termed CPI-W, for the 12
month period ending in August, provided that the percentage increase shall not be less than zero;

committed a violation of this Chapter 14.19;

"Schedule 1 ((Employer)) employer" means all employers that employ more than 500
 employees ((in the United States)), regardless of where those employees are employed, ((in the United States,)) and all franchisees associated with a franchisor or a network of franchises with franchisees that employ more than 500 employees in aggregate; ((in the United States;))

"Respondent" means an employer or any person who is alleged or found to have

"Schedule 2 ((Employer)) employer" means all employers that employ 500 or fewer
employees regardless of where those employees are employed. ((in the United States.)) Schedule
2 employers do not include franchisees associated with a franchisor or a network of franchises
with franchisees that employ more than 500 employees in aggregate; ((in the United States;))

<u>"Successor" means any person to whom an employer quitting, selling out, exchanging, or</u>
 disposing of a business sells or otherwise conveys in bulk and not in the ordinary course of the
 <u>employer's business, a major part of the property, whether real or personal, tangible or</u>
 intangible, of the employer's business. For purposes of this definition, "person" means an
 individual, receiver, administrator, executor, assignee, trustee in bankruptcy, trust, estate, firm,
 corporation, business trust, partnership, limited liability partnership, company, joint stock
 company, limited liability company, association, joint venture, or any other legal or commercial
 entity;

"Tips" means a verifiable sum to be presented by a customer as a gift or gratuity in
recognition of some service performed for the customer by the employee receiving the tip;
"Wage" means compensation due to an employee by reason of employment, payable in
legal tender of the United States or checks on banks convertible into cash on demand at full face
value, subject to such deductions, charges, or allowances as may be permitted by rules of the

1 Director. Commissions, piece-rate, and bonuses are included in wages. Tips and employer 2 payments toward a medical benefits plan do not constitute wages for purposes of this Chapter 3 14.19. Section 47. A new Section 14.19.015 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows: 4 14.19.015 Employment in Seattle 5 6 A. Employees are covered by this Chapter 14.19 for each hour worked within the 7 geographic boundaries of the City. B. An employee who is typically based outside the City and performs work in the 8 9 City on an occasional basis is covered by this Chapter 14.19 in a two-week period only if the 10 employee performs more than two hours of work for an employer within the City during that 11 two-week period. 12 1. To track time of employees who work in the City on an occasional basis, employers must use consecutive two-week periods in sequence as they occur. Employers shall 13 14 not skip or shift two-week periods. 15 2. Once an employee who works in the City on an occasional basis performs more than two hours of work for an employer within the City during a two-week period, 16 17 payment for all time worked in the City during that two-week period shall be made in 18 compliance with the requirements of this Chapter 14.19. 3. Time spent in the City solely for the purpose of travelling through the City 19 20 from a point of origin outside the City to a destination outside the City, with no employment-21 related or commercial stops in the City except for refueling or the employee's personal meals or errands, is not covered by this Chapter 14.19. 22

1	Section 48. Section 14.19.020 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance
2	124490, is amended as follows:
3	14.19.020 ((Employment in Seattle)) Employer schedule determination
4	((A. Employees are covered by this Chapter for each hour worked within the
5	geographic boundaries of Seattle, provided that an employee who performs work in Seattle on an
6	occasional basis is covered by this Chapter in a two-week period only if the employee performs
7	more than two hours of work for an employer within Seattle during that two-week period. Time
8	spent in Seattle solely for the purpose of travelling through Seattle from a point of origin outside
9	Seattle to a destination outside Seattle, with no employment-related or commercial stops in
10	Seattle except for refueling or the employee's personal meals or errands, is not covered by this
11	Chapter. An employee who is not covered by this Chapter is still included in any determination
12	of the size of the employer.
13	B. For the purposes of determining whether a non-franchisee employer is a Schedule
14	1 employer or a Schedule 2 employer, separate entities that form an integrated enterprise shall be
15	considered a single employer under this Chapter. Separate entities will be considered an
16	integrated enterprise and a single employer under this Chapter where a separate entity controls
17	the operation of another entity. The factors to consider in making this assessment include, but are
18	not limited to:
19	1. Degree of interrelation between the operations of multiple entities;
20	2. Degree to which the entities share common management;
21	3. Centralized control of labor relations; and
22	4. Degree of common ownership or financial control over the entities.

1	There shall be a presumption that separate legal entities, which may share some
2	degree of interrelated operations and common management with one another, shall be considered
3	separate employers for purposes of this section as long as (1) the separate legal entities operate
4	substantially in separate physical locations from one another, and (2) each separate legal entity
5	has partially different ultimate ownership. The determination of employer schedule for the
6	current calendar year will be calculated based upon the average number of employees employed
7	per calendar week during the preceding calendar year for any and all weeks during which at least
8	one employee worked for compensation. For employers that did not have any employees during
9	the previous calendar year, the employer schedule will be calculated based upon the average
10	number of employees employed per calendar week during the first 90 calendar days of the
11	current year in which the employer engaged in business.
12	C. The Director shall have the authority to issue a special certificate authorizing an
13	employer to pay a wage less than the City of Seattle minimum wage, as defined in this Chapter,
14	but above the Washington State minimum wage, as defined in RCW 49.46.020. Such special
15	certificates shall only be available for the categories of workers defined in RCW 49.46.060 and
16	shall be subject to such limitations as to time, number, proportion, and length of service as the
17	Director shall prescribe. Prior to issuance, an applicant for a special certificate must secure a
18	letter of recommendation from the Washington State Department of Labor and Industries stating
19	that the applicant has a demonstrated necessity pursuant to WAC 296-128.
20	D. The Director shall by rule establish the minimum wage for employees under the
21	age of eighteen years, provided that any percentage of the hourly rate established by rule shall

22 not be lower than the percentage applicable under state statutes and regulations.))

1	A. An employee who is not covered by this Chapter 14.19 shall be included in any
2	determination of the size of the employer.
3	B. The determination of employer schedule for the current calendar year will be
4	calculated based upon the average number of employees who worked for compensation per
5	calendar week during the preceding calendar year for any and all weeks during which at least one
6	employee worked for compensation. For employers that did not have any employees during the
7	previous calendar year, the employer schedule will be calculated based upon the average number
8	of employees who worked for compensation per calendar week during the first 90 calendar days
9	of the current year in which the employer engaged in business.
10	C. All employees who worked for compensation shall be counted, including but not
11	limited to:
12	a. Employees who worked inside the City;
13	b. Employees who worked outside the City; and
14	c. Employees who worked in full-time employment, part-time employment,
15	joint employment, temporary employment, or through the services of a temporary services or
16	staffing agency or similar entity.
17	D. Separate entities that form an integrated enterprise shall be considered a single
18	employer under this Chapter 14.19. Separate entities will be considered an integrated enterprise
19	and a single employer under this Chapter 14.19 where a separate entity controls the operation of
20	another entity. The factors to consider in making this assessment include, but are not limited to:
21	1. Degree of interrelation between the operations of multiple entities;
22	2. Degree to which the entities share common management:
23	3. Centralized control of labor relations; and

4. Degree of common ownership or financial control over the entities.

There shall be a presumption that separate legal entities, which may share some degree ofinterrelated operations and common management with one another, shall be considered separateemployers for purposes of this Section 14.19.020 as long as (1) the separate legal entities operatesubstantially in separate physical locations from one another, and (2) each separate legal entityhas partially different ultimate ownership.

Section 49. A new Section 14.19.025 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:

## 14.19.025 Special certificate and minors

A. The Director shall have the authority to issue a special certificate authorizing an
employer to pay a wage less than the City of Seattle minimum wage, as defined in this Chapter
14.19, but above the Washington State minimum wage, as defined in RCW 49.46.020. Such
special certificates shall only be available for the categories of workers defined in RCW
49.46.060 and shall be subject to such limitations as to time, number, proportion, and length of
service as the Director shall prescribe. Prior to issuance, an applicant for a special certificate
must secure a letter of recommendation from the Washington State Department of Labor and
Industries stating that the application has a demonstrated necessity pursuant to WAC 296-128.

B. The Director shall by rule establish the minimum wage for employees under the age of 18 years, provided that any percentage of the hourly rate established by rule shall not be lower than the percentage applicable under state statutes and regulations.

Section 50. A new Section 14.19.035 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows: 14.19.035 Hourly minimum wage - Schedule 2 employers

A. Effective April 1, 2015, Schedule 2 employers shall pay each employee an hourly
minimum wage of at least \$10.00. Schedule 2 employers can meet the applicable hourly

minimum wage requirement through a payment of the minimum wage, provided that the
 Schedule 2 employer is in compliance with all applicable law. Effective January 1, 2016 and
 each year thereafter, Schedule 2 employers shall pay each employee an hourly minimum wage
 that is the lower of (a) the applicable hourly minimum wage for Schedule 1 employers or (b) the
 hourly minimum wage shown in the following schedule:

Year	Hourly Minimum Wage
2016	\$10.50
2017	\$11.00
2018	\$11.50
2019	\$12.00
2020	\$13.50
2021	\$15.00
2022	\$15.75
2023	\$16.50
2024	\$17.25
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Effective January 1, of 2025, and January 1 of every year thereafter, the hourly minimum wage paid by a Schedule 2 employer to any employee shall equal the hourly minimum wage applicable to Schedule 1 employers.

1	B. Sche	dule 2 employers can meet the applicable hourly minimum wage	
2	requirements through a payment of the minimum wage, provided that the Schedule 2 employer is		
3	in compliance with all applicable law.		
4	Section 51. S	Section 14.19.040 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance	
5	124490, is amended	as follows:	
6	14.19.040 (( <del>Hourly</del>	Minimum Wage - Schedule 2 Employers)) <u>Hourly minimum</u>	
7	compensation - Sch	nedule 2 employers	
8	(( <del>A. Effec</del>	tive April 1, 2015, Schedule 2 employers shall pay each employee an hourly	
9	minimum wage of a	t least \$10.00. Schedule 2 employers can meet the applicable hourly	
10	minimum wage requ	irement through a payment of the minimum wage, provided that the	
11	Schedule 2 employe	r is in compliance with all applicable law. Effective January 1 of 2016 and	
12	each year thereafter,	Schedule 2 employers shall pay each employee an hourly minimum wage	
13	that is the lower of (	a) the applicable hourly minimum wage for Schedule 1 Employers or (b) the	
14	hourly minimum wage shown in the following schedule:		
	Year	Hourly Minimum Wage	

<u>Y ear</u>	Houriy Minimum Wage
2016	<del>\$10.50</del>
2017	<del>\$11.00</del>
<del>2018</del>	<del>\$11.50</del>
<del>2019</del>	<del>\$12.00</del>
2020	<del>\$13.50</del>
<del>2021</del>	<del>\$15.00</del>

D2e		
2022	<del>\$15.75</del>	
<del>2023</del>	<del>\$16.50</del>	
2024	\$17.25	
1	I	
Effective on January 1 of 2025, and January 1 of every year thereafter, the hourly		
minimum wage	paid by a Schedule 2 employer to any employee shall equal the hourly minimum	
wage applicable	to Schedule 1 employers.	
<del>B. S</del>	chedule 2 employers can meet the applicable hourly minimum wage	
requirements the	rough a payment of the minimum wage, provided that the Schedule 2 employer is	
in compliance w	vith all applicable law.))	
<u>A.</u> E	Effective April 1, 2015, Schedule 2 employers shall pay each employee an hourly	
minimum comp	ensation of at least \$11.00. Effective January 1 of each year thereafter, Schedule	
2 employers sha	Il pay each employee an hourly minimum compensation that is the lower of (a)	
the applicable h	ourly minimum wage for Schedule 1 Employers or (b) the hourly minimum	
compensation shown in the following schedule:		
Year	Hourly Minimum Compensation	
2016	<u>\$12.00</u>	
2017	<u>\$13.00</u>	
	2022         2023         2024         Effective         minimum wage         wage applicable         B.       S         requirements that         in compliance w         A.         Minimum comp         2 employers shat         the applicable here         compensation sl         Year	

<u>2018</u>

<u>2019</u>

<u>2020</u>

<u>\$14.00</u>

<u>\$15.00</u>

<u>\$15.75</u>

1	Effective January 1, 2021, the hourly minimum compensation paid by a Schedule 2
2	employer to any employee shall equal the hourly minimum wage applicable to Schedule 1
3	employers.
4	B. Schedule 2 employers can meet the applicable hourly minimum compensation
5	requirement through wages (including applicable commissions, piece-rate, and bonuses), tips and
6	money paid by an employer towards an individual employee's medical benefits plan, provided
7	that the Schedule 2 employer also meets the applicable hourly minimum wage requirements.
8	C. Effective January 1, 2025, minimum compensation will no longer be applicable as
9	defined in this Chapter 14.19.
10	Section 52. A new Section 14.19.045 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:
11	14.19.045 Notice and posting
12	A. On an annual basis and by December 1 each year, the Agency shall create and
13	distribute a poster that gives notice of the rights afforded by this Chapter 14.19. The Agency
14	shall create and distribute the poster in English, Spanish, and any other languages that are
15	necessary for employers to comply with subsection 14.19.045.B. The poster shall give notice of:
16	1. The right to the applicable rate of minimum wage and minimum
17	compensation guaranteed by this Chapter 14.19;
18	2. The right to be protected from retaliation for exercising in good faith the
19	rights protected by this Chapter 14.19; and
20	3. The right to file a complaint with the Agency or bring a civil action for
21	violation of the requirements of this Chapter 14.19, including an employer or any person's
22	failure to pay minimum wage or minimum compensation, and an employer or other person's
1 retaliation against an employee or other person for engaging in an activity protected by this 2 Chapter 14.19. B. Employers shall display the poster in a conspicuous and accessible place at any 3 workplace or job site where any of their employees work. Employers shall display the poster in 4 5 English and in the primary language of the employee(s) at the particular workplace. If display of 6 the poster is not feasible, including situations when the employee works remotely or does not 7 have a regular workplace or job site, employers may provide the poster on an individual basis in 8 an employee's primary language in physical or electronic format that is reasonably conspicuous 9 and accessible. 10 Section 53. Section 14.19.050 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance 11 124490 is amended as follows: 12 14.19.050 ((Hourly Minimum Compensation - Schedule 2 Employers)) Employer records 13 ((A. Effective April 1, 2015, Schedule 2 employers shall pay each employee an hourly 14 minimum compensation of at least \$11.00. Effective January 1 of each year thereafter, Schedule 15 2 employers shall pay each employee an hourly minimum compensation that is the lower of (a) 16 the applicable hourly minimum wage for Schedule 1 Employers or (b) the hourly minimum

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compensation shown in the following schedule:

Year	Hourly Minimum Compensation
<del>2016</del>	<del>\$12.00</del>
<del>2017</del>	<del>\$13.00</del>
<del>2018</del>	<del>\$14.00</del>
<del>2019</del>	<del>\$15.00</del>

2020 \$15.75

	<del>2020</del>	<del>\$15.75</del>
1	11	
2	Effective	e January 1, 2021, the hourly minimum compensation paid by a Schedule 2
3	employer to any	employee shall equal the hourly minimum wage applicable to Schedule 1
4	employers.	
5	<del>BS</del>	Schedule 2 employers can meet the applicable hourly minimum compensation
6	requirement thro	ough wages (including applicable commissions, piece-rate, and bonuses), tips and
7	money paid by a	an employer towards an individual employee's medical benefits plan, provided
8	that the Schedul	e 2 employer also meets the applicable hourly minimum wage requirements.
9	<del>C. I</del>	Effective January 1, 2025, minimum compensation will no longer be applicable as
10	defined in this C	Chapter.))
11	<u>A.</u> E	Each employer shall retain records documenting minimum wages and minimum
12	compensation pa	aid to each employee. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years
13	from the date su	ch hours were worked.
14	<u>B.</u>	If an employer fails to retain adequate records required under subsection
15	<u>14.19.050.A, the</u>	ere shall be a presumption, rebuttable by clear and convincing evidence, that the
16	employer violate	ed this Chapter 14.19 for the periods and for each employee for whom records
17	were not retaine	<u>.d.</u>
18	<u>C.</u> F	Respondents in any case closed by the Agency shall allow the Office of City
19	Auditor access t	to such records to permit the Office of City Auditor to evaluate the Agency's
20	enforcement eff	orts. Before requesting records from such a respondent, the Office of City
21	Auditor shall fir	est consult the Agency's respondent records on file and determine if additional
22	records are nece	essary. The City Auditor may apply by affidavit or declaration in the form

1	allowed under RCW 9A.72.085 to the Hearing Examiner for the issuance of subpoenas under
2	this subsection 14.19.050.C. The Hearing Examiner shall issue such subpoenas upon a showing
3	that the records are required to fulfill the purpose of this subsection 14.19.050.C.
4	Section 54. A new Section 14.19.055 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:
5	14.19.055 Retaliation prohibited
6	A. No employer or any other person shall interfere with, restrain, deny, or attempt to
7	deny the exercise of any right protected under this Chapter 14.19.
8	B. No employer or any other person shall take any adverse action against any person
9	because the person has exercised in good faith the rights protected under this Chapter 14.19.
10	Such rights include but are not limited to the right to make inquiries about the rights protected
11	under this Chapter 14.19; the right to inform others about their rights under this Chapter 14.19;
12	the right to inform the person's employer, union, or similar organization, and/or the person's
13	legal counsel or any other person about an alleged violation of this Chapter 14.19; the right to
14	file an oral or written complaint with the Agency or bring a civil action for an alleged violation
15	of this Chapter 14.19; the right to cooperate with the Agency in its investigations of this Chapter
16	14.19; the right to testify in a proceeding under or related to this Chapter 14.19; the right to
17	refuse to participate in an activity that would result in a violation of city, state, or federal law;
18	and the right to oppose any policy, practice, or act that is unlawful under this Chapter 14.19.
19	C. No employer or any other person shall communicate to a person exercising rights
20	protected under this Section 14.19.055, directly or indirectly, the willingness to inform a
21	government employee that the person is not lawfully in the United States, or to report, or to make
22	an implied or express assertion of a willingness to report, suspected citizenship or immigration

status of an employee or a family member of the employee to a federal, state, or local agency because the employee has exercised a right under this Chapter 14.19.

D. It shall be a rebuttable presumption of retaliation if an employer or any other person takes an adverse action against a person within 90 days of the person's exercise of rights protected in this Section 14.19.055. However, in the case of seasonal work that ended before the close of the 90 day period, the presumption also applies if the employer fails to rehire a former employee at the next opportunity for work in the same position. The employer may rebut the presumption with clear and convincing evidence that the adverse action was taken for a permissible purpose.

E. Standard of proof. Proof of retaliation under this Section 14.19.055 shall be
sufficient upon a showing that an employer or any other person has taken an adverse action
against a person and the person's exercise of rights protected in this Section 14.19.055 was a
motivating factor in the adverse action, unless the employer can prove that the action would have
been taken in the absence of such protected activity.

F. The protections afforded under this Section 14.19.055 shall apply to any person
who mistakenly but in good faith alleges violations of this Chapter 14.19.

G. A complaint or other communication by any person triggers the protections of thisSection 14.19.055 regardless of whether the complaint or communication is in writing or makesexplicit reference to this Chapter 14.19.

Section 55. Section 14.19.060 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance 124644, is amended as follows:

## 14.19.060 Enforcement power and duties

23

A. ((Powers and Duties

1	1)) The Agency shall investigate ((alleged)) violations of this Chapter <u>14.19</u>
2	as defined herein, and shall have such powers and duties in the performance of these functions as
3	are defined in this Chapter $14.19$ and otherwise necessary and proper in the performance of the
4	same and provided for by law.
5	((2. The Director is authorized and directed to promulgate rules consistent with
6	this Chapter.))
7	B. The Agency shall be authorized to coordinate implementation and enforcement of
8	this Chapter 14.19 and shall promulgate appropriate guidelines or rules for such purposes.
9	C. The Director of the Agency is authorized and directed to promulgate rules
10	consistent with this Chapter 14.19 and the Administrative Code. Any guidelines or rules
11	promulgated by the Director shall have the force and effect of law and may be relied on by
12	employers, employees, and other parties to determine their rights and responsibilities under this
13	<u>Chapter 14.19.</u>
14	((B. Exercise of Rights Protected; Retaliation Prohibited
15	1. It shall be a violation for an employer or any other person to interfere
16	with, restrain, or deny the exercise of, or the attempt to exercise, any right protected under this
17	Chapter.
18	2. It shall be a violation for an employer to discharge, threaten, harass,
19	demote, penalize, or in any other manner discriminate or retaliate against any employee because
20	the employee has exercised in good faith the rights protected under this Chapter. Such rights
21	include but are not limited to the right to file an oral or written complaint with the Agency about
22	any employer's alleged violation of this Chapter; the right to inform his or her employer, union or
23	similar organization, and/or legal counsel about an employer's alleged violation of this Chapter;

1	the right to cooperate with the Agency in its investigations of alleged violations of this Chapter;
2	the right to oppose any policy, practice, or act that is unlawful under this Chapter; and the right
3	to inform other employees of his or her potential rights under this Chapter.
4	3. It shall be a violation for an employer to communicate to a person filing a
5	wage claim, directly or indirectly, explicitly or implicitly, the willingness to inform a
6	government employee that the person is not lawfully in the United States, report or threaten to
7	report suspected citizenship or immigration status of an employee or a family member of the
8	employee to a federal, state, or local agency because the employee has exercised a right under
9	this Chapter.
10	C. Notice, Posting, and Records
11	1. Employers shall give notice to employees in English, Spanish and any
12	other language commonly spoken by employees at the particular workplace that they are entitled
13	to the minimum wage and minimum compensation; that retaliation against employees who
14	exercise their rights under this Chapter is prohibited; and that each employee has the right to file
15	a charge if the minimum wage or minimum compensation as defined in this Chapter is not paid
16	or the employee is retaliated against for engaging in an activity protected under this Chapter.
17	2. Employers may comply with this section by posting in a conspicuous
18	place at any workplace or job site where any covered employee works a notice published each
19	year by the Agency informing employees of the current minimum wage and minimum
20	compensation rates applicable in that particular workplace or jobsite and of their rights under this
21	Chapter in English, Spanish and any other languages commonly spoken by employees at the
22	particular workplace or job site.

1	3. Employers shall retain payroll records pertaining to covered employees for
2	a period of three years documenting minimum wages and minimum compensation paid to each
3	employee.
4	D. Charges and Investigation
5	1. The Agency may investigate any violations of this Chapter. A charge
6	alleging a violation of this Chapter should include a statement of the dates, places, and persons or
7	entities responsible for such violation. A charge alleging a violation of this Chapter may also be
8	filed by the Director on behalf of an aggrieved individual when the Director has reason to believe
9	that a violation has occurred.
10	2. Charges filed under this Chapter must be filed within three years after the
11	occurrence of the alleged violation. To the extent permitted by law, the applicable statute of
12	limitations for civil actions is tolled during the Department's investigation and any administrative
13	enforcement proceeding under this Chapter based upon the same facts.
14	3. The Director shall cause to be served or mailed by certified mail, return
15	receipt requested, a copy of the charge on the respondent within 20 days after the filing of the
16	charge and shall promptly make an investigation thereof.
17	4. The investigation shall be directed to ascertain the facts concerning the
18	alleged violation of this Chapter, and shall be conducted in an objective and impartial manner.
19	5. During the investigation the Director shall consider any statement of
20	position or evidence with respect to the allegations of the charge which the charging party or the
21	respondent wishes to submit. The Director shall have authority to sign and issue subpoenas
22	requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses, and the production of evidence including

1	but not limited to books, records, correspondence or documents in the possession or under the
2	control of the employer subpoenaed.
3	E. Findings of Fact and Notice of Violation. Except when there is an agreed upon
4	settlement, the results of the investigation shall be reduced to written findings of fact, and a
5	written determination shall be made by the Director that a violation of this Chapter has or has not
6	occurred based on a preponderance of the evidence before the Director. The findings of fact shall
7	be furnished promptly to the respondent and charging or aggrieved party in the form of a notice
8	of violation or a written determination of no violation shown.
9	F. Remedies
10	1. An employer who willfully violates the notice and posting requirements of
11	this section shall be subject to a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed \$125 for the first
12	violation and \$250 for subsequent violations.
13	2. It is unlawful for any employer to willfully resist, prevent, impede or
14	interfere with the Director in the performance of his or her duties under this Chapter. Conduct
15	made unlawful by this subsection 14.19.060.F.2 constitutes a violation, and any employer who
16	commits such a violation may be punished by a civil penalty of not less than \$1,000 and not
17	more than \$5,000.
18	3. For a first time violation of this Chapter, the Director, in addition to the
19	remedies provided in subsections 14.19.060.F.1, 14.19.060.F.2, and 14.19.060.F.4 of this
20	Section, shall issue a warning and may assess a civil penalty of up to \$500 for improper payment
21	of minimum wage and minimum compensation as defined in this Chapter. For subsequent
22	violations, the Director, in addition to the remedies provided in subsections 14.19.060.F.1,
23	14.19.060.F.2, and 14.19.060.F.4 of this Section, shall assess a civil penalty for improper

1	payment of minimum wage and minimum compensation as defined in this Chapter. A civil
2	penalty for a second time violation of this Chapter shall be not greater than \$1,000 per employee
3	or an amount equal to ten percent of the total amount of unpaid wages, whichever is greater. A
4	civil penalty for a third violation of this Chapter shall not be greater than \$5,000 per employee or
5	an amount equal to ten percent of the total amount of unpaid wages, whichever is greater. The
6	maximum civil penalty for a violation of this chapter shall be \$20,000 per employee.
7	4. Within sixty days of a notice of violation of this Chapter, the Director
8	shall confer with the parties and determine an appropriate remedy, which shall include full
9	payment of unpaid wages and accrued interest due to the charging or aggrieved party under the
10	terms of this Chapter and any civil penalties provided in the Section. Such remedy shall be
11	reduced to writing in an order of the Director.
12	G. Appeal Period and Failure to Respond
13	An employer may appeal the Director's order, including all remedies issued pursuant to
14	subsection 14.19.060.F of this Section, by requesting a contested hearing before the Hearing
15	Examiner in writing within 15 days of service. If an employer fails to appeal the Director's order
16	within 15 days of service, the Director's order shall be final and enforceable. When the last day
17	of the appeal period so computed is a Saturday, Sunday, or federal or City holiday, the period
18	shall run until 5:00 p.m. on the next business day.
19	H. Appeal Procedure and Failure to Appear
20	1. Contested hearings shall be conducted pursuant to the procedures for
21	hearing contested cases contained in Section 3.02.090 and the rules adopted by the Hearing
22	Examiner for hearing contested cases. The Director shall have the burden of proof by a
23	preponderance of the evidence before the Hearing Examiner. Failure to appear for a requested

1	the state will as which any state to be in a state of finding that the state is a state of a state of the
1	hearing will result in an order being entered finding that the employer cited committed the
2	violation stated in the Director's order. For good cause shown and upon terms the Hearing
3	Examiner deems just, the Hearing Examiner may set aside an order entered upon a failure to
4	appear.
5	2. In all contested cases, the Hearing Examiner shall enter an order
6	affirming, modifying or reversing the Director's order.
7	3. In the event an employer fails to comply with any final order issued by the
8	Director or the Hearing Examiner, the Director shall refer the matter to the City Attorney for the
9	filing of a civil action in superior court, the Seattle Municipal Court or any other court of
10	competent jurisdiction to enforce such order.))
11	Section 56. Section 14.19.065 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance
12	124809, is amended as follows:
13	14.19.065 (( <del>Records</del> )) <u>Violation</u>
14	((A. Employers shall allow the Agency access to the records required to be kept under
15	subsection 4.19.060.C.3 to investigate potential violations and to monitor compliance with the
16	requirements of this Chapter 14.19.
17	B. Employers in any case closed by the Agency shall allow the Office of City
18	Auditor access to such records to permit the Office of City Auditor to evaluate the Agency's
19	enforcement efforts. Before requesting records from such a respondent, the Office of City
20	Auditor shall first consult the Agency's respondent records on file and determine if additional
21	records are necessary.))
22	The failure of any respondent to comply with any requirement imposed on the respondent
23	under this Chapter 14.19 is a violation.

1	Section 57. Section 14.19.070 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance
2	124490, is amended as follows:
3	14.19.070 (( <del>Severability</del> )) <u>Investigation</u>
4	((The provisions of this Chapter are declared to be separate and severable. If any clause,
5	sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section, subsection or portion of this Chapter, or the
6	application thereof to any employer, employee, or circumstance, is held to be invalid, it shall not
7	affect the validity of the remainder of this Chapter, or the validity of its application to other
8	persons or circumstances.))
9	A. The Agency shall have the power to investigate any violations of this Chapter
10	14.19 by any respondent. The Agency may initiate an investigation pursuant to rules issued by
11	the Director including, but not limited to, situations when the Director has reason to believe that
12	a violation has occurred or will occur, or when circumstances show that violations are likely to
13	occur within a class of businesses because the workforce contains significant numbers of
14	workers who are vulnerable to violations of this Chapter 14.16 or the workforce is unlikely to
15	volunteer information regarding such violations. An investigation may also be initiated through
16	the receipt by the Agency of a report or complaint filed by an employee or any other person.
17	B. An employee or other person may report to the Agency any suspected violation of
18	this Chapter 14.19. The Agency shall encourage reporting pursuant to this Section 14.19.070 by
19	taking the following measures:
20	1. The Agency shall keep confidential, to the maximum extent permitted by
21	applicable laws, the name and other identifying information of the employee or person reporting
22	the violation. However, with the authorization of such person, the Agency may disclose the

1	employee's or person's name and identifying information as necessary to enforce this Chapter
2	14.19 or for other appropriate purposes.
3	2. An employer must post or otherwise notify its employees that the Agency
4	is conducting an investigation, using a form provided by the Agency and displaying it on-site, in
5	a conspicuous and accessible location, and in English and the primary language of the
6	employee(s) at the particular workplace. If display of the form is not feasible, including
7	situations when the employee works remotely or does not have a regular workplace, employers
8	may provide the form on an individual basis in the employee's primary language in physical or
9	electronic format that is reasonably conspicuous and accessible.
10	3. The Agency may certify the eligibility of eligible persons for "U" Visas
11	under the provisions of 8 U.S.C. § 1184.p and 8 U.S.C. § 1101.a.15.U. This certification is
12	subject to applicable federal law and regulations, and rules issued by the Director.
13	C. The Agency's investigation must commence within three years of the alleged
14	violation. To the extent permitted by law, the applicable statute of limitations for civil actions is
15	tolled during any investigation under this Chapter 14.19 and any administrative enforcement
16	proceeding under this Chapter 14.19 based upon the same facts. For purposes of this Chapter
17	<u>14.19:</u>
18	1. The Agency's investigation begins on the earlier date of when the Agency
19	receives a complaint from a person under this Chapter 14.19, or the Agency opens an
20	investigation under this Chapter 14.19.
21	2. The Agency's investigation ends when the Agency issues a final order
22	concluding the matter and any appeals have been exhausted; the time to file any appeal has

### 1 expired; or the Agency notifies the respondent in writing that the investigation has been 2 otherwise resolved. The Agency's investigation shall be conducted in an objective and impartial 3 D. 4 manner. 5 The Director may apply by affidavit or declaration in the form allowed under E. 6 RCW 9A.72.085 to the Hearing Examiner for the issuance of subpoenas requiring an employer 7 to produce the records identified in subsection 14.19.050.A, or for the attendance and testimony 8 of witnesses, or for the production of documents required to be retained under subsection 9 14.19.050. A or any other document relevant to the issue of whether any employee or group of 10 employees has been or is afforded proper amounts of compensation under this Chapter 14.19 and/or to whether an employer has violated any provision of this Chapter 14.19. The Hearing 11 12 Examiner shall conduct the review without hearing as soon as practicable and shall issue 13 subpoenas upon a showing that there is reason to believe that a violation has occurred if a complaint has been filed with the Agency, or that circumstances show that violations are likely to 14 15 occur within a class of businesses because the workforce contains significant numbers of workers who are vulnerable to violations of this Chapter 14.19 or the workforce is unlikely to 16 17 volunteer information regarding such violations. 18 An employer that fails to comply with the terms of any subpoena issued under F. subsection 14.19.070. E. in an investigation by the Agency under this Chapter 14.19 prior to the 19 20 issuance of a Director's Order issued pursuant to subsection 14.19.075.C may not use such 21 records in any appeal to challenge the correctness of any determination by the Agency of damages owed or penalties assessed. 22

1	G. In addition to other remedies, the Director may refer any subpoena issued under
2	subsection 14.19.070.E to the City Attorney to seek a court order to enforce any subpoena.
3	H. Where the Director has reason to believe that a violation has occurred, the
4	Director may order any appropriate temporary or interim relief to mitigate the violation or
5	maintain the status quo pending completion of a full investigation or hearing, including but not
6	limited to a deposit of funds or bond sufficient to satisfy a good-faith estimate of wages, interest,
7	damages and penalties due. A respondent may appeal any such order in accordance with
8	subsection 14.19.085.B.
9	Section 58. A new Section 14.19.075 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:
10	14.19.075 Findings of fact and determination
11	A. Except when there is an agreed upon settlement, the Director shall issue a written
12	determination with findings of fact resulting from the investigation and statement of whether a
13	violation of this Chapter 14.19 has or has not occurred based on a preponderance of the evidence
14	before the Director.
15	B. If the Director determines that there is no violation of this Chapter 14.19, the
16	Director shall issue a "Determination of No Violation" with notice of an employee or other
17	person's right to appeal the decision, subject to the rules of the Director.
18	C. If the Director determines that a violation of this Chapter 14.19 has occurred, the
19	Director shall issue a "Director's Order" that shall include a notice of violation identifying the
20	violation or violations. The Director's Order shall state with specificity the amounts due under
21	this Chapter 14.19 for each violation, including payment of unpaid wages, liquidated damages,
22	civil penalties, penalties payable to aggrieved parties, fines, and interest pursuant to Section
23	14.19.080. The Director's Order may specify that civil penalties and fines due to the Agency can

1	be mitigated for respondent's timely payment of remedy due to an aggrieved party under
2	subsection 14.19.080.A.2. The Director's Order may direct the respondent to take such
3	corrective action as is necessary to comply with the requirements of this Chapter 14.19,
4	including, but not limited to, monitored compliance for a reasonable time period. The Director's
5	Order shall include notice of the respondent's right to appeal the decision, pursuant to subsection
6	14.19.085.
7	D. If the Director has a reasonable belief that a notice of violation for this Chapter
8	14.19 also indicates a violation of Section 12A.08.060, the Director may refer the complaint to
9	the Seattle Police Department for further investigation or to the City Attorney's Office for
10	prosecution.
11	Section 59. Section 14.19.080 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance
12	124490, is amended as follows:
13	14.19.080 ((Other Legal Requirements)) <u>Remedies</u>
14	((This Chapter provides minimum wage and minimum compensation requirements and
15	shall not be construed to preempt, limit, or otherwise affect the applicability of any other law,
16	regulation, requirement, policy, or standard that provides for greater wages or compensation; and
17	nothing in this Chapter shall be interpreted or applied so as to create any power or duty in
18	conflict with federal or state law. Nor shall this Chapter be construed to preclude any person
19	aggrieved from seeking judicial review of any final administrative decision or order made under
20	this Chapter affecting such person.))
21	A. The payment of unpaid wages, liquidated damages, civil penalties, penalties
22	payable to aggrieved parties, fines, and interest provided under this Chapter 14.19 are cumulative

1	and are not intended to be exclusive of any other available remedies, penalties, fines, and
2	procedures.
3	1. Effective January 1, 2017, the amounts of all civil penalties, penalties
4	payable to aggrieved parties, and fines contained in this Section 14.19.080 shall be increased
5	annually to reflect the rate of inflation and calculated to the nearest cent on January 1 of each
6	year thereafter. The Agency shall determine the amounts and file a schedule of such amounts
7	with the City Clerk.
8	2. If there is a remedy due to an aggrieved party, the Director may waive the
9	total amount of civil penalties and fines due to the Agency if the Director determines that the
10	respondent paid the full remedy due to the aggrieved party within ten days of service of the
11	Director's Order. The Director may waive half the amount of civil penalties and fines due to the
12	Agency if the Director determines that the respondent paid the full remedy due to the aggrieved
13	party within 15 days of service of the Director's Order. The Director shall not waive any amount
14	of civil penalties and fines due to the Agency if the Director determines that the respondent has
15	not paid the full remedy due to the aggrieved party after 15 days of service of the Director's
16	Order.
17	3. When determining the amount of liquidated damages, civil penalties,
18	penalties payable to aggrieved parties, and fines due under this Section 14.19.080, including but
19	not limited to the mitigation of civil penalties and fines due to the Agency for timely payment of
20	remedy due to an aggrieved party under subsection 14.19.080.A.2, the Director shall consider the
21	total amount of unpaid wages, liquidated damages, penalties, fines, and interest due; the nature
22	and persistence of the violations; the extent of the respondent's culpability; the substantive or
23	technical nature of the violations; the size, revenue, and human resources capacity of the

### 1 respondent; the circumstances of each situation; the amounts of penalties in similar situations; 2 and other factors pursuant to rules issued by the Director. A respondent found to be in violation of this Chapter 14.19 shall be liable for full 3 B. payment of unpaid wages plus interest in favor of the aggrieved party under the terms of this 4 5 Chapter 14.19 and other equitable relief. For a first violation of this Chapter 14.19, the Director may assess liquidated damages in an additional amount of up to twice the unpaid wages. For 6 7 subsequent violations of this Chapter 14.19, the Director shall assess an amount of liquidated 8 damages in an additional amount of twice the unpaid wages. If the violation is ongoing when the 9 Agency receives a complaint or opens an investigation, the Director may order payment of 10 amounts that accrue after receipt of the complaint or after the investigation opens and before the date of the Director's Order. Interest shall accrue from the date the unpaid wages were first due 11 12 at 12 percent per annum, or the maximum rate permitted under RCW 19.52.020. For purposes of this Section 14.19.080, a violation is a subsequent violation if at least one Director's Order has 13 issued against the respondent in the ten years preceding the date of the violation; otherwise, it is 14 15 a first violation. A respondent found to be in violation of Section 14.19.080 for retaliation shall be 16 C. 17 subject to any appropriate relief at law or equity including but not limited to reinstatement of the 18 aggrieved party, front pay in lieu of reinstatement with full payment of unpaid wages plus interest in favor of the aggrieved party under the terms of this Chapter 14.19, and liquidated 19 20 damages in an additional amount of up to twice the unpaid wages. The Director also shall order 21 the imposition of a penalty payable to the aggrieved party of up to \$5,000.

1	D. A respondent who willfully violates the notice and posting requirements of
2	Section 14.19.045 shall be subject to a civil penalty of \$750 for the first violation and \$1,000 for
3	subsequent violations.
4	E. A respondent who willfully hinders, prevents, impedes, or interferes with the
5	Director or Hearing Examiner in the performance of their duties under this Chapter 14.19 shall
6	be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$1,000 and not more than \$5,000.
7	F. For a first violation of this Chapter 14.19, the Director may assess a civil penalty
8	of up to \$500 per aggrieved party. For a second violation of this Chapter 14.19, the Director shall
9	assess a civil penalty of up to \$1,000 per aggrieved party, or an amount equal to ten percent of
10	the total amount of unpaid wages, whichever is greater. For a third or any subsequent violation of
11	this Chapter 14.19, the Director shall assess a civil penalty of up to \$5,000 per aggrieved party,
12	or an amount equal to ten percent of the total amount of unpaid wages, whichever is greater. The
13	maximum civil penalty for a violation of this Chapter 14.19 shall be \$20,000 per aggrieved party,
14	or an amount equal to ten percent of the total amount of unpaid wages, whichever is greater. For
15	purposes of this Section 14.19.080, a violation is a second, third, or subsequent violation if one,
16	two, or more than two Director's Orders, respectively, have issued against the respondent in the
17	ten years preceding the date of the violation; otherwise, it is a first violation.
18	G. For the following violations, the Director may assess a fine in the amounts set

# 19 <u>forth below:</u>

Violation	Fine
Failure to provide employees with written	<u>\$500</u>
notice of rights under subsection 14.19.045.B	
Failure to maintain payroll records for three	\$500 per missing record
Failure to maintain payroll records for three	\$500 per missing record

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years under subsection 14.19.050.A	
Failure to comply with prohibitions against	\$1,000 per aggrieved party
retaliation for exercising rights protected under	
Section 14.19.055	
Failure to provide notice of investigation to	<u>\$500</u>
employees under subsection 14.19.070.B.2	
Failure to provide notice of failure to comply	<u>\$500</u>
with final order to the public under Section	
<u>14.19.100.A.1</u>	
	•

2	The fine amounts shall be increased cumulatively by 50 percent of the fine for each
3	preceding violation for each subsequent violation of the same provision by the same employer or
4	person within a ten-year period. The maximum amount that may be imposed in fines in any one
5	year period for each type of violation listed above is \$5,000 unless a fine for retaliation is issued,
6	in which case the maximum amount is \$20,000.
7	H. In addition to the unpaid wages, penalties, fines, liquidated damages, and interest,
8	the Agency may assess against the respondent in favor of the City reasonable costs incurred in
9	enforcing this Chapter 14.19, including but not limited to reasonable attorneys' fees.
10	I. An employer that is the subject of a final order for which all appeal rights have
11	been exhausted shall not be permitted to bid, or have a bid considered, on any City contract until
12	such amounts due under the final order have been paid in full to the Director. If an employer is
13	the subject of a final order two times or more within a five-year period, the contractor or
14	subcontractor shall not be allowed to bid on any City contract for two years. This subsection

1	14.19.080.I shall be construed to provide grounds for debarment separate from, and in addition
2	to, those contained in Chapter 20.70 and shall not be governed by that chapter provided that
3	nothing in this subsection 14.16.080.I shall be construed to limit the application of Chapter
4	20.70. The Director shall notify the Director of Finance and Administrative Services of all
5	employers subject to debarment under this subsection 14.19.080.I.
6	Section 60. A new Section 14.19.085 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:
7	14.19.085 Appeal period and failure to respond
8	A. An employee or other person who claims an injury as a result of an alleged
9	violation of this Chapter 14.19 may appeal the Determination of No Violation Shown, pursuant
10	to the rules of the Director.
11	B. A respondent may appeal the Director's Order, including all remedies issued
12	pursuant to Section 14.19.080, by requesting a contested hearing before the Hearing Examiner in
13	writing within 15 days of service of the Director's Order. If a respondent fails to appeal the
14	Director's Order within 15 days of service, the Director's Order shall be final. If the last day of
15	the appeal period so computed is a Saturday, Sunday, or federal or City holiday, the appeal
16	period shall run until 5 p.m. on the next business day.
17	Section 61. A new Section 14.19.090 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:
18	14.19.090 Appeal procedure and failure to appear
19	A. Contested hearings shall be conducted pursuant to the procedures for hearing
20	contested cases contained in Section 3.02.090 and the rules adopted by the Hearing Examiner for
21	hearing contested cases. The review shall be conducted de novo and the Director shall have the
22	burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that the violation or violations occurred.
23	Upon establishing such proof, the remedies and penalties imposed by the Director shall be

1 upheld unless it is shown that the Director abused discretion. Failure to appear for a contested 2 hearing shall result in an order being entered finding that the respondent committed the violation stated in the Director's Order. For good cause shown and upon terms the Hearing Examiner 3 deems just, the Hearing Examiner may set aside an order entered upon a failure to appear. 4 5 Β. In all contested cases, the Hearing Examiner shall enter an order affirming, 6 modifying or reversing the Director's Order. 7 Section 62. A new Section 14.19.095 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows: 8 14.19.095 Appeal from Hearing Examiner's order The respondent may obtain judicial review of the decision of the Hearing 9 A. 10 Examiner by applying for a Writ of Review in the King County Superior Court within 30 days 11 from the date of the decision in accordance with the procedure set forth in chapter 7.16 RCW, 12 other applicable law, and court rules. В. The decision of the Hearing Examiner shall be final and conclusive unless review 13 14 is sought in compliance with this Section 14.19.095. 15 Section 63. A new Section 14.19.100 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows: **14.19.100** Failure to comply with final order 16 17 A. If a respondent fails to comply within 30 days of service of any settlement 18 agreement with the Agency, or with any final order issued by the Director or the Hearing 19 Examiner for which all appeal rights have been exhausted, the Agency may pursue, but is not 20 limited to, the following measures to secure compliance: 21 1. The Director may require the respondent to post public notice of the respondent's failure to comply in a form and manner determined by the Agency. 22

2. The Director may refer the matter to a collection agency. The cost to the City for the collection services will be assessed as costs, at the rate agreed to between the City and the collection agency, and added to the amounts due.

3. The Director may refer the matter to the City Attorney for the filing of a civil action in King County Superior Court, the Seattle Municipal Court, or any other court of competent jurisdiction to enforce such order or to collect amounts due. In the alternative, the Director may seek to enforce a Director's Order or a final order of the Hearing Examiner under Section 14.19.105.

4. The Director may request that the City's Department of Finance and
Administrative Services deny, suspend, refuse to renew, or revoke any business license held or
requested by the employer or person until such time as the employer complies with the remedy
as defined in the settlement agreement or final order. The City's Department of Finance and
Administrative Services shall have the authority to deny, refuse to renew, or revoke any business
license in accordance with this subsection 14.19.100.A.4.

B. No respondent that is the subject of a final order issued under this Chapter 14.19 shall quit business, sell out, exchange, convey, or otherwise dispose of the respondent's business or stock of goods without first notifying the Agency and without first notifying the respondent's successor of the amounts owed under the final order at least three business days prior to such transaction. At the time the respondent quits business, or sells out, exchanges, or otherwise disposes of the respondent's business or stock of goods, the full amount of the remedy, as defined in a final order issued by the Director or the Hearing Examiner, shall become immediately due and payable. If the amount due under the final order is not paid by respondent within ten days from the date of such sale, exchange, conveyance, or disposal, the successor shall

1 become liable for the payment of the amount due, provided that the successor has actual 2 knowledge of the order and the amounts due or has prompt, reasonable, and effective means of accessing and verifying the fact and amount of the order and the amounts due. The successor 3 shall withhold from the purchase price a sum sufficient to pay the amount of the full remedy. 4 5 When the successor makes such payment, that payment shall be deemed a payment upon the 6 purchase price in the amount paid, and if such payment is greater in amount than the purchase 7 price the amount of the difference shall become a debt due such successor from the employer. Section 64. A new Section 14.19.105 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows: 8

### 14.19.105 Debt owed The City of Seattle

A. All monetary amounts due under the Director's Order shall be a debt owed to the
City and may be collected in the same manner as any other debt in like amount, which remedy
shall be in addition to all other existing remedies, provided that amounts collected by the City for
unpaid wages, liquidated damages, penalties payable to aggrieved parties, or front pay shall be
held in trust by the City for the aggrieved party and, once collected by the City, shall be paid by
the City to the aggrieved party.

B. If a respondent fails to appeal a Director's Order to the Hearing Examiner within the time period set forth in subsection 14.19.085.B, the Director's Order shall be final, and the Director may petition the Seattle Municipal Court to enforce the Director's Order by entering judgment in favor of the City finding that the respondent has failed to exhaust its administrative remedies and that all amounts and relief contained in the order are due. The Director's Order shall constitute prima facie evidence that a violation occurred and shall be admissible without further evidentiary foundation. Any certifications or declarations authorized under RCW 9A.72.085 containing evidence that the respondent has failed to comply with the order or any

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parts thereof, and is therefore in default, or that the respondent has failed to appeal the Director's
 Order to the Hearing Examiner within the time period set forth in subsection 14.19.085.B, and
 therefore has failed to exhaust the respondent's administrative remedies, shall also be admissible
 without further evidentiary foundation.

C. 5 If a respondent fails to obtain judicial review of an order of the Hearing Examiner within the time period set forth in subsection 14.19.095.A, the order of the Hearing Examiner 6 7 shall be final, and the Director may petition the Seattle Municipal Court to enforce the Director's 8 Order by entering judgment in favor of the City for all amounts and relief due under the order of 9 the Hearing Examiner. The order of the Hearing Examiner shall constitute conclusive evidence 10 that the violations contained therein occurred and shall be admissible without further evidentiary foundation. Any certifications or declarations authorized under RCW 9A.72.085 containing 11 12 evidence that the respondent has failed to comply with the order or any parts thereof, and is 13 therefore in default, or that the respondent has failed to avail itself of judicial review in accordance with subsection 14.19.095. A shall also be admissible without further evidentiary 14 15 foundation.

D. In considering matters brought under subsections 14.19.105.B and 14.19.105.C,
the Municipal Court may include within its judgment all terms, conditions, and remedies
contained in the Director's Order or the order of the Hearing Examiner, whichever is applicable,
that are consistent with the provisions of this Chapter 14.19.

Section 65. A new Section 14.19.110 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:

14.19.110 Private right of action

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A. Effective April 1, 2016, for claims against employers that employ 50 or more
 employees and effective April 1, 2017 for claims against employers that employ fewer than 50

1	employees, any person or class of persons that suffers financial injury as a result of a violation of
2	this Chapter 14.19 or is the subject of prohibited retaliation under Section 14.19.055, may bring a
3	civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction against the employer or other person violating
4	this Chapter 14.19 and, upon prevailing, may be awarded reasonable attorney fees and costs and
5	such legal or equitable relief as may be appropriate to remedy the violation including, without
6	limitation, the payment of any unpaid wages plus interest due to the person and liquidated
7	damages in an additional amount of up to twice the unpaid wages; and a penalty payable to any
8	aggrieved party of up to \$5000 if the aggrieved party was subject to prohibited retaliation.
9	Interest shall accrue from the date the unpaid wages were first due at 12 percent per annum, or
10	the maximum rate permitted under RCW 19.52.020.
11	B. For purposes of determining employer size for this Section 14.19.110,
12	1. An employee who is not covered by this Chapter 14.19 shall be included
13	in any determination of the size of the employer.
14	2. Employer size for the current calendar year will be calculated based upon
15	the average number of employees who worked for compensation per calendar week during the
16	preceding calendar year for any and all weeks during which at least one employee worked for
17	compensation. For employers that did not have any employees during the previous calendar year,
18	the employer schedule will be calculated based upon the average number of employees who
19	worked for compensation per calendar week during the first 90 calendar days of the current year
20	in which the employer engaged in business.
21	3. All employees who worked for compensation shall be counted, including
22	but not limited to:
23	a. Employees who worked inside the City;

	D2e
1	b. Employees who worked outside the City; and
2	c. Employees who worked in full-time employment, part-time
3	employment, joint employment, temporary employment, or through the services of a temporary
4	services or staffing agency or similar entity.
5	4. Separate entities that form an integrated enterprise shall be considered a
6	single employer under this Chapter 14.19. Separate entities will be considered an integrated
7	enterprise and a single employer under this Chapter 14.19 where a separate entity controls the
8	operation of another entity. The factors to consider in making this assessment include, but are not
9	limited to:
10	a. Degree of interrelation between the operations of multiple entities;
11	b. Degree to which the entities share common management;
12	c. Centralized control of labor relations; and
13	d. Degree of common ownership or financial control over the entities.
14	C. For purposes of this Section 14.19.110, "Person" includes any entity a member of
15	which has suffered financial injury or retaliation, or any other individual or entity acting on
16	behalf of an aggrieved party that has suffered financial injury or retaliation.
17	D. For purposes of determining membership within a class of persons entitled to
18	bring an action under this Section 14.19.110, two or more employees are similarly situated if
19	they:
20	1. Are or were employed by the same employer or employers, whether
21	concurrently or otherwise, at some point during the applicable statute of limitations period,
22	2. Allege one or more violations that raise similar questions as to liability,
23	and

	Karina Bull OLS 2015 Wage Theft Prevention ORD D2e
1	3. Seek similar forms of relief.
2	E. For purposes of subsection 14.19.110.D, employees shall not be considered
3	dissimilar solely because their:
4	1. Claims seek damages that differ in amount, or
5	2. Job titles or other means of classifying employees differ in ways that are
6	unrelated to their claims.
7	Section 66. A new Section 14.19.115 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:
8	14.19.115 Other legal requirements
9	This Chapter 14.19 provides minimum wage and minimum compensation requirements and shall
10	not be construed to preempt, limit, or otherwise affect the applicability of any other law,
11	regulation, requirement, policy, or standard that provides for greater wages or compensation; and
12	nothing in this Chapter 14.19 shall be interpreted or applied so as to create any power or duty in
13	conflict with federal or state law. Nor shall this Chapter 14.19 be construed to preclude any
14	person aggrieved from seeking judicial review of any final administrative decision or order made
15	under this Chapter 14.19 affecting such person.
16	Section 67. A new Section 14.19.120 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:
17	14.19.120 Severability
18	The provisions of this Chapter 14.19 are declared to be separate and severable. If any clause,
19	sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section, subsection, or portion of this Chapter 14.19, or the
20	application thereof to any employer, employee, or circumstance, is held to be invalid, it shall not
21	affect the validity of the remainder of this Chapter 14.19, or the validity of its application to
22	other persons or circumstances.
23	Section 68. A new Section 14.20.005 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:

### 1 **14.20.005** Short title

This Chapter 14.20 shall constitute the "Wage Theft Ordinance" and may be cited as such. 2 Section 69. Section 14.20.010 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance 3 124645, is amended as follows: 4 14.20.010 Definitions 5 6 For ((the)) purposes of this Chapter 14.20: "Adverse action" means denying a job or promotion, demoting, terminating, failing to 7 rehire after a seasonal interruption of work, threatening, penalizing, retaliating, engaging in 8 9 unfair immigration-related practices, filing a false report with a government agency, changing an employee's status to a nonemployee, or otherwise discriminating against any person for any 10 reason prohibited by Section 14.20.035. "Adverse action" for an employee may involve any 11 12 aspect of employment, including pay, work hours, responsibilities, or other material change in the terms and condition of employment; 13 "Agency" means the Office for Civil Rights and any division therein; 14 "Aggrieved party" means an employee or other person who suffers tangible or intangible 15 harm due to an employer or other person's violation of this Chapter 14.20; 16 "City" means the City of Seattle; 17 18 "Compensation" means payment owed to an employee by reason of employment including, but not limited to, salaries, wages, tips, overtime, commissions, piece rate, bonuses, 19 20 rest breaks, promised or legislatively-required paid leave, and reimbursement for employer expenses. For reimbursement for employer expenses, an employer shall indemnify the employee 21 for all necessary expenditures or losses incurred by the employee in direct consequence of the 22 23 discharge of the employee's duties, or of the employee's obedience to the directions of the

1	employer, even though unlawful, unless the employee, at the time of obeying the directions,
2	believed them to be unlawful;
3	"Director" means the Division Director of the Office of Labor Standards within the
4	Office for Civil Rights or the Division Director's designee;
5	"Employ" means to suffer or permit to work;
6	"Employee" means (("employee," as defined under Section 12A.28.200. Employee does
7	not include individuals performing services under a work study agreement;)) any individual
8	employed by an employer, including but not limited to full-time employees, part-time
9	employees, and temporary workers. An employer bears the burden of proof that the individual is,
10	as a matter of economic reality, in business for oneself rather than dependent upon the alleged
11	employer.
12	"Employer" ((means any individual, partnership, association, corporation, business trust,
13	or any person or group of persons acting directly or indirectly in the interest of an employer in
14	relation to an employee;)) means any individual, partnership, association, corporation, business
15	trust, or any entity, person or group of persons, or a successor thereof, that employs another
16	person and includes any such entity or person acting directly or indirectly in the interest of an
17	employer in relation to an employee. More than one entity may be the "employer" if employment
18	by one employer is not completely disassociated from employment by the other employer;
19	"Front pay" means the compensation the employee would earn or would have earned if
20	reinstated to the employee's former position;
21	"Hearing Examiner" means the official appointed by the City Council and designated as
22	the Hearing Examiner, or that person's designee (e.g. Deputy Hearing Examiner, Hearing
23	Examiner Pro Tem);

1	"Pay day" means a specific day or date established by the employer on which wages are
2	paid for hours worked during a pay period, as defined in WAC 296-126-023 effective as of
3	September 18, 2014;
4	"Payment interval" means the amount of time between established pay days. A payment
5	interval may be daily, weekly, bi-weekly, semi-monthly, or monthly, as defined in WAC 296-
6	126-023 effective as of September 18, 2014;
7	"Pay period" means a defined time frame for which an employee will receive a paycheck.
8	A pay period may be daily, weekly, bi-weekly, semi-monthly, or monthly, as defined in WAC
9	296-126-023 effective as of September 18, 2014;
10	"Piece-rate" means a price paid per unit of work;
11	"Rate of inflation" means 100 percent of the annual average growth rate of the bi-
12	monthly Seattle-Tacoma-Bremerton Area Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and
13	Clerical Workers, termed CPI-W, for the 12 month period ending in August, provided that the
14	percentage increase shall not be less than zero;
15	"Respondent" means an employer or any person who is alleged or found to have
16	committed a violation of this Chapter 14.20;
17	"Successor" means any person to whom an employer quitting, selling out, exchanging, or
18	disposing of a business sells or otherwise conveys in bulk and not in the ordinary course of the
19	employer's business, a major part of the property, whether real or personal, tangible or
20	intangible, of the employer's business. For purposes of this definition, "person" means an
21	individual, receiver, administrator, executor, assignee, trustee in bankruptcy, trust, estate, firm,
22	corporation, business trust, partnership, limited liability partnership, company, joint stock

company, limited liability company, association, joint venture, or any other legal or commercial 1 2 entity; "Tip" means a verifiable sum to be presented by a customer as a gift or gratuity in 3 recognition of some service performed for the customer by the employee receiving the tip; 4 5 (("Wage" means compensation due to an employee by reason of employment, payable in 6 legal tender of the United States or checks on banks convertible into cash on demand at full face 7 value, subject to such deductions, charges, or allowances as may be permitted by rules of the Director. Commissions, piece rate, and bonuses are included in wages. Tips and employer 8 9 payments toward a medical benefits plan do not constitute wages for purposes of Chapter <u>14.20.</u>)) 10 Section 70. A new Section 14.20.015 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows: 11 12 14.20.015 Employment in Seattle Employees are covered by this Chapter 14.20 for each hour worked within the 13 A. geographic boundaries of the City. 14 15 B. An employee who is typically based outside the City and performs work in the 16 City on an occasional basis is covered by this Chapter 14.20 in a two-week period only if the 17 employee performs more than two hours of work for an employer within the City during that 18 two-week period. 1. To track time of employees who work in the City on an occasional basis, 19 20 employers must use consecutive two-week periods in sequence as they occur. Employers shall 21 not skip or shift two-week periods. 2. Once an employee who works in the City on an occasional basis performs 22 23 more than two hours of work for an employer within the City during a two-week period,

1	payment for all time worked in the City during that two-week period shall be made in
2	compliance with the requirements of this Chapter 14.20.
3	3. Time spent in the City solely for the purpose of travelling through the City
4	from a point of origin outside the City to a destination outside the City with no employment-
5	related or commercial stops in the City except for refueling or the employee's personal meals or
6	errands, is not covered by this Chapter 14.20.
7	Section 71. Section 14.20.020 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance
8	124645, is amended as follows:
9	14.20.020 ((Employment in Seattle)) Compensation requirements
10	((A. Employees are covered by Chapter 14.20 for each hour worked within the
11	geographic boundaries of Seattle, provided that an employee who performs work in Seattle on an
12	occasional basis is covered by Chapter 14.20 in a two-week period only if the employee
13	performs more than two hours of work for an employer within Seattle during that two-week
14	<del>period.</del>
15	B. Employees are not covered by Chapter 14.20 for time spent in Seattle solely for
16	the purpose of travelling through Seattle from a point of origin outside Seattle to a destination
17	outside Seattle, with no employment-related or commercial stops in Seattle except for refueling
18	or the employee's personal meal or errands.))
19	An employer shall pay all compensation owed to an employee by reason of employment on an
20	established regular pay day at no longer than monthly payment intervals.
21	Section 72. A new Section 14.20.025 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:
22	14.20.025 Notice and posting

1	A. The Agency shall create and distribute a poster giving notice of the rights
2	afforded by Chapter 14.20. The Agency shall create and distribute the poster in English, Spanish,
3	and any other languages that are necessary for employers to comply with subsection
4	14.20.025.B. The poster shall give notice of:
5	1. The right to be paid all compensation owed by reason of employment on
6	an established regular pay day at no longer than monthly intervals as guaranteed under the terms
7	of this Chapter 14.20;
8	2. The right to be protected from retaliation for exercising in good faith the
9	rights protected by this Chapter 14.20; and
10	3. The right to file a complaint with the Agency or bring a civil action for
11	violation of the requirements of this Chapter 14.20, including an employer's failure to pay all
12	compensation owed by reason of employment, and an employer or other person's retaliation
13	against an employee or other person for engaging in an activity protected by this Chapter 14.20.
14	B. Employers shall display the poster in a conspicuous and accessible place at any
15	workplace or job site where any of their employees work. Employers shall display the poster in
16	English and in the primary language of the employee(s) at the particular workplace. If display of
17	the poster in not feasible, including situations when the employee works remotely or does not
18	have a regular workplace or job site, employers may provide the poster on an individual basis in
19	an employee's primary language in physical or electronic format that is reasonably conspicuous
20	and accessible.
21	C. The Agency shall create and distribute a model notice of employment information
22	in English, Spanish and other languages that are necessary for employers to comply with
23	subsection 14.20.025.D.

1	D. Employers shall give written notice of employment information to employees that
2	contains items listed in subsections 14.20.025.D.1 through 14.20.025.D.7 in English and in the
3	primary language of the employee(s) receiving the written information. Employers shall give this
4	written notice at time of hire and before any change to such employment information, or as soon
5	as practicable for retroactive changes to such employment information, pursuant to rules issued
6	by the Director. Effective April 1, 2016, employers shall give this written notice to all employees
7	who work for the employer as of that date and in the future. If an employer fails to give this
8	written notice, the failure shall constitute evidence weighing against the credibility of the
9	employer's testimony regarding the agreed-upon rate of pay.
10	1. Name of employer and any trade ("doing business as") names used by the
11	employer;
12	2. Physical address of the employer's main office or principal place of
13	business and, if different, a mailing address;
14	3. Telephone number and, if applicable, email address of the employer;
15	4. Employee's rate or rates of pay, and, if applicable, eligibility to earn an
16	overtime rate or rates of pay;
17	5. Employer's tip policy, with an explanation of any tip sharing, pooling, or
18	allocation policies;
19	6. Pay basis (e.g. hour, shift, day, week, commission); ((and))
20	7. Employee's established pay day for earned compensation due by reason of
21	employment; and
22	8. Pursuant to rules issued by the Director, other information that is material
23	and necessary to effectuate the terms of this Chapter 14.20.

1	E.	Each time compensation is paid, employers shall give written notice that contains		
2	the following information:			
3		1. All hours worked with regular and overtime hours shown separately;		
4		2. All rate or rates of pay whether paid on hourly, salary, commission, piece		
5	rate or combin	nation thereof, or other basis during the pay period. Workers paid on rate other than		
6	hourly or sala	ry are entitled to a detailed printed accounting of commissions, piece rate or other		
7	methods of pa	syment earned during the pay period;		
8		3. Tip compensation;		
9		4. Pay basis (e.g. hour, shift, day, week, commission);		
10		5. Gross wages; and		
11		6. All deductions for that pay period.		
12		7. Pursuant to rules issued by the Director, other information that is material		
13	and necessary	to effectuate the terms of this Chapter 14.20.		
14	Sectio	n 73. Section 14.20.030 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance		
15	124645, is am	ended as follows:		
16	14.20.030 ((₩	Wage and tip compensation requirements)) Employer records		
17	(( <del>An emp</del>	loyer shall pay all wage and tip compensation owed to an employee on an		
18	established re	gular pay day at no longer than monthly payment intervals.))		
19	<u>A.</u>	Each employer shall retain payroll records that document each employee's name,		
20	address, occuj	pation, dates of employment, rate or rates of pay, amount paid each pay period, and		
21	the hours wor	ked. Additionally, for employees covered by Chapter 14.19, employers shall		
22	<u>maintain payr</u>	oll records of each employee's date of birth if under 18 years of age, time of day		
23	and day of the	week that each employee's work week begins, hours worked each day and each		

1	work week, total daily or weekly earnings at straight-time rate, total overtime earnings for weeks
2	in which overtime was worked, date of payment and the dates of pay period covered, total
3	payment for each pay period, total tips for each pay period if applicable, all additions or
4	deductions for each pay period and a record of the additions or deductions from pay. Pursuant to
5	rules issued by the Director, the Agency may require employers to retain other information for
6	payroll records of employees that is material and necessary to effectuate the terms of this
7	Chapter 14.20. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years from the date such
8	hours were worked.
9	B. If an employer fails to retain adequate records required under subsection
10	14.20.030.A, there shall be a presumption, rebuttable by clear and convincing evidence, that the
11	employer violated this Chapter 14.20 for the periods and for each employee for whom records
12	were not retained.
13	C. Respondents in any case closed by the Agency shall allow the Office of City
14	Auditor access to such records to permit the Office of City Auditor to evaluate the Agency's
15	enforcement efforts. Before requesting records from such a respondent, the Office of City
16	Auditor shall first consult the Agency's respondent records on file and determine if additional
17	records are necessary. The City Auditor may apply by affidavit or declaration in the form
18	allowed under RCW 9A.72.085 to the Hearing Examiner for the issuance of subpoenas under
19	this subsection 14.20.030.C. The Hearing Examiner shall issue such subpoenas upon a showing
20	that the records are required to fulfill the purpose of this subsection 14.20.030.C.
21	Section 74. A new Section 14.20.035 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:
22	14.20.035 Retaliation prohibited
A. No employer or any other person shall interfere with, restrain, deny, or attempt to deny the exercise of any right protected under this Chapter 14.20.

B. No employer or any other person shall take any adverse action against any person 4 because the person has exercised in good faith the rights protected under this Chapter 14.20. 5 Such rights include but are not limited to the right to make inquiries about the rights protected 6 under this Chapter 14.20; the right to inform others about their rights under this Chapter 14.20; 7 the right to inform the person's employer, union, or similar organization, and/or the person's legal counsel or any other person about an alleged violation of this Chapter 14.20; the right to 8 9 file an oral or written complaint with the Agency or bring a civil action for an alleged violation 10 of this Chapter 14.20; the right to cooperate with the Agency in its investigations of this Chapter 11 14.20; the right to testify in a proceeding under or related to this Chapter 14.20; the right to 12 refuse to participate in an activity that would result in a violation of city, state or federal law; and the right to oppose any policy, practice, or act that is unlawful under this Chapter 14.20. 13

C. No employer or any other person shall communicate to a person exercising rights
protected under this Section14.20.035, directly or indirectly the willingness to inform a
government employee that the person is not lawfully in the United States, or to report, or to make
an implied or express assertion of a willingness to report, suspected citizenship or immigration
status of an employee or a family member of the employee to a federal, state, or local agency
because the employee has exercised a right under this Chapter 14.20.

D. It shall be considered a rebuttable presumption of retaliation if an employer or any other person takes an adverse action against a person within 90 days of the person's exercise of rights protected in this Section 14.20.035. However, in the case of seasonal work that ended before the close of the 90 day period, the presumption also applies if the employer fails to rehire a former employee at the next opportunity for work in the same position. The employer may
 rebut the presumption with clear and convincing evidence that the adverse action was taken for a
 permissible purpose.

E. Standard of proof. Proof of retaliation under this Section 14.20.035 shall be
sufficient upon a showing that an employer or any other person has taken an adverse action
against a person and the person's exercise of rights protected in Section 14.20.035 was a
motivating factor in the adverse action, unless the employer can prove that the action would have
been taken in the absence of such protected activity.

9 F. The protections afforded under this Section 14.20.035 shall apply to any person
10 who mistakenly but in good faith alleges violations of this Chapter 14.20.

G. A complaint or other communication by any person triggers the protections of this
Section 14.20.035 regardless of whether the complaint or communication is in writing or makes
explicit reference to this Chapter 14.20.

Section 75. Section 14.20.040 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance
124645, is amended as follows:

16 **14.20.040** ((Notice and posting)) Enforcement power and duties

17 ((A. Employers shall comply with the notice requirements of this Section 14.20.040 by
18 providing written information to employees in English, Spanish, and any other language
19 commonly spoken by employees at the particular workplace. Employers may choose a
20 reasonable method for providing this information to employees, including, but not limited to a
21 letter, paystub for the notice required by subsection C of this Section 14.20.040, or an employee22 accessible online system.

1	B. At time of hire, or within one pay period prior to any change in employment,
2	employers shall provide written notice to employees that contains the following information:
3	1. Name of employer and any trade ("doing business as") names used by the
4	employer;
5	2. Physical address of the employer's main office or principal place of
6	business and, if different, a mailing address;
7	3. Telephone number of the employer;
8	4. Employee's rate or rates of pay;
9	5. Employee's tip policy, including any tip sharing, pooling, or allocation
10	policies, if applicable;
11	6. Pay basis (e.g. hour, shift, day, week, commission); and
12	7. Employee's established pay day for earned wage and tip compensation.
13	C. Each time wages and tips are paid, employers shall provide written notice that
14	contains the following information:
15	1. Rate or rates of pay;
16	2. Tip compensation;
17	3. Pay basis (e.g. hour, shift, day, week, commission);
18	4. Gross wages; and
19	5. All deductions for that pay period.
20	D. Employers shall provide written notice to employees that they are entitled to the
21	wage and tip compensation rights defined in Chapter 14.20; that retaliation against persons for
22	their exercise of rights defined in Chapter 14.20 is prohibited; and that each employee has the
23	right to file an administrative charge under Chapter 14.20 if the employer fails to comply with

1	the wage and tip compensation rights defined in Chapter 14.20 or if the employer takes adverse
2	action against a person in retaliation for engaging in activity protected under Chapter 14.20.
3	1. The Agency shall create and make available to employers a poster that
4	contains the information required under this subsection 14.20.040.D for their use in complying
5	with this subsection 14.20.040.D. The poster shall be printed in English, Spanish, and any other
6	languages that the Agency determines are needed to notify employees of their rights under
7	Chapter 14.20.
8	2. Employers may comply with this subsection 14.20.040.D by displaying
9	the Agency's poster in each establishment where such employees are employed.
10	3. Employers may also comply with this subsection 14.20.040.D by
11	including the poster in employee handbooks or other written guidance to employees; distributing
12	a copy of the poster to each new employee upon hiring; or duplicating all of the poster's text for
13	use in another format (e.g. employee letter or employee accessible online system).
14	4. Employers may choose whether notice in this subsection is physical or
15	electronic, but in either case the notice shall be reasonably conspicuous and accessible to all
16	employees.))
17	A. The Agency shall have the power to investigate violations of this Chapter 14.20,
18	as defined herein, and shall have such powers and duties in the performance of these functions as
19	are defined in this Chapter 14.20 and otherwise necessary and proper in the performance of the
20	same and provided for by law.
21	B. The Agency shall be authorized to coordinate implementation and enforcement of
22	this Chapter 14.20 and shall promulgate appropriate guidelines or rules for such purposes.

1	C. The Director of the Agency is authorized and directed to promulgate rules
2	consistent with this Chapter 14.20 and the Administrative Code. Any guidelines or rules
3	promulgated by the Director shall have the force and effect of law and may be relied on by
4	employers, employees, and other parties to determine their rights and responsibilities under this
5	<u>Chapter 14.20.</u>
6	Section 76. A new Section 14.20.045 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:
7	14.20.045 Violation
8	The failure of any respondent to comply with any requirement imposed on the respondent
9	under this Chapter 14.20 is a violation.
10	Section 77. Section 14.20.050 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance
11	124809, is amended as follows:
12	14.20.050 ((Records)) Investigation
13	((A. For a period of three years, employers shall retain payroll records pertaining to
14	covered employees that document the name, address, occupation, dates of employment, rate or
15	rates of pay, amount paid each pay period, and the hours worked for each employee.
16	1. Employers shall allow the Agency access to such records, with appropriate
17	notice and at a mutually agreeable time, to investigate potential violations and to monitor
18	compliance with the requirements of this Chapter 14.20.
19	2. Employers in any case closed by the Agency shall allow the Office of City
20	Auditor access to such records to permit the Office of City Auditor to evaluate the Agency's
21	enforcement efforts. Before requesting records from such a respondent, the Office of City
22	Auditor shall first consult the Agency's respondent records on file and determine if additional
23	records are necessary.

1	<b>B.</b> If an issue arises as to an employee's entitlement to wage and tip compensation
2	under this Chapter 14.20, if the employer does not maintain or retain adequate payroll records, or
3	does not allow the Agency reasonable access to such records, there shall be a presumption,
4	rebuttable by clear and convincing evidence, that the employer violated this Chapter 14.20.))
5	A. The Agency shall have the power to investigate any violations of this Chapter
6	14.20 by any respondent. The Agency may initiate an investigation pursuant to rules issued by
7	the Director including, but not limited to, situations when the Director has reason to believe that
8	a violation has occurred or will occur, or when circumstances show that violations are likely to
9	occur within a class of businesses because the workforce contains significant numbers of
10	workers who are vulnerable to violations of this Chapter 14.16 or the workforce is unlikely to
11	volunteer information regarding such violations. An investigation may also be initiated through
12	the receipt by the Agency of a report or complaint filed by an employee or any other person.
13	B. An employee or other person may report to the Agency any suspected violation of
14	this Chapter 14.20. The Agency shall encourage reporting pursuant to this Section 14.20.050 by
15	taking the following measures:
16	1. The Agency shall keep confidential, to the maximum extent permitted by
17	applicable laws, the name and other identifying information of the employee or person reporting
18	the violation. However, with the authorization of such person, the Agency may disclose the
19	employee's or person's name and identifying information as necessary to enforce this Chapter
20	14.20 or for other appropriate purposes.
21	2. An employer must post or otherwise notify its employees that the Agency
22	is conducting an investigation, using a form provided by the Agency and displaying it on-site, in
23	a conspicuous and accessible location, and in English and the primary language spoken by the

1	employee(s) at the particular workplace. If display of the form is not feasible, including
2	situations when the employee works remotely or does not have a regular workplace, employers
3	may provide the form on an individual basis in physical or electronic format that is reasonably
4	conspicuous and accessible.
5	3. The Agency may certify the eligibility of eligible persons for "U" Visas
6	under the provisions of 8 U.S.C. § 1184.p and 8 U.S.C. § 1101.a.15.U. This certification is
7	subject to applicable federal law and regulations, and rules issued by the Director.
8	C. The Agency's investigation must commence within three years of the alleged
9	violation. To the extent permitted by law, the applicable statute of limitations for civil actions is
10	tolled during any investigation under this Chapter 14.20 and any administrative enforcement
11	proceeding under this Chapter 14.20 based upon the same facts. For purposes of this Chapter
12	<u>14.20:</u>
13	1. The Agency's investigation begins on the earlier date of when the Agency
14	receives a complaint from a person under this Chapter 14.20, or the Agency opens an
15	investigation under this Chapter 14.20.
16	2. The Agency's investigation ends when the Agency issues a final order
17	concluding the matter and any appeals have been exhausted; the time to file any appeal has
18	expired; or the Agency notifies the respondent in writing that the investigation has been
19	otherwise resolved.
20	D. The Agency's investigation shall be conducted in an objective and impartial
21	manner.
22	E. The Director may apply by affidavit or declaration in the form allowed under
23	RCW 9A.72.085 to the Hearing Examiner for the issuance of subpoenas requiring an employer

1	to produce the records identified in subsection 14.20.030.A, or for the attendance and testimony
2	of witnesses, or for the production of documents required to be retained under subsection
3	14.20.030.A, or any other document relevant to the issue of whether any employee or group of
4	employees has been or is afforded proper amounts of compensation under this Chapter 14.20
5	and/or to whether an employer has violated any provision of this Chapter 14.20. The Hearing
6	Examiner shall conduct the review without hearing as soon as practicable and shall issue
7	subpoenas upon a showing that there is reason to believe that a violation has occurred if a
8	complaint has been filed with the Agency, or that circumstances show that violations are likely to
9	occur within a class of businesses because the workforce contains significant numbers of
10	workers who are vulnerable to violations of this Chapter 14.20 or the workforce is unlikely to
11	volunteer information regarding such violations.
12	F. An employer that fails to comply with the terms of any subpoena issued under
13	subsection 14.20.050. E. in an investigation by the Agency under this Chapter 14.20 prior to the
14	issuance of a Director's Order issued pursuant to subsection 14.20.055.C may not use such
15	records in any appeal to challenge the correctness of any determination by the Agency of
16	damages owed or penalties assessed.
17	G. In addition to other remedies, the Director may refer any subpoena issued under
18	subsection 14.20.050.E, to the City Attorney to seek a court order to enforce any subpoena.
19	H. Where the Director has reason to believe that a violation has occurred, the
20	Director may order any appropriate temporary or interim relief to mitigate the violation or
21	maintain the status quo pending completion of a full investigation or hearing, including but not
22	limited to a deposit of funds or bond sufficient to satisfy a good-faith estimate of compensation,

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# interest, damages and penalties due. A respondent may appeal any such order in accordance with subsection 14.20.065.B.

Section 78. A new Section 14.20.055 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:

14.20.055 Findings of fact and determination

A. Except when there is an agreed upon settlement, the Director shall issue a written determination with findings of fact resulting from the investigation and statement of whether a violation of this Chapter 14.20 has or has not occurred based on a preponderance of the evidence before the Director.

B. If the Director determines that there is no violation of this Chapter 14.20, the
Director shall issue a "Determination of No Violation" with notice of an employee or other
person's right to appeal the decision, subject to the rules of the Director.

12 C. If the Director determines that a violation of this Chapter 14.20 has occurred, the Director shall issue a "Director's Order" that shall include a notice of violation identifying the 13 violation or violations. The Director's Order shall state with specificity the amounts due under 14 15 this Chapter 14.20 for each violation, including payment of unpaid compensation, liquidated 16 damages, civil penalties, penalties payable to aggrieved parties, fines, and interest pursuant to 17 Section 14.20.060. The Director's Order may specify that civil penalties and fines due to the Agency can be mitigated for respondent's timely payment of remedy due to an aggrieved party 18 under subsection 14.20.060.A.2. The Director's Order may direct the respondent to take such 19 20 corrective action as is necessary to comply with the requirements of this Chapter 14.20, 21 including, but not limited to, monitored compliance for a reasonable time period. The Director's Order shall include notice of the respondent's right to appeal the decision, pursuant to subsection 22 23 14.20.065.B.

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D. If the Director has a reasonable belief that a notice of violation for this Chapter 14.20 also indicates a violation of Section 12A.08.060, the Director may refer the complaint to the Seattle Police Department for further investigation or to the City Attorney's Office for prosecution.

5 Section 79. Section 14.20.060 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance 6 124645, is amended as follows:

#### 7 14.20.060 ((Exercise of rights protected; retaliation prohibited)) Remedies

8 ((A. It shall be a violation for an employer or any other person to interfere with, restrain, deny, or attempt to deny the exercise of any right protected under Chapter 14.20.

10 B. It shall be a violation for an employer to take adverse action, including but not 11 limited to discharging, threatening, harassing, demoting, penalizing, or in any other manner 12 discriminating or retaliating against any person because the person has exercised in good faith the rights protected under Chapter 14.20. Such rights include but are not limited to the right to 13 14 make inquiries about the rights protected under Chapter 14.20; the right to file an oral or written 15 complaint with the Agency about any employer's alleged violation of Chapter 14.20; the right to 16 inform an employer, union or similar organization, and/or legal counsel about an employer's 17 alleged violation of Chapter 14.20; the right to cooperate with the Agency in its investigations of 18 alleged violations of Chapter 14.20; the right to oppose any policy, practice, or act that is unlawful under Chapter 14.20; and the right to inform other employees of their potential rights 19 20 under Chapter 14.20.

21 It shall be a violation for an employer to communicate to a person filing a wage <del>C.</del> claim, directly or indirectly, explicitly or implicitly, the willingness to inform a government 22 23 employee that the person is not lawfully in the United States, report or threaten to report

1	suspected citizenship or immigration status of an employee or a family member of the employee
2	to a federal, state, or local agency because the employee has exercised a right under Chapter
3	<del>14.20.</del>
4	D. It shall be considered a rebuttable presumption of retaliation if an employer takes
5	an adverse action against a person within 90 days of the person's exercise of rights protected in
6	subsections B and C of this Section 14.20.060.))
7	A. The payment of unpaid compensation, liquidated damages, civil penalties,
8	penalties payable to aggrieved parties, fines, and interest provided under this Chapter 14.20 are
9	cumulative and are not intended to be exclusive of any other available remedies, penalties, fines,
10	and procedures.
11	1. Effective January 1, 2017, the amounts of all civil penalties, penalties
12	payable to aggrieved parties, and fines contained in this Section 14.20.060 shall be increased
13	annually to reflect the rate of inflation and calculated to the nearest cent on January 1 of each
14	year thereafter. The Agency shall determine the amounts and file a schedule of such amounts
15	with the City Clerk.
16	2. If there is a remedy due to an aggrieved party, the Director may waive the
17	total amount of civil penalties and fines due to the Agency if the Director determines that the
18	respondent paid the full remedy due to the aggrieved party within ten days of service of the
19	Director's Order. The Director may waive half the amount of civil penalties and fines due to the
20	Agency if the Director determines that the respondent paid the full remedy due to the aggrieved
21	party within 15 days of service of the Director's Order. The Director shall not waive any amount
22	of civil penalties and fines due to the Agency if the Director determines that the respondent has

1	not paid the full remedy due to the aggrieved party after 15 days of service of the Director's
2	Order.
3	3. When determining the amount of liquidated damages, civil penalties,
4	penalties payable to aggrieved parties, and fines due under this Section 14.20.060, including but
5	not limited to the mitigation of civil penalties and fines due to the Agency for timely payment of
6	remedy due to an aggrieved party under subsection 14.20.060.A.2, the Director shall consider the
7	total amount of unpaid compensation, liquidated damages, penalties, fines, and interest due; the
8	nature and persistence of the violations; the extent of the respondent's culpability, the substantive
9	or technical nature of the violations; the size, revenue, and human resources capacity of the
10	respondent; the circumstances of each situation; the amounts of penalties in similar situations;
11	and other factors pursuant to rules issued by the Director.
12	B. A respondent found to be in violation of this Chapter 14.20 shall be liable for full
13	payment of unpaid compensation plus interest in favor of the aggrieved party under the terms of
14	this Chapter 14.20, and other equitable relief. For a first violation of this Chapter 14.20, the
15	Director may assess liquidated damages in an additional amount of up to twice the unpaid
16	compensation. For subsequent violations of this Chapter 14.20, the Director shall assess an
17	amount of liquidated damages in an additional amount of twice the unpaid compensation. If the
18	violation is ongoing when the Agency receives a complaint or opens an investigation, the
19	Director may order payment of amounts that accrue after receipt of the complaint or after the
20	investigation opens and before the date of the Director's Order. Interest shall accrue from the
21	date the unpaid compensation were first due at 12 percent per annum, or the maximum rate
22	permitted under RCW 19.52.020. For purposes of establishing a first and subsequent violation

1	for this Section 14.20.060, the violation must have occurred within ten years of the Director's
2	Order.
3	C. A respondent found to be in violation of this Chapter 14.20 for retaliation under
4	Section 14.20.060 shall be subject to any appropriate relief at law or equity including, but not
5	limited to reinstatement of the aggrieved party, front pay in lieu of reinstatement with full
6	payment of unpaid compensation plus interest in favor of the aggrieved party under the terms of
7	this Chapter 14.20, and liquidated damages in an additional amount of up to twice the unpaid
8	compensation. The Director also shall order the imposition of a penalty payable to the aggrieved
9	<u>party of up to \$5,000.</u>
10	D. A respondent who willfully violates the notice and posting requirements of
11	Section 14.20.025.B shall be subject to a civil penalty of \$750 for the first violation and \$1,000
12	for subsequent violations.
13	E. A respondent who willfully hinders, prevents, impedes, or interferes with the
14	Director or Hearing Examiner in the performance of their duties under this Chapter 14.20 shall
15	be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$1,000 and not more than \$5,000.
16	F. For a first violation of this Chapter 14.20, the Director may assess a civil penalty
17	of up to \$500 per aggrieved party. For a second violation of this Chapter 14.20, the Director shall
18	assess a civil penalty of up to \$1,000 per aggrieved party, or an amount equal to ten percent of
19	the total amount of unpaid compensation, whichever is greater. For a third or any subsequent
20	violation of this Chapter 14.20, the Director shall assess a civil penalty of up to \$5,000 per
21	aggrieved party, or an amount equal to ten percent of the total amount of unpaid compensation,
22	whichever is greater. The maximum civil penalty for a violation of this Chapter 14.20 shall be
23	\$20,000 per aggrieved party, or an amount equal to ten percent of the total amount of unpaid

# 1 compensation, whichever is greater. For purposes of this Section 14.20.060, a violation is a

- 2 second, third, or subsequent violation if one, two, or more than two Director's Orders,
- 3 respectively, have issued against the respondent in the ten years preceding the date of the

# 4 <u>violation; otherwise, it is a first violation.</u>

# 5

G. For the following violations, the Director may assess a fine in the amounts set

## 6 <u>forth below:</u>

Violation	Fine
Failure to provide employees with written	<u>\$500</u>
notice of rights under subsection 14.20.025.B	
Failure to provide employee with written	\$500 per aggrieved party
notice of employment information under	
subsection 14.20.025.D	
Failure to provide employees with written	\$500 per aggrieved party
notice of pay information under subsection	
<u>14.20.025.E</u>	
Failure to maintain payroll records for three	\$500 per missing record
years under subsection 14.20.030.A	
Failure to comply with prohibitions against	\$1,000 per aggrieved party
retaliation for exercising rights protected under	
Section 14.20.035	
Failure to provide notice of investigation to	<u>\$500</u>
employees under subsection 14.20.050.B.2	
Failure to provide notice of failure to comply	<u>\$500</u>

with final order to the	public under Section

# 14.20.080.A.1

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2	The fine amounts shall be increased cumulatively by 50 percent of the fine for each
3	preceding violation for each subsequent violation of the same provision by the same employer or
4	person within a ten year period. The maximum amount that may be imposed in fines in any one
5	year period for each type of violation listed above is \$5,000 unless a fine for retaliation is issued,
6	in which case the maximum amount is \$20,000.
7	H. In addition to the unpaid compensation, penalties, fines, liquidated damages, and
8	interest, the Agency may assess against the respondent in favor of the City reasonable costs
9	incurred in enforcing this Chapter 14.20, including but not limited to reasonable attorneys' fees.
10	I. An employer that is the subject of a final order for which all appeal rights have
11	been exhausted shall not be permitted to bid, or have a bid considered, on any City contract until
12	such amounts due under the final order have been paid in full to the Director. If an employer is
13	the subject of a final order two times or more within a five-year period, the contractor or
14	subcontractor shall not be allowed to bid on any City contract for two years. This subsection
15	14.20.060.I. shall be construed to provide grounds for debarment separate from, and in addition
16	to, those contained in Chapter 20.70 and shall not be governed by that chapter provided that
17	nothing in this subsection 14.16.080.I shall be construed to limit the application of Chapter
18	20.70. The Director shall notify the Director of Finance and Administrative Services of all
19	employers subject to debarment under this subsection 14.20.060.I.
20	Section 80. A new Section 14.20.065 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:
21	14.20.065 Appeal period and failure to respond

1	A. An employee or other person who claims an injury as a result of an alleged		
2	violation of this Chapter 14.20 may appeal the Determination of No Violation Shown, pursuant		
3	to the rules of the Director.		
4	B. A respondent may appeal the Director's Order, including all remedies issued		
5	pursuant to Section 14.20.060, by requesting a contested hearing before the Hearing Examiner in		
6	writing within 15 days of service of the Director's Order. If a respondent fails to appeal the		
7	Director's Order within 15 days of service, the Director's Order shall be final. If the last day of		
8	the appeal period so computed is a Saturday, Sunday, or federal or City holiday, the appeal		
9	period shall run until 5 p.m. on the next business day.		
10	Section 81. Section 14.20.070 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance		
11	124645, is amended as follows:		
12	14.20.070 ((Enforcement)) Appeal procedure and failure to appear		
13	((A. Powers and Duties		
13 14	((A. Powers and Duties 1. The Agency shall investigate charges alleging violations of Chapter 14.20		
14	1. The Agency shall investigate charges alleging violations of Chapter 14.20		
14 15	1. The Agency shall investigate charges alleging violations of Chapter 14.20 as defined herein, and shall have such powers and duties in the performance of these functions as		
14 15 16	1. The Agency shall investigate charges alleging violations of Chapter 14.20 as defined herein, and shall have such powers and duties in the performance of these functions as are defined in Chapter 14.20 and otherwise necessary and proper in the performance of the same		
14 15 16 17	1. The Agency shall investigate charges alleging violations of Chapter 14.20 as defined herein, and shall have such powers and duties in the performance of these functions as are defined in Chapter 14.20 and otherwise necessary and proper in the performance of the same and provided for by law.		
14 15 16 17 18	<ol> <li>The Agency shall investigate charges alleging violations of Chapter 14.20</li> <li>as defined herein, and shall have such powers and duties in the performance of these functions as</li> <li>are defined in Chapter 14.20 and otherwise necessary and proper in the performance of the same</li> <li>and provided for by law.</li> <li>2. The Director is authorized and directed to promulgate rules consistent with</li> </ol>		
14 15 16 17 18 19	<ol> <li>The Agency shall investigate charges alleging violations of Chapter 14.20</li> <li>as defined herein, and shall have such powers and duties in the performance of these functions as</li> <li>are defined in Chapter 14.20 and otherwise necessary and proper in the performance of the same</li> <li>and provided for by law.</li> <li>2. The Director is authorized and directed to promulgate rules consistent with</li> <li>Chapter 14.20.</li> </ol>		
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	<ul> <li>The Agency shall investigate charges alleging violations of Chapter 14.20</li> <li>as defined herein, and shall have such powers and duties in the performance of these functions as</li> <li>are defined in Chapter 14.20 and otherwise necessary and proper in the performance of the same</li> <li>and provided for by law.</li> <li>2. The Director is authorized and directed to promulgate rules consistent with</li> <li>Chapter 14.20.</li> <li>B. Charges and Investigation</li> </ul>		
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	<ul> <li>1. The Agency shall investigate charges alleging violations of Chapter 14.20</li> <li>as defined herein, and shall have such powers and duties in the performance of these functions as</li> <li>are defined in Chapter 14.20 and otherwise necessary and proper in the performance of the same</li> <li>and provided for by law.</li> <li>2. The Director is authorized and directed to promulgate rules consistent with</li> <li>Chapter 14.20.</li> <li>B. Charges and Investigation</li> <li>1. The failure of an employer to comply with any requirement imposed on an</li> </ul>		

1	dates, places, and persons or entities responsible for such violation. A charge alleging a violation
2	of Chapter 14.20 or pattern of such violations may also be filed by the Director if the Director
3	has reason to believe that any person has been engaged or is engaging in a violation of Chapter
4	<del>14.20.</del>
5	2. The Agency shall encourage reporting pursuant to this Section by keeping
6	confidential, to the maximum extent permitted by applicable laws, the name and other
7	identifying information of the employee or person reporting the violation. Provided, however,
8	that with the authorization of such person, the Agency may disclose this employee's or person's
9	name and identifying information as necessary to enforce Chapter 14.20 or for other appropriate
10	<del>purposes.</del>
11	3. Charges filed under Chapter 14.20 must be filed within three years after
12	the occurrence of the alleged violation.
13	4. The Director shall cause to be served or mailed by certified mail, return
14	receipt requested, a copy of the charge on the employer within 20 days after the filing of the
15	charge and shall promptly make an investigation thereof.
16	5. The investigation shall be directed to ascertain the facts concerning the
17	alleged violation of Chapter 14.20, and shall be conducted in an objective and impartial manner.
18	6. During the investigation the Director shall consider any statement of
19	position or evidence with respect to the allegations of the charge that the charging party or the
20	employer wishes to submit. The Director shall have the authority to sign and issue subpoenas
21	requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of evidence, including
22	but not limited to books, records, correspondence, and documents in the possession or under the
23	control of the individual or entity subpoenaed.

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C. Findings of Fact and Notice of Violation.

Except when there is an agreed upon settlement, the results of the
investigation shall be reduced to written findings of fact, and a written determination shall be
made by the Director that a violation of Chapter 14.20 has or has not occurred based on a
preponderance of the evidence before the Director. The findings of fact shall be furnished
promptly to the respondent and charging party or aggrieved party in the form of notice of
violation or a written determination of no violation shown.

8 2. If the Director has a reasonable belief that a notice of violation for Chapter
 9 14.20 also indicates a violation of Section 12.A.08.060, the Director may refer the complaint to
 10 the Seattle Police Department for further investigation or to the City Attorney's Office for
 11 prosecution.

D. Remedies

In addition to the civil penalties, provided for in this subsection
 14.20.070.D, an employer found to be in violation of Chapter 14.20 shall be subject to full
 payment of unpaid wages and tip compensation plus accrued interest due to the charging or
 aggrieved party under the terms of Chapter 14.20. If the alleged amount of unpaid wage and tip
 compensation is ongoing at the time of the filing of the charge, the Director may order payment
 of amounts that accrue after the filing of the charge and before the date of the Director's order.

19 2. An employer who willfully violates the notice and posting requirements of
 20 this Section shall be subject to a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed \$125 for the first
 21 violation and \$250 for subsequent violations.

3. An employer who willfully resists, prevents, impedes, or interferes with the Director in the performance of the Director's duties under Chapter 14.20 shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$1,000 and not more than \$5,000.

4. For a first time violation of Chapter 14.20, the Director shall issue a 5 warning and may assess, in addition to the remedies provided in subsections D.1, D.2, and D.3 of 6 this Section 14.20.070, a civil penalty of up to \$500. For subsequent violations, the Director shall 7 assess, in addition to the remedies provided in subsections D.1, D.2, and D.3 of this Section 8 14.20.070, a civil penalty as provided in this subsection 14.20.070.D.4. A civil penalty for a 9 second time violation of Chapter 14.20 shall not be greater than \$1,000 per employee or an 10 amount equal to ten percent of the total amount of unpaid wage and tip compensation, whichever 1 is greater. A civil penalty for a third violation of Chapter 14.20 shall not be greater than \$5,000 2 per employee or an amount equal to ten percent of the total amount of unpaid wage and tip 3 compensation, whichever is greater. The maximum civil penalty for a violation of Chapter 14.20 4 shall be \$20,000 per employee.

5 5. Within 60 days of a notice of violation, the Director shall confer with the 6 parties and determine the remedy due. The remedy shall be reduced to writing in an order of the 7 Director.

18 6. If any employer quits business, sells out, exchanges, or otherwise disposes
19 of the employer's business or stock of goods, any person who becomes a successor to the
20 business becomes liable for the full amount of the remedy, as defined in the Director's order,
21 against the employer's business under Chapter 14.20 if, at the time of the conveyance of the
22 business, the successor has: (a) actual knowledge of the fact and amount of the Director's order

1	or (b) a prompt, reasonable, and effective means of accessing and verifying the fact and amount			
2	of the Director's order.			
3	E. Appeal Period and Failure to Respond			
4	An employer may appeal the Director's order, including all remedies issued pursuant to			
5	subsection D, by requesting a contested hearing before the Hearing Examiner in writing within			
6	15 days of service. If an employer fails to appeal the Director's order within 15 days of service,			
7	the Director's order shall be final and enforceable. If the last day of the appeal period so			
8	computed is a Saturday, Sunday, or federal or City holiday, the appeal period shall run until 5:00			
9	pm on the next business day.			
10	F. Appeal Procedure and Failure to Appear			
11	<del>1.</del> ))			
12	<u>A.</u> Contested hearings shall be conducted pursuant to the procedures for hearing			
13	contested cases contained in Section 3.02.090 and the rules adopted by the Hearing Examiner for			
14	hearing contested cases. The review shall be conducted de novo and the ((The)) Director shall			
15	have the burden of proof by a preponderance of the evidence before the Hearing Examiner. <u>Upon</u>			
	have the burden of proof by a preponderance of the evidence before the Hearing Examiner. <u>Upon</u>			
16	have the burden of proof by a preponderance of the evidence before the Hearing Examiner. <u>Upon</u> <u>establishing such proof, the remedies and penalties imposed by the Director shall be upheld</u>			
16 17				
	establishing such proof, the remedies and penalties imposed by the Director shall be upheld			
17	establishing such proof, the remedies and penalties imposed by the Director shall be upheld unless it is shown that the Director abused discretion. Failure to appear for a contested hearing			
17 18	establishing such proof, the remedies and penalties imposed by the Director shall be upheld unless it is shown that the Director abused discretion. Failure to appear for a contested hearing will result in an order being entered finding that the employer committed the violation stated in			
17 18 19	establishing such proof, the remedies and penalties imposed by the Director shall be upheld unless it is shown that the Director abused discretion. Failure to appear for a contested hearing will result in an order being entered finding that the employer committed the violation stated in the Director's order. For good cause shown and upon terms the Hearing Examiner deems just, the			

1	((3. If an employer fails to comply with any final order issued by the Director			
2	or the Hearing Examiner, the Director shall refer the matter to the City Attorney for the filing of			
3	a civil action in King County Superior Court, the Seattle Municipal Court, or any other court of			
4	competent jurisdiction to enforce such order.			
5	4. If prompt compliance with the remedy, as defined in a Director's order for			
6	which all appeal rights have been exhausted, is not forthcoming, the Director may request that			
7	the City's Department of Finance and Administrative Services refuse to issue, refuse to renew, or			
8	revoke any business license held or requested by the employer or person until such time as the			
9	employer complies with the remedy as defined in a Director's order. The City's Department of			
10	Finance and Administrative Services shall have the authority to refuse to issue, refuse to renew,			
11	or revoke any business license in accordance with this subsection 14.20.070.F.4.))			
12	Section 82. A new Section 14.20.075 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:			
13	14.20.075 Appeal from Hearing Examiner order			
14	A. The respondent may obtain judicial review of the decision of the Hearing			
15	Examiner by applying for a Writ of Review in the King County Superior Court within 30 days			
16	from the date of the decision in accordance with the procedure set forth in Chapter 7.16 RCW,			
17	other applicable law, and court rules.			
18	B. The decision of the Hearing Examiner shall be final and conclusive unless review			
19	is sought in compliance with this Section 14.20.075.			
20	Section 83. Section 14.20.080 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance			
21	124645, is amended as follows:			
22	14.20.080 ((Severability)) Failure to comply with final order			

1	((The provisions of Chapter 14.20 are declared to be separate and severable. If any clause,			
2	sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section, subsection or portion of Chapter 14.20, or the			
3	application thereof to any employer, employee, or circumstance, is held to be invalid, it shall not			
4	affect the validity of the remainder of Chapter 14.20, or the validity of its application to other			
5	persons or circumstances.))			
6	A. If a respondent fails to comply within 30 days of service of any settlement			
7	agreement with the Agency, or with any final order issued by the Director or the Hearing			
8	Examiner for which all appeal rights have been exhausted, the Agency may pursue, but is not			
9	limited to, the following measures to secure compliance:			
10	1. The Director may require the respondent to post public notice of the			
11	respondent's failure to comply in a form and manner determined by the Agency.			
12	2. The Director may refer the matter to a collection agency. The cost to the City			
13	for the collection services will be assessed as costs, at the rate agreed to between the City and the			
14	collection agency, and added to the amounts due.			
15	3. The Director may refer the matter to the City Attorney for the filing of a civil			
16	action in King County Superior Court, the Seattle Municipal Court, or any other court of			
17	competent jurisdiction to enforce such order or to collect amounts due. In the alternative, the			
18	Director may seek to enforce a Director's Order or a final order of the Hearing Examiner under			
19	Section 14.20.085.			
20	4. The Director may request that the City's Department of Finance and			
21	Administrative Services deny, suspend, refuse to renew, or revoke any business license held or			
22	requested by the employer or person until such time as the employer complies with the remedy			
23	as defined in the settlement agreement or final order. The City's Department of Finance and			

### 1 Administrative Services shall have the authority to deny, refuse to renew, or revoke any business license in accordance with this subsection 14.20.080.A.4. 2 No respondent that is the subject of a final order issued under this Chapter 14.20 3 B. shall quit business, sell out, exchange, convey, or otherwise dispose of the respondent's business 4 5 or stock of goods without first notifying the Agency and without first notifying the respondent's successor of the amounts owed under the final order at least three business days prior to such 6 7 transaction. At the time the respondent quits business, or sells out, exchanges, or otherwise disposes of the respondent's business or stock of goods, the full amount of the remedy, as 8 9 defined in a final order issued by the Director or the Hearing Examiner, shall become 10 immediately due and payable. If the amount due under the final order is not paid by respondent within ten days from the date of such sale, exchange, conveyance, or disposal, the successor shall 11 12 become liable for the payment of the amount due, provided that the successor has actual 13 knowledge of the order and the amounts due or has prompt, reasonable, and effective means of accessing and verifying the fact and amount of the order and the amounts due. The successor 14 shall withhold from the purchase price a sum sufficient to pay the amount of the full remedy. 15 When the successor makes such payment, that payment shall be deemed a payment upon the 16 purchase price in the amount paid, and if such payment is greater in amount than the purchase 17 18 price the amount of the difference shall become a debt due such successor from the employer. Section 84. A new Section 14.20.085 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows: 19 20 14.20.085 Debt owed The City of Seattle A. All monetary amounts due under the Director's Order shall be a debt owed to the 21 City and may be collected in the same manner as any other debt in like amount, which remedy 22

23 shall be in addition to all other existing remedies, provided that amounts collected by the City for

unpaid compensation, liquidated damages, penalties payable to aggrieved parties, or front pay
 shall be held in trust by the City for the aggrieved party and, once collected by the City, shall be
 paid by the City to the aggrieved party.

B. If a respondent fails to appeal a Director's Order to the Hearing Examiner within 4 5 the time period set forth in subsection 14.20.065.B the Director's Order shall be final, and the 6 Director may petition the Seattle Municipal Court to enforce the Director's Order by entering 7 judgment in favor of the City finding that the respondent has failed to exhaust its administrative remedies and that all amounts and relief contained in the order are due. The Director's Order 8 9 shall constitute prima facie evidence that a violation occurred and shall be admissible without 10 further evidentiary foundation. Any certifications or declarations authorized under RCW 9A.72.085 containing evidence that the respondent has failed to comply with the order or any 11 12 parts thereof, and is therefore in default, or that the respondent has failed to appeal the Director's Order to the Hearing Examiner within the time period set forth in subsection 14.20.065.B and 13 therefore has failed to exhaust the respondent's administrative remedies, shall also be admissible 14 15 without further evidentiary foundation.

С. If a respondent fails to obtain judicial review of an order of the Hearing Examiner 16 17 within the time period set forth in subsection 14.20.075.A, the order of the Hearing Examiner 18 shall be final, and the Director may petition the Seattle Municipal Court to enforce the Director's Order by entering judgment in favor of the City for all amounts and relief due under the order of 19 20 the Hearing Examiner. The order of the Hearing Examiner shall constitute conclusive evidence that the violations contained therein occurred and shall be admissible without further evidentiary 21 foundation. Any certifications or declarations authorized under RCW 9A.72.085 containing 22 23 evidence that the respondent has failed to comply with the order or any parts thereof, and is

therefore in default, or that the respondent has failed to avail itself of judicial review in
 accordance with subsection 14.20.075.A, shall also be admissible without further evidentiary
 foundation.

D. In considering matters brought under subsections 14.20.085.B and 14.20.085.C,
the Municipal Court may include within its judgment all terms, conditions, and remedies
contained in the Director's Order or the order of the Hearing Examiner, whichever is applicable,
that are consistent with the provisions of this Chapter 14.20.

8 Section 85. Section 14.20.090 of the Seattle Municipal Code, enacted by Ordinance
9 124645, is amended as follows:

# 10 **14.20.090** ((Other legal requirements)) Private right of action

11 ((Chapter 14.20 defines wage and tip compensation requirements for employees 12 performing work within City limits and shall not be construed to preempt, limit, or otherwise 13 affect the applicability of any other law, regulation, requirement, policy, or standard that provides for greater requirements; and nothing in Chapter 14.20 shall be interpreted or applied so 14 15 as to create any power or duty in conflict with federal or state law. Nor shall Chapter 14.20 be 16 construed to preclude any person aggrieved from seeking judicial review of any final 17 administrative decision or order made under Chapter 14.20 affecting such person.)) 18 Effective April 1, 2016, for claims against employers that employ 50 or more A. employees and effective April 1, 2017 for claims against employers that employ fewer than 50 19 20 employees, any person or class of persons that suffers financial injury as a result of a violation of this Chapter 14.20 or is the subject of prohibited retaliation under Section 14.20.035, may bring a 21

22 <u>civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction against the employer or other person violating</u>

23 this Chapter 14.20 and, upon prevailing, may be awarded reasonable attorney fees and costs and

1	such legal or equitable relief as may be appropriate to remedy the violation including, without		
2	limitation, the payment of any unpaid compensation plus interest due to the person and		
3	liquidated damages in an additional amount of up to twice the unpaid compensation; a penalty		
4	payable to any aggrieved party of up to \$5,000 if the aggrieved party was subject to prohibited		
5	retaliation. Interest shall accrue from the date the unpaid compensation were first due at 12		
6	percent per annum, or the maximum rate permitted under RCW 19.52.020.		
7	B. For purposes of determining employer size for this Section 14.20.090,		
8	1. An employee who is not covered by this Chapter 14.20 shall be included		
9	in any determination of employer size.		
10	2. Employer size for the current calendar year will be calculated based upon		
11	the average number per calendar week of employees who worked for compensation during the		
12	preceding calendar year for any and all weeks during which at least one employee worked for		
13	compensation. For employers that did not have any employees during the previous calendar year,		
14	the employer size will be calculated based upon the average number per calendar week of		
15	employees who worked for compensation during the first 90 calendar days of the current year in		
16	which the employer engaged in business.		
17	3. All employees who worked for compensation shall be counted, including		
18	but not limited to:		
19	a. Employees who worked inside the City;		
20	b. Employees who worked outside the City; and		
21	c. Employees who worked in full-time employment, part-time		
22	employment, joint employment, temporary employment, or through the services of a temporary		
23	services or staffing agency or similar entity.		

1	4. Separate entities that form an integrated enterprise shall be considered a			
2	single employer under this Chapter 14.20. Separate entities will be considered an integrated			
3	enterprise and a single employer under this Chapter 14.20 where a separate entity controls the			
4	operation of another entity. The factors to consider in making this assessment include, but are not			
5	limited to:			
6	a. Degree of interrelation between the operations of multiple entities;			
7	b. Degree to which the entities share common management;			
8	c. Centralized control of labor relations; and			
9	d. Degree of common ownership or financial control over the entities.			
10	C. For purposes of this Section 14.20.090, "person" includes any entity a member of			
11	which has suffered financial injury or retaliation, or any other individual or entity acting on			
12	behalf of an aggrieved party that has suffered financial injury or retaliation.			
13	D. For purposes of determining membership within a class of persons entitled to			
14	bring an action under this Section 14.20.090, two or more employees are similarly situated if			
15	they:			
16	1. Are or were employed by the same employer or employers, whether			
17	concurrently or otherwise, at some point during the applicable statute of limitations period,			
18	2. Allege one or more violations that raise similar questions as to liability,			
19	and			
20	3. Seek similar forms of relief.			
21	E. For purposes of subsection 14.20.090.D, employees shall not be considered			
22	dissimilar solely because their			
23	1. Claims seek damages that differ in amount, or			

2. Job titles or other means of classifying employees differ in ways that are unrelated to their claims

# Section 86. A new Section 14.20.095 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:

# 14.20.095 Other legal requirements

This Chapter 14.20 defines requirements for compensation owed by reason of
employment to employees performing work within City limits and shall not be construed to
preempt, limit, or otherwise affect the applicability of any other law, regulation, requirement,
policy, or standard that provides for greater requirements; and nothing in this Chapter 14.20 shall
be interpreted or applied so as to create any power or duty in conflict with federal or state law.
Nor shall this Chapter 14.20 be construed to preclude any person aggrieved from seeking judicial
review of any final administrative decision or order made under this Chapter 14.20 affecting
such person.

Section 87. A new Section 14.20.100 is added to the Seattle Municipal Code as follows:

# 14.20.100 Severability

The provisions of this Chapter 14.20 are declared to be separate and severable. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section, subsection, or portion of this Chapter 14.20, or the application thereof to any employer, employee, or circumstance, is held to be invalid, it shall not affect the validity of the remainder of this Chapter 14.20, or the validity of its application to other persons or circumstances.

20 Section 88. Section 3.14.931 of the Seattle Municipal Code, last amended by Ordinance
21 123698, is amended as follows:

# 22 **3.14.931 Seattle Human Rights Commission – Duties**

The Seattle Human Rights Commission shall act in an advisory capacity to the Mayor, City
Council, Office for Civil Rights, and other City departments in respect to matters affecting
human rights and in furtherance thereof shall have the following specific responsibilities:
A. To consult with and make recommendations to the Director of the Office for
Civil Rights and other City departments and officials with regard to the development of
programs for the promotion of equality, justice, and understanding among all citizens of the
City;

B. To consult with and make recommendations to the Director of the Office for
Civil Rights with regard to problems arising in the City which may result in discrimination
because of race, religion, creed, color, national origin, sex, marital status, parental status,
sexual orientation, gender identity, political ideology, age, ancestry, the presence of any
sensory, mental, or physical disability, the possession or use of a Section 8 rent certificate, or
the use of a trained guide or service dog by a handicapped person, and to make such
investigations and hold such hearings as may be necessary to identify such problems;

C. As appropriate, recommend policies to all departments and offices of the City in matters affecting civil rights and equal opportunity, and recommend legislation for the implementation of such policies;

D. Encourage understanding between all protected classes and the larger Seattle community, through long range projects;

E. Hear appeals and hearings as set forth in Chapters 14.04 ((,)) and 14.08 ((, and 14.16-)) of the Seattle Municipal Code ((,));

F. Report on a semi-annual basis to the Mayor and the City Council. The reports shall include an annual or semi-annual work\_plan, a briefing of the Commission's public

8

9

involvement process for soliciting community and citizen input in framing their annual work
 plans, and updates on the work\_plans; and

G. Meet on a quarterly basis through a designated representative with the Seattle
Women's Commission, the Seattle LGBT (Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender) Commission,
and the Seattle Commission for People with Disabilities to ensure coordination and joint project
development.

Section 89. Subsection 5.55.230.A of the Seattle Municipal Code, which section was last amended by Ordinance 124808, is amended as follows:

5.55.230 Denial, revocation of, or refusal to renew business license tax certificate

10 A. The Director, or the Director's designee, has the power and authority to deny, revoke, or refuse to renew any business license tax certificate or amusement device license 11 12 issued under the provisions of this ((chapter)) Chapter 5.55. The Director, or the Director's designee, shall notify such applicant or licensee in writing by mail in accordance with ((section)) 13 Section 5.55.180 of the denial, revocation of, or refusal to renew the license and on what grounds 14 15 such a decision was based. The Director may deny, revoke, or refuse to renew any business 16 license tax certificate or other license issued under this chapter on one or more of the following 17 grounds:

181.The license was procured by fraud or false representation of fact.192.The licensee has failed to comply with any provisions of this Chapter 5.55.203.The licensee has failed to comply with any provisions of Chapters 5.32,215.35, 5.40, 5.45, 5.46, 5.48, or 5.52.

4. The licensee is in default in any payment of any license fee or tax under
Title 5 or Title 6.

1	5. The property at which the business is located has been determined by a			
2	court to be a chronic nuisance property as provided in Chapter 10.09.			
3	6. The applicant or licensee has been convicted of theft under ((Section))			
4	subsection 12A.08.060.A.4 within the last ten years.			
5	7. The applicant or licensee is a person subject within the last ten years to a			
6	court order entering final judgment for violations of RCW 49.46, 49.48, or 49.52, or 29 U.S.C.			
7	206 or 29 U.S.C. 207 and the judgment was not satisfied within 30 days of the later of either:			
8	a. the expiration of the time for filing an appeal from the final			
9	judgment order under the court rules in effect at the time of the final judgment order; or			
10	b. if a timely appeal is made, the date of the final resolution of that			
11	appeal and any subsequent appeals resulting in final judicial affirmation of the findings of			
12	violations of RCW 49.46, 49.48, or 49.52 or 29 U.S.C. 206 or 29 U.S.C. 207.			
13	8. The applicant or licensee is a person subject within the last ten years to a			
14	final and binding citation and notice of assessment from the Washington Department of Labor			
15	and Industries for violations of RCW 49.46, 49.48 or 49.52, and the citation amount and			
16	penalties assessed therewith were not satisfied within 30 days of the date the citation became			
17	final and binding.			
18	9. Pursuant to subsections $((14.20.070.F.6,))$ <u>14.16.100.A.4, 14.17.075.A.4,</u>			
19	14.19.100.A.4, and 14.20.080.A.4, the applicant or licensee has failed to ((promptly)) comply			
20	((with a)) within 30 days of service of any settlement agreement, any final order issued by the			
21	Division Director of the Office of Labor Standards within the Office for Civil Rights, or any			
22	final order issued by the Hearing Examiner ((final order by the Division Director of the Office of			
23	Labor Standards within the Office for Civil Rights issued)) under ((Chapter 14.20,)) Chapters			

1	14.16, 14.17, 14.19 and 14.20, for which all appeal rights have been exhausted, and the Division			
2	Director of the Office of Labor Standards within the Office for Civil Rights has requested that			
3	the Director ((refuse to issue,)) deny, refuse to renew, or revoke any business license held or			
4	requested by the applicant or licensee. The ((refusal to issue,)) denial, refusal to renew, or			
5	revocation shall remain in effect until such time as the violation(s) under ((Chapter 14.20 is))			
6	Chapters 14.16, 14.17, 14.19, and 14.20 are remedied.			
7	10. The business is one that requires a license under Title VI and is operating			
8	without one or cannot lawfully obtain one at the time of its application.			
9	11. The business has been determined under a separate enforcement process to			
10	be operating in violation of law.			
11	* * *			
12				

1	Section 90. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force 30 days after its approval b		
2	the Mayor, but if not approved and returned by the Mayor within ten days after presentation, it		
3	shall take effect as provided by Seattle Municipal Code Section 1.04.020.		
4	Passed by the City Council the	day of	, 2015, and
5	signed by me in open session in authen	ntication of its passage this	
6	day of,	2015.	
7			
8	_		
9	Р	President of the City Council	
10			
11	Approved by me this day	of, 2015.	
12			
13	_		
14	E	dward B. Murray, Mayor	
15			
16	Filed by me this day of	, 2015.	
17			
18	_		_
19	N	Ionica Martinez Simmons, City Clerk	
20			
21			
22	(Seal)		
23			